# PART 1 - CITES QUESTIONS

Note: Part 1 is composed exclusively of the questions included in the CITES Biennial Report format, approved at the 13<sup>th</sup> meeting of the Conference of the Parties to CITES, October 2004.

\* Document as discussed and agreed at COM 34 held on 14 June 2005.

## A. General information

Party	SLOVENIA
Period covered in this report:	1 January 2005 to 31 December 2006
Details of agency preparing this report	Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning
	Dunajska 48, SI-1000 Ljubljana
Contributing agencies, organizations or individuals	Environmental Agency of the Republic of Slovenia
	Vojkova 1b, SI-1000 Ljubljana
	Institute of the Republic of Slovenia for Nature
	Conservation
	Dunajska 22, SI-1000 Ljubljana
	Customs Administration of the Republic of Slovenia
	General Customs Directorate
	Šmartinska 55, SI-1000 Ljubljana

# **B.** Legislative and regulatory measures

1	Has information on CITES-relevant legislation already been provided under the CITES National Legislation Project? If yes, ignore questions 2, 3 and 4.	Yes (fully) Yes (partly) No No information/unknown	
2	If your country has planned, drafted or enacted any CITES-relevant legis details:		ng
	Title and date: Status:		
	Ordinance on breeding of species of wild Adopted on 12 July 200 animal species for which a permit is not Republic of Slovenia, N required		
	Title and date: Status:		
	Decree on the course of conduct and protection In preparation To be add measures in the trade in animal and plant September 2007. species	opted by the Government by 30	
	Brief description of contents:		
	The new <i>Decree on the course of conduct and protection measures in a</i> will replace the existing regulation from 2004 with certain updates in acc Commission Regulation (EC) No. 865/2006 (e.g. registration of caviar p etc.). The current Decree lays down the course of conduct and protection animal and plant species protected under the regulations governing the species, the conditions for breeding specimens of wild animal species protected, disposal of seized and confiscated scientists and scientific institutions, competencies of authorities and s existing solutions will be improved.	cordance with the requirements of producers, travelling exhibitions, measures in the trade in specime protection of wild animal and cies and for artificially propag specimens, registration of bree anctions. With new regulation	of the pets ns of plant ating eders,
3	Is enacted legislation available in one of the working languages of the Convention?	Yes No No information	
4	If yes, please attach a copy of the full legislative text or key legislative provisions that were gazetted.	legislation attached provided previously not available, will send later	
5	Which of the following issues are addressed by any stricter domestic mea your country has adopted for CITES-listed species (in accordance with Article XIV of the Convention)?	asures that Tick all applicable	

		The condit	ions for:	The	complete	prohibition of:
Issue	Yes	No	No information	Yes	No	No information
Trade				$\square$		
Taking				$\boxtimes$		
Possession				$\boxtimes$		
Transport						
Other (specify)						
Additional comments	А	summary of	of stricter domestic r	neasures is	s provided	in Annex I

# 6 What were the results of any review or assessment of the effectiveness of CITES Tick all applicable legislation, with regard to the following items?

Item	Adequate	Inadequate	Inadequate	No information
Powers of CITES authorities				
Clarity of legal obligations	$\square$			
Control over CITES trade	$\square$			
Consistency with existing policy on wildlife management and use				$\boxtimes$
Coverage of law for all types of offences				
Coverage of law for all types of penalties				
Implementing regulations				
Coherence within legislation				$\square$
Other (please specify):				
<ul> <li>Several studies on the effectiveness of Regulations have been carried out durin</li> <li>Garstecki, T (2006): Implement Member States of the Europeat Brussels, Belgium</li> <li><u>http://ec.europa.eu/environment/cite</u></li> <li>Study on Enforcement of the Helgium</li> <li><u>http://ec.europa.eu/environment/cite</u></li> <li>Kecse Nagy, K., Papp, D.; Knat Europe. A Revew of CITES I Hungary</li> <li><u>http://www.traffic.org/content/801.</u></li> </ul>	ng the reporting pontation of Article n Union. A TRA es/pdf/studies/sand EU Wildlife Trade es/pdf/studies/enfor app, A.; Von Melle mplementation in pdf	eriod: 16, Council Reg FFIC Europe Rej <u>ctions_wildlife_tr</u> e Regulations in t <u>prcement_trade.pr</u> porn, S. (2006). W 15 Countries, T	gulation (EC) No port for the Euro ade.pdf he EU 25 (2006 df 'ildlife Trade in RAFFIC Europe	<ul> <li>b), Milleu, Brussels,</li> <li>c), Milleu, Brussels,</li> <li>c), Central and Eastern</li> <li>c) Report, Budapest,</li> </ul>
If no review or assessment has taken pl reporting period?	ace, is one planne	d for the next	Yes No No	
Please provide details if available:	.1 . 6 .11			11 1. 1.1
Has there been any review of legislation relation to implementation of the Conve		-		ll applicable
Subject		Yes	No	No information
Access to or ownership of natural resou	irces			
Harvesting				

	Transporting of live specimens
	Handling and housing of live specimens
	Please provide details if available:
	Several reports and studies related to the implementation of CITES and certain CITES listed species have been carried out during the reporting period:
	<ul> <li>Kecse Nagy, K., Papp, D.; Knapp, A., Von Melborn, S. (2006). Wildlife Trade in Central and Eastern Europe. A Revew of CITES Implementation in 15 Countries, TRAFFIC Europe Report, Budapest, Hungary</li> <li><u>http://www.traffic.org/content/801.pdf</u></li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Knap, A. (2006): Bear Necessities. An Analasys of Bear Management and Trade in Selected States of the European Union's Role in the Trophy Trade, TRAFFIC Europe Report for the European Commission, Brussels Belgium <u>http://www.traffic.org/content/289.pdf</u></li> </ul>
)	Please provide details of any additional measures taken:

# C. Compliance and enforcement measures

		Yes	No	No information
1	Have any of the following compliance monitoring operations been un	dertaken?		
	Review of reports and other information provided by traders and producers:			
	Inspections of traders, producers, markets	$\boxtimes$		
	Border controls	$\boxtimes$		
	Other (specify)			
2	Have any administrative measures (e.g., fines, bans, suspensions) been imposed for CITES-related violations?	$\boxtimes$		
3	If Yes, please indicate how many and for what types of violations? If Annex.	available, p	lease attach	details as
4	Have any significant seizures, confiscations and forfeitures of CITES specimens been made?			

5	If information available:		Number
	Significant seizures/confiscations		
	Total seizures/confiscations		
	If possible, please specify per group of species or attach details on annex.	200	05: 45 cases
	In 2005 and 2006 customs officers confiscated skeletons of more than 500 str corals (Scleractinia spp., <i>Tubipora musica, Heliopora coerulea, Acropora</i> sp shells of Giant clam ( <i>Tridacna</i> spp.) and Queen conch ( <i>Strombus gigas</i> ). Ille shipments of Date mussel ( <i>Lithophaga lithophaga</i> ) were also detected. In two ca customs reported on illegal import of caviar ( <i>Huso huso, Acipenser gueldenstaedi</i> In 2006 the customs officers detected several cases of illegal import of tortoi ( <i>Testudo hermanni, T. graeca</i> ) at several road border ports with Croatia (Obre: Petrina, Jelšane, Starod). Customs officers at Ljubljana International Airport sei and confiscated a number of parts and derivatives of CITES appendix I, II and species (small reptilian leather products, bottles containing snakes in alcohol, skin A number of illegal imports of traditional Chinese medicine (TCM) were detected the Brnik Airport and at Customs post office. Those shipments contained parts specimens of CITES listed species ( <i>Panthera pardus, Moschus</i> spp., <i>Ursus arc</i> : <i>Saussurea costus, Pterocarpus santalinus, Echinopsis spp., Panax quinquefolia</i> They also detected hunting trophies and parts of mammals ( <i>Ursus arc</i> : <i>Elephantidae spp.</i> ). At the Customs post office several illegal parcels with I specimens of orchids ( <i>Vanda spp., Cattleya spp.</i> ) were seized. In all cases, the border customs offices asked the Management Authority to verify i seized specimens belong to CITES listed species. If the Management Authority established, on the basis of the opinion of the Scientific Authority, that the specime question did not belong to CITES species, the shipment was released. Where violation of the Convention had been approved, customs officers seized the specim and the owners renounced them to the benefit of the State. In some cases a crim procedure has been instigated against the offender.	tony 200 op.), egal ases <i>htii</i> ). bises ežje, ized d III ins). ed at s of <i>ctos</i> , <i>ius</i> ). <i>ctos</i> , live if the y had ens in e the imens	06: 30 cases
	Please see attached document of summary of seizures/confiscations in Annex II.		
6	Have there been any criminal prosecutions of significant CITES- related violations?		
7	If Yes, how many and for what types of violations? If available, please attach deta	ails as Anr	lex.
	During the reporting period, 5 criminal reports were imposed against 13 offenders	5.	
	<ul> <li>In 2005:</li> <li>one criminal procedure was imposed against the offender for illegal import medicine which contained parts of CITES species (leopard bones and must In 2006 following criminal procedures were imposed against the offenders:</li> <li>one for illegal import of brown bear skull (<i>Ursus arctos</i>)</li> <li>one for illegal import of 18 live herman's tortoises (<i>Testudo hermanni</i>)</li> <li>one against eight offenders for smuggling and illegal trade in Date mussel</li> </ul>	sk)	
8	Have there been any other court actions of CITES-related Violations?		
9	If Yes, what were the violations involved and what were the results? Please attach details	s as Annex	
	A criminal procedure has been instigated against one offender for keeping in captal number of CITES Appendix II specimens of reptiles (Annex A and B EC 338 Criminal Police and competent inspections was carried out in 2006. The case is not	8/97). Hou	ise search by the

10	How were the confiscated specimens generally disposed of?	Tick if a	pplicable
	<ul> <li>Return to country of export</li> </ul>		$\boxtimes$
	<ul> <li>Public zoos or botanical gardens</li> </ul>		$\boxtimes$
	<ul> <li>Designated rescue centres</li> </ul>		$\boxtimes$
	<ul> <li>Approved, private facilities</li> </ul>		
	– Euthanasia		
	– Other (specify)		$\boxtimes$
	Comments:		
	In most cases dead specimens (parts or derivatives) were seized. Such specime Customs. After the case is concluded, the goods can be used by the Manu- information (exhibitions etc.) or educational purposes (training of enforcement criminal procedure against the offender was imposed, the Management Auth about the final court decisions on disposal of specimens. After the conclusion normally given to the Nature History Museum. In few cases where live tortoises have been seized at the border with Croatian	agement Authority font officials). In the canority usually is not in n of the case, the good	or public se where informed ods were
	returned to the wild in the country of origin (Croatia). Has your country provided to the Secretariat detailed information on significant	Vac	
11	cases of illegal trade (e.g. through an ECOMESSAGE or other means), or	No	$\square$
	information on convicted illegal traders and persistent offenders?	Not applicable	
		No information	
	Comments:		
12	Has your country been involved in cooperative enforcement activities with	Yes	$\square$
	other countries	No	
	(e.g. exchange of intelligence, technical support, investigative assistance, joint operation, etc.)?	No information	
13	If Yes, please give a brief description:		
	• Slovenia – Germany / illegal trade in Chameleons:		
	In 2006, the Management Authority was informed by the Criminal Police (Intakey suspect in theft of larger number of chameleons ( <i>Phelsuma</i> spp.) in Germon the Prevention of Illegal Trade in Wildlife decided about the action to be out a search of suspect's property at several different locations. A high numb of chameleons, tortoises, snakes etc.) were found at the property. The case has is in process.	hany. The National Co taken. Criminal Polic er of reptiles (several	ommittee e carried hundred
	<ul> <li>Slovenia – Italy – Croatia / illegal trade in Date mussel:</li> </ul>		
	In 2005, the Criminal Police and Customs Intelligence Service carried out a with Italian and Croatian Authorities against an international criminal networ Date mussel ( <i>Lithophaga lithophaga</i> ). 12 persons were under investigation and imposed against them. The case is in process.	k dealing with illegal	l trade in
	• Slovenia – Croatia – Germany		
	In 2006, Slovene customs seized 18 live Herman's tortoises that were smuggl Germany. Slovenian MA and Police informed German authorities about the case two suspects were caught on their return. They were sentenced by Slovenian co and a fine.	e. By exchange of inte	elligence,
14	Has your country offered any incentives to local communities to assist in the	Yes	
	enforcement of CITES legislation, e.g. leading to the arrest and conviction of	No	$\boxtimes$
	offenders?	No information	
15	If Yes, please describe:		
15		Yes	
10	Has there been any review or assessment of CITES-related enforcement?		
		No	
		Not applicable	
		No information	

Comments:
Several studies on enforcement of CITES and related legislation covering Slovenia have been carried or during the reporting period:
• Study on Enforcement of the EU Wildlife Trade Regulations in the EU 25 (2006), Milleu, Brusse Belgium
http://ec.europa.eu/environment/cites/pdf/studies/enforcement_trade.pdf
<ul> <li>Kecse Nagy, K., Papp, D.; Knapp, A., Von Melborn, S. (2006). Wildlife Trade in Central and Easte Europe. A Review of CITES Implementation in 15 Countries, TRAFFIC Europe Report, Budape Hungary</li> </ul>
http://www.traffic.org/content/801.pdf
<ul> <li>Parry-Jones, R., Knapp, A. (eds.) (2005): Country profiles compiled for the EU Wildlife Tra Enforcement Co-ordination Workshop, 25-27 October 2005, UK. Defra, London, UK</li> <li>www.defra.gov.uk</li> </ul>
Please provide details of any additional measures taken:

#### **D.** Administrative measures

# D1 Management Authority (MA)

1	Have there been any changes in the designation of or contact information for the MA(s) in your country which are not yet reflected in the CITES Directory? If Yes, please use the opportunity to provide those changes here.	Yes No No information	
3	If there is more than one MA in your country, has a lead MA been	Yes	
5	designated?	No	Ë
		No information	
4	If Yes, please name that MA and indicate whether it is identified as the lead		ctory.
	Ministry of the Environment and Physical Planning		j-
	Dunajska cesta 48		
	P.O. Box 653		
	SI-1000 LJUBLJANA		
	Tel: +386 (1) 478 74 00 Fax: +386 (1) 478 74 22		
	Email: gp.mop@gov.si		
	Lead MA – does not issue CITES documents.		
5	How many staff work in each MA?		
	1 person at the Ministry of the Environment and Physical Planning		
	2 persons at the Environmental Agency of the Republic of Slovenia		
6	Can you estimate the percentage of time they spend on CITES related	Yes	$\boxtimes$
	matters?	No	
	If yes, please give estimation	No information	
	App. 75 %		
_			
7	What are the skills/expertise of staff within the MA(s)?	Tick if a	pplicable
	– Administration		$\boxtimes$
	– Biology		$\boxtimes$
	– Economics/trade		
	– Law/policy		$\square$

	– Other (specify)	$\boxtimes$
	1. International Conservation Law, Organisations and Policy (Specialisation)	
	2. Conservation, Management and Control of Species in International Trade (Master Degree)	
	3. Biology - Ecology and Systematics (Master Degree)	
	– No information	
8	Have the MA(s) undertaken or supported any research activities in relation to CITES species or technical issues (e.g. labelling, tagging, speciesYes No	
	identification) not covered in D2(8) and D2(9)? No information	

<ul> <li>9 If Yes, please give the species name and provide details of the kind of research involved.</li> <li>1. <ul> <li>Species: Ursus arctos</li> <li>Project title: Analysis of the contents of the alimentary canal of Brown bear specimens taken frowild</li> <li>Amount: 2,355 EURO</li> <li>Project duration: 18.10.2006 – 31.01.2007</li> <li>Objectives: The aim of the project is to gain information on brown bear's diet in the wild a habituation to anthropogenous food sources.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. <ul> <li>Species: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx</li> <li>Project title: Conservation genetics of Brown bear, Lynx and Red deer in Slovenia</li> <li>Amount: 162,974 EUR (Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning, Ministry for Agricu Forestry and Food and Ministry for Education, Science and Sports )</li> <li>Project duration: Februar 2004 – January 2007</li> <li>Objectives: Aplicative research project – use of molecular biology in management of populatio large mammals in Slovenia.</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. <ul> <li>Species: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li>Project title. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> <li>Amount: 8,896 EUR</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Species: Ursus arctos</li> <li>Project title: Analysis of the contents of the alimentary canal of Brown bear specimens taken frowild</li> <li>Amount: 2,355 EURO</li> <li>Project duration: 18.10.2006 – 31.01.2007</li> <li>Objectives: The aim of the project is to gain information on brown bear's diet in the wild a habituation to anthropogenous food sources.</li> <li>Species: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx</li> <li>Project title: Conservation genetics of Brown bear, Lynx and Red deer in Slovenia</li> <li>Amount: 162,974 EUR (Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning, Ministry for Agricu Forestry and Food and Ministry for Education, Science and Sports )</li> <li>Project duration: Februar 2004 – January 2007</li> <li>Objectives: Aplicative research project – use of molecular biology in management of populatio large mammals in Slovenia.</li> <li>Species: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li>Project title. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Project title</u>: Analysis of the contents of the alimentary canal of Brown bear specimens taken frowild</li> <li><u>Amount</u>: 2,355 EURO</li> <li><u>Project duration</u>: 18.10.2006 – 31.01.2007</li> <li><u>Objectives</u>: The aim of the project is to gain information on brown bear's diet in the wild a habituation to anthropogenous food sources.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx</li> <li><u>Project title</u>: Conservation genetics of Brown bear, Lynx and Red deer in Slovenia</li> <li><u>Amount</u>: 162,974 EUR (Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning, Ministry for Agricu Forestry and Food and Ministry for Education, Science and Sports )</li> <li><u>Project duration</u>: Februar 2004 – January 2007</li> <li><u>Objectives</u>: Aplicative research project – use of molecular biology in management of populatio large mammals in Slovenia.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li><u>Project title</u>. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>wild</li> <li><u>Amount</u>: 2,355 EURO</li> <li><u>Project duration</u>: 18.10.2006 – 31.01.2007</li> <li><u>Objectives</u>: The aim of the project is to gain information on brown bear's diet in the wild a habituation to anthropogenous food sources.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: <i>Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx</i></li> <li><u>Project title</u>: Conservation genetics of Brown bear, Lynx and Red deer in Slovenia</li> <li><u>Amount</u>: 162,974 EUR (Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning, Ministry for Agricu Forestry and Food and Ministry for Education, Science and Sports )</li> <li><u>Project duration</u>: Februar 2004 – January 2007</li> <li><u>Objectives</u>: Aplicative research project – use of molecular biology in management of populatio large mammals in Slovenia.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li><u>Project title</u>. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Project duration: 18.10.2006 – 31.01.2007</li> <li><u>Objectives</u>: The aim of the project is to gain information on brown bear's diet in the wild a habituation to anthropogenous food sources.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx</li> <li><u>Project title</u>: Conservation genetics of Brown bear, Lynx and Red deer in Slovenia</li> <li><u>Amount</u>: 162,974 EUR (Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning, Ministry for Agricu Forestry and Food and Ministry for Education, Science and Sports )</li> <li><u>Project duration</u>: Februar 2004 – January 2007</li> <li><u>Objectives</u>: Aplicative research project – use of molecular biology in management of population large mammals in Slovenia.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li><u>Project title</u>. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Objectives</u>: The aim of the project is to gain information on brown bear's diet in the wild a habituation to anthropogenous food sources.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx</li> <li><u>Project title</u>: Conservation genetics of Brown bear, Lynx and Red deer in Slovenia</li> <li><u>Amount</u>: 162,974 EUR (Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning, Ministry for Agricu Forestry and Food and Ministry for Education, Science and Sports )</li> <li><u>Project duration</u>: Februar 2004 – January 2007</li> <li><u>Objectives</u>: Aplicative research project – use of molecular biology in management of population large mammals in Slovenia.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li><u>Project title</u>. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>habituation to anthropogenous food sources.</li> <li>2.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx</li> <li><u>Project title</u>: Conservation genetics of Brown bear, Lynx and Red deer in Slovenia</li> <li><u>Amount</u>: 162,974 EUR (Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning, Ministry for Agricu Forestry and Food and Ministry for Education, Science and Sports )</li> <li><u>Project duration</u>: Februar 2004 – January 2007</li> <li><u>Objectives</u>: Aplicative research project – use of molecular biology in management of populationarge mammals in Slovenia.</li> <li>3.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li><u>Project title</u>. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Species: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx</li> <li>Project title: Conservation genetics of Brown bear, Lynx and Red deer in Slovenia</li> <li>Amount: 162,974 EUR (Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning, Ministry for Agricu Forestry and Food and Ministry for Education, Science and Sports )</li> <li>Project duration: Februar 2004 – January 2007</li> <li>Objectives: Aplicative research project – use of molecular biology in management of population large mammals in Slovenia.</li> <li>Species: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li>Project title. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Project title</u>: Conservation genetics of Brown bear, Lynx and Red deer in Slovenia</li> <li><u>Amount</u>: 162,974 EUR (Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning, Ministry for Agricu Forestry and Food and Ministry for Education, Science and Sports )</li> <li><u>Project duration</u>: Februar 2004 – January 2007</li> <li><u>Objectives</u>: Aplicative research project – use of molecular biology in management of population large mammals in Slovenia.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li><u>Project title</u>. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Forestry and Food and Ministry for Education, Science and Sports )</li> <li><u>Project duration</u>: Februar 2004 – January 2007</li> <li><u>Objectives</u>: Aplicative research project – use of molecular biology in management of population large mammals in Slovenia.</li> <li>3.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li><u>Project title</u>. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Project duration</u>: Februar 2004 – January 2007</li> <li><u>Objectives</u>: Aplicative research project – use of molecular biology in management of population large mammals in Slovenia.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li><u>Project title</u>. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Objectives</u>: Aplicative research project – use of molecular biology in management of population large mammals in Slovenia.</li> <li>3.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li><u>Project title</u>. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3.</li> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li><u>Project title</u>. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Species</u>: Ursus arctos, Lynx lynx, Canis lupus</li> <li><u>Project title</u>. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Project title</u>. Public awareness on large carnivores in Slovenia</li> </ul>
– <u>Project duration</u> : December 2006
- <u>Objectives:</u> Public information campaign on large carnivores
4.
– <u>Species</u> : Lynx lynx
<ul> <li><u>Project title</u>: Study of lynx behaviour by tracing of specimens</li> <li><u>Amount</u>: 18,302 EUR</li> </ul>
$- \frac{\text{Project duration:}}{07.10.2005 - 21.11.2005}$
<ul> <li>Objectives: The aimof the project is to gain information on the status of lynx population as a bas</li> </ul>
its conservation
5. – <u>Species</u> : Bubo bubo, Falco peregrinus, Gyps fulvus, Otus scops, Strix uralensis
<ul> <li><u>Species</u>. Bubb bubb, Falco peregrinas, Gyps falvas, Olas scops, Sirix aralensis</li> <li><u>Project title</u>: Monitoring of populations of certain bird species</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Amount: 125,000 EURO</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Amouni</u>. 125,000 ECKO</li> <li><u>Project duration</u>: 2004-2005</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Objectives</u>: Census of certain bird species at SPA in IBA areas in Slovenia</li> </ul>
6.
<ul> <li><u>Species</u>: CITES listed animals</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Project title</u>: Rescue centre for wild animals</li> </ul>
– <u>Amount</u> : 70,000 EURO
<ul> <li>Project duration: 5-year contract, currently 2006 - 2011</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Objectives</u>: Rescue centre for temporary care of seized and confiscated animals due to ill keeping in captivity, illegal trade, export or import or other reasons specified by law is provided contract with the Mangement Authority.</li> </ul>
10   Please provide details of any additional measures taken

# D2 Scientific Authority (SA)

1	Have there been any changes in the designation of or contact information for the SA(s) in your country which are not yet reflected in the CITES Directory?	Yes No No information	
2	If Yes, please use the opportunity to provide those changes here. Institute of the Republic of Slovenia for Nature Conservation Dunajska 22 1000 Ljubljana Slovenia ph. + 386 1 2309 542 fax. +386 1 2309 540 Nika Debeljak Sabec <u>nika.debeljak@zrsvn.si</u> Damjan Vrcek <u>damjan.vrcek@zrsvn.si</u> Vesna Cafuta vesna.cafuta@zrsvn.si		
3	Has your country designated a Scientific Authority independent from the Management Authority?	Yes No No information	
4	What is the structure of the SA(s) in your country?         -       Government institution         -       Academic or research institution         -       Permanent committee         -       Pool of individuals with certain expertise         -       Other (specify)	Tick if ap	
5	How many staff work in each SA on CITES issues? 3		
6	Can you estimate the percentage of time they spend on CITES related matters? If yes, please give estimation: 2 persons 50 %	Yes No No information	
7	What are the skills/expertise of staff within the SA(s)?         -       Botany         -       Ecology         -       Fisheries         -       Forestry         -       Welfare         -       Zoology         -       Other (specify)         -       No information	Tick if ap	
8	Have any research activities been undertaken by the SA(s) in relation to CITES species?	Yes No No information	

9	Species name	Populations	Distribution	Off take	the kind of resea	Illegal trade	Other (specify)
	Ursus arctos	X	X	X	X		genetics
	Lynx lynx	X	X	X	x		genetics, national strategy
	Caretta caretta	X	X	by catch			public awareness
	Aquilla pomarina, Strix uralensis, Utus scops	X	X				coordination of monitoring
	01115 500 p5	<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>	<u></u>	No	information
10	• • •	ect proposals fo der Resolution (	Yes No No	information			
11	Please provide	e details of any	additional measu	ires taken:			

# D3 Enforcement Authorities

1	To date, has your country advised the Secretariat of any enforcement authorities that have been designated for the receipt of confidential enforcement information related to CITES?	Yes No	$\square$	
		No information		
2	If No, please designate them here (with address, phone, fax and email).			
3	Has your country established a specialized unit responsible for CITES-	Yes	$\boxtimes$	
	related enforcement (e.g. within the wildlife department, Customs, the	No		
	police, public prosecutor's office)?	Under consideration		
		No information		
4	If Yes, please state which is the lead agency for enforcement:			
	Regarding CITES, the Management Authority is lead co-ordinating ager "Inter-sectoral Committee for the Prevention of Illegal Wildlife Trade" (see		the	
5	Please provide details of any additional measures taken:			

# D4 Communication, information management and exchange

1	To v	what extent is CITES information in your country computerized?	Tick if applicable
	—	$\square$	
	-	$\boxtimes$	
	-	$\boxtimes$	
	-	Not at all	
	-	Other (specify)	$\boxtimes$
		istration of marking of wild animals kept in captivity is fully computerised. MA's computer application on marking also allows control of supply of marks	

	and suppliers of marks and issuance of certificates on marking.											
2	Do the following auth	orities h	ave access t	o the Intern	net?			Tick if applicable				
	Authority	Yes, continuous and unrestricted access	Yes, but only through a dial-up connection	Yes, but only through a different office	Some offices only	Not at all	Please provide details where appropriate					
	Management   Image: Constraint of the second seco											
	Scientific Authority	$\square$										
	Enforcement Authority											
3	Do you have an electronic information system providing information on CITES Yes No No information											
4	If Yes, does it provide	e informa	ation on:					Tick if applicable				
	– Legislation (n	ational, r	egional or in	nternationa	ıl)?			$\boxtimes$				
	– Conservation	status (na	ational, regi	onal, interr	national	)?		$\boxtimes$				
	– Other (please	specify)?	,					$\boxtimes$				
	Application forms for etc.	CITES	documents,	fees, regist	tration o	f CITES	specimens					
5	Is it available through	the Inter	rnet:				Y	es 🛛				
							Ν					
								ot applicable				
							Ν	o information				
	Please provide URL:	• ,										
	http://www.arso.gov.s											
	http://www.mop.gov. http://zakonodaja.gov											
6	Do the following auth		ave access t	o the follow	wing nu	blication	s?	Tick if applicable				
					• •		Scientific	Enforcement				
	PublicationManagement AuthorityScientific AuthorityEnforcement Authority											
	2003 Checklist of CIT	ES Spec	ies (book)			$\bowtie$						
	2003 Checklist of CII Appendices (CD-ROM		ies and Ann	otated		$\boxtimes$						
	Identification Manual	!				$\bowtie$						
	CITES Handbook											

7	If not, what problems have been encountered to access to the mentioned infor	mation?	
8	Have enforcement authorities reported to the Management Authority on:	Tick if ap	plicable
	– Mortality in transport?		
	– Seizures and confiscations?		$\boxtimes$
	– Discrepancy in number of items in permit and number of items actually tra	aded?	$\boxtimes$
	Comments:		
9	Is there a government website with information on CITES and its requirements?	Yes No	
		No information	
	If Yes, please give the URL:		
	http://www.arso.gov.si/narava/konvencija%20CITES/		
	http://www.arso.gov.si/narava/poro%c4%8dila%20in%20publikacije/		
	http://www.arso.gov.si/narava/vpra%c5%a1anja%20in%20odgovori/		
10	Have CITES authorities been involved in any of the following activities to bring about better accessibility to and understanding of the Convention's requirements to the wider public?	Tick if ap	plicable
	<ul> <li>Press releases/conferences</li> </ul>		$\square$
	<ul> <li>Newspaper articles, radio/television appearances</li> </ul>		$\boxtimes$
	– Brochures, leaflets		$\boxtimes$
	– Presentations		$\boxtimes$
	– Displays		$\boxtimes$
	<ul> <li>Information at border crossing points</li> </ul>		$\square$
	– Telephone hotline		$\boxtimes$
	– Other (specify)		
	Please attach copies of any items as Annex.		
	See the CITES World – Official Newsletter of the Parties, Issue Nr. 17, July 2006		
11	Please provide details of any additional measures taken:		
	In 2005 and 2006 the Management Authority carried out a number of presentation (school children, students, associations etc.). A representative of the Manager lessons to Students of Masters degree programme »Nature Heritage Protection and Masters programme "Conservation, Management and Control of Species international Framework" at the International University of Andalusia/Spain.	ment Authority regularl « at the University of Lj	ly gives jubljana

D5 Permitting and registration procedures

1	Have any changes in permit for					Yes	$\square$		
	empowered to sign CITES perm Secretariat?	ints/certificates bee	en reporteu	previously in	) the	No			
	Secretariat					Not applicable			
	If no, please provide details of a	No information							
	Changes in permit format:								
	Slovenia uses European Un	ion CITES permit	c/certificate	forms as spe	ecified by				
	the Commission Regulation (EC Format and content of A	C) No. 865/2006		-	·		ļ		
	prescribed in Article 18, Anne								
	protection measures in the trad RS, No. 52/04).								
	Changes in designation or signat	ures of relevant of	ficials:						
	On 18 October 2005, the Ma	anagement Author	rity inform						
	changes in designation persons								
	Slovenia. At the same time an		e stamp us	sed to auther	iticate the	>			
2	documents was submitted to the To date, has your country develo			for any of	4400	Tick if applicable			
2	following?	oped written perm	it procedui	es for any or	the	ПСК паррисале			
				Yes	No	No informatio	on		
	Permit issuance/acceptance								
	Registration of traders								
	Registration of producers								
3	Please indicate how many CITE	S documents were	e issued or		two vear	period?			
-	(Note that actual trade is normal				•	-	ed		
	documents).	ny repetite		portegi			04		
	2005	Import or	1			Comments			
		introduction	Export	Re-export	Other		ļ		
		from the sea							
	How many documents were issued?	73	37	39					
	How many applications were		1						
	denied because of severe								
	ommissions or mis-								
	information?	<u>.</u>		<u> </u>					
	2006	77	36	59					
	How many documents were issued?	//	50	39					
	How many applications were		_	-		Testudo horsfieldi	i		
	denied because of severe	1				100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1		
	ommissions or mis-	1							
	information?					<u> </u>			
4	Were any CITES documents that		r cancelled	and replaced	because	Yes	$\square$		
	of severe ommissions or mis-inf	formation?				No	Ц		
	+					No information			
5	If Yes, please give the reasons f								
	Import permits issued for hunt								
	<i>pardus</i> ) were not accepted by (documents were not completed.		because of	oxes No 16 a	nd 1 / On				
	_		d replaced	because the	original				
	Some re-export certificates were cancelled and replaced because the original documents have been lost on their way to the country of final destination (USA).								

(		1	•	Tick if applicable			
6							
	Reason	Yes	No	No informati	on		
	Technical violations			<u> </u>			
	Suspected fraud						
	Insufficient basis for finding of non-detriment						
	Insufficient basis for finding of legal acquisition						
	Other (specify)	$\square$					
	Intended import contrary to CITES Res. Conf. 9.5 (Rev. CoP13)						
	<ul> <li>– non-compliance with conditions required for trade with non - CITES Parties</li> </ul>						
7	Are harvest and/or export quotas as a management tool in the proc	edure for		Yes	$\square$		
	issuance of permits?			No			
				No information			
	Comments						
	Hunting quotas for certain species (e.g. Ursus arctos or Lynx lyn.	x) are con	sidered				
	in the procedure for issuance of export permits.	<u></u> .					
8	How many times has the Scientific Authority been requested to pr	-					
	The Management Authority asks for scientific opinion for all app						
	or II species, except for the imports of skins (SKI) and small leath listed reptiles ( <i>Alligator mississippiensis, Caiman crocodilus fu</i>						
	Switzerland in accordance with Article 4 par. 2 (a) of the Council				") 110m		
9	Has the Management Authority charged fees for permit issuance, i	-		Tick if app	olicable		
	related CITES activities?	C					
	– Issuance of CITES documents:				$\boxtimes$		
	– Licensing or registration of operations that produce CITE	S species:			$\boxtimes$		
	<ul> <li>Harvesting of CITES-listed species :</li> </ul>						
	– Use of CITES-listed species:				$\boxtimes$		
	<ul> <li>Assignment of quotas for CITES-listed species:</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Importing of CITES-listed species:</li> </ul>						
	– Other (specify):						
10	If Yes, please provide the amounts of such fees.			~			
	17, 73 EURO						
11	Have revenues from fees been used for the implementation of CIT	ES or		Tick if app	olicable		
	wildlife conservation?						
	– Entirely:						
	– Partly:				$\boxtimes$		
	– Not at all:						
	– Not relevant:						
	Comments:						
	The revenues from fees are transmitted to core State budget.	Wildlife					
	conservation is mainly financed through that budget.						
12	Please provide details of any additional measures taken:						

# D6 Capacity building

1	Have any of the following activities been u CITES implementation at the national level	n to enhance effectiveness of	Tick if applicable	
	Increased budget for activities	Improvement of national networks		
	Hiring of more staff		Purchase of technical equipment for monitoring/enforcement	$\boxtimes$
	Development of implementation tools		Computerisation	$\boxtimes$
	– Other (specify)		A	

2	Have the CITES authorities in your country been the <i>recipient</i> of any of the following capacity building activities provided by external sources?								
	Please tick boxes to indicate which target group and which activity.	Oral or written advice/guidance	Technical assistance	Financial assistance	Training	Other (specify)	What were the external sources?		
	Staff of Management Authority	$\square$							
	Staff of Scientific Authority	$\square$							
	Staff of enforcement authorities								
	Traders								
	NGOs		$\square$	$\square$					
	Public								
	Other (specify)								
3	Have the CITES authorities in your country activities?	been th	e provid	ers of an	y of th	ne foll	owing capacity building		
	Please tick boxes to indicate which target group and which activity.	Oral or written advice/guidance	Technical assistance	Financial assistance	Training	Other (specify)	Details		
	Staff of Management Authority								
	Staff of Scientific Authority	$\square$			$\square$				
	Staff of enforcement authorities	$\square$							
	Traders								
	NGOs								
	Public	$\square$			$\square$				
	Other parties/International meetings	$\square$							
	Other (specify)								
4	Please provide details of any additional me	asures ta	ken						

#### D7 Collaboration/co-operative initiatives

1	Is there an inter-agency or inter-sectoral committee on CITES?	Yes	$\boxtimes$
		No	
		No information	
2	If Yes, which agencies are represented and how often does it meet?		
	Since 2002, a special inter-sectoral Committee for the Prevention of Illegal Wildlife Trade has been operating in Slovenia. It was established by a decision of the ministers for the environment and spatial planning, for internal affairs and for finance, pursuant to Article 49 of the <i>Public Administration Act</i> (Ofiicial Gazette of RS Nrs. 67/94, 20/95, 29/95, 80/99, 52/02, 56/02). The Committee consists of permanent members from the Criminal Police Directorate (Interpol Central Bureau for Slovenia), the General Customs Directorate (Investigation Division) and the Ministry of the Environment and Physical planning/Environmental Agency. Its objective is concerted action in		

	the prevention and control of illegal trade in endangered animal and plant species. The duties of the Committee are to collect data and exchange information on illegal activities related to trade in endangered species, to prepare administrative and other measures, to organise joint actions aimed at									
	the detection of illegal activities and to offer technical assistance in investigations. The chair of the Committee is responsible for coordinating its work. For the realization of certain tasks other officials from relevant ministries may be appointed. The Committee may ask relevant divisions of									
	ministries for assis					s obliged	to report			
	to the relevant ministers on its activities every six months. Regular meetings between the Management and the Scientific Authorities take place at least once per month.									
3	If No, please indicated the frequency of meetings or consultancies used by the MA to ensure co-ordination among CITES authorities (e.g. other MAs, SA(s), Customs, police, others):									
		Dail	Weekl	Month	Annuall	Non	No	Other (specify)		
		у	У	ly	у	e	informatio n			
	Meetings									
	Consultations									
4	At the national le collaborate with:		there been	any effort	s to	Tick i	if applicable	Details if available		
	Agencies for dev	elopment	t and trade				$\boxtimes$			
	Provincial, state	or territor	rial authori	ties	I					
	Local authorities	or comm	unities							
	Indigenous peopl	les								
	Trade or other pr	ivate sect	tor associat	tions			$\boxtimes$			
	NGOs						$\square$			
	Other (specify)									
5	To date, have any formal arrangeme to CITES been ag agencies?	ents for in	nstitutional	l cooperatio	on related			Tick if applicable		
	SA									
	Customs							$\boxtimes$		
	Police							$\boxtimes$		
	Other border auth	norities (s	specify)							
	Other governmen	ıt agencie	ès							
	Private sector boo	dies								
	NGOs									
	Other (specify)									
6	Has your country related to CITES		ated in any	regional a	ctivities			Tick if applicable		
	Workshops									
	Meetings									
	Other (specify)									
7	Has your country the Convention?	encoura	ged any no	n-Party to	accede to	Yes				
	the convention.					No				
						No information				

8	If Yes, which one(s) and in what way?				
	Bosnia and Herzegovina. MA's efforts to establish a contact for CITES in Bosnia and Herzegovina was not successful. Slovenia raised this issue at the CITES Management Committee of the European Union.				
9	Has your country provided technical or financial assistance to another	Yes	$\boxtimes$		
	country in relation to CITES?	No			
		No information			
10	If Yes, which country(ies) and what kind of assistance was provided?				
	Training assistance for the south-east European countries: Croatia, Serbia, Montenegro and Macedonia				
11	Has your country provided any data for inclusion in the CITES Identification	Yes	$\boxtimes$		
	Manual?				
		No information			
12	If Yes, please give a brief description.				
	Slovenia and Italy prepared a proposal for listing of Date mussel ( <i>Lithophaga</i> of CITES on behalf of the EU Member States. The proposal was adopted at the in October 2004. The Scientific Authority prepared the identification sheet for from the Italian SA it will be submitted to the Secretariat for inclusion in the IE	13th Conference of Pathat species. After rev	arties		
13	Has your country taken measures to achieve co-ordination and reduce	Yes			
	duplication of activities between the national authorities for CITES and other multilateral environmental agreements (e.g. the biodiversity-related	No			
	Conventions)?	No information	$\boxtimes$		
14	If Yes, please give a brief description.				
15	Please provide details of any additional measures taken:				

#### D8 Areas for future work

1	Are any of the following activities needed to enhance effectiveness of CITES implementation at the nation level and what is the respective level of priority?				
	Activity	High	Medium	Low	
	Increased budget for activities		$\boxtimes$		
	Hiring of more staff			$\square$	
	Development of implementation tools				
	Improvement of national networks		$\boxtimes$		
	Purchase of new technical equipment for monitoring and enforcement		$\square$		
	Computerisation			$\square$	
	Other (specify)				
2	2 Has your country encountered any difficulties in implementing specific Resolutions or Decisions adopted by the Conference of the Parties?	Yes			
		No		$\boxtimes$	
		No info	rmation		
3	If Yes, which one(s) and what is the main difficulty?				
4	Have any constraints to implementation of the Convention arisen in your country	Yes			
	requiring attention or assistance?	No		$\boxtimes$	
		No inf	ormation		
5	If Yes, please describe the constraint and the type of attention or assistance that is	required	•		
6	Has your country identified any measures, procedures or mechanisms within the	Yes			
	Convention that would benefit from review and/or simplification?			$\boxtimes$	
		No inf	ormation		
7	If Yes, please give a brief description.				
8	Please provide details of any additional measures taken:				

#### E. General feedback

Please provide any additional comments you would like to make, including comments on this format.

Thank you for completing the form. Please remember to include relevant attachments, referred to in the report. For convenience these are listed again below:

Question	Item		
B4	Copy of full text of CITES-relevant legislation	Enclosed	
		Not available	$\boxtimes$
		Not relevant	
C3	Details of violations and administrative measures imposed	Enclosed	
		Not available	
		Not relevant	
C5	Details of specimens seized, confiscated or forfeited	Enclosed	$\boxtimes$
		Not available	
		Not relevant	
C7	Details of violations and results of prosecutions	Enclosed	
		Not available	
		Not relevant	
C9	Details of violations and results of court actions	Enclosed	
		Not available	
		Not relevant	
D4 (10)	Details of nationally produced brochures or leaflets on CITES produced for	Enclosed	$\boxtimes$
	educational or public awareness purposes,	Not available	
		Not relevant	
	Comments. Details on national public awareness activities and publications are available in CITES World, Issue No. 17, July 2006		

# **ANNEX - PROPOSED BIENNIAL REPORT FORMAT**

# **PART 2 - SUPPLEMENTARY QUESTIONS**

Note: Questions in Part 2 are additional to those in Part 1, and relate to information on the provisions of the Regulation that fall outside the scope of CITES.

# ANNEX - REGULATION BIENNIAL REPORT FORMAT PART 2 SUPPLEMENTARY QUESTIONS

The numbering of this section reflects that in Annex 2, Part 1, with the addition of (b) to distinguish the two. New questions that do not correspond to questions in Annex 2, Part 1 are marked "new". Unless otherwise stated, the legislation referred to below is Council Regulation (EC) No. 338/97.

2b	If your country has planned, drafted or enacted any additional Regulation -relevant legislation, other than that reported under question B (2), please provide the following details:							
	Title and date:			Status:				
	Brief description of conte	nts:						
5b	Has your country adopted any stricter domestic measures, other than those reported under question B(5), specifically for non CITES-listed species <sup>1</sup> ? Tick all applicable categories below that these categories apply to.							
			The condit	ions for:		The	complete	prohibition of:
	Issue	Yes	No	No information		Yes	No	No information
	Trade	$\boxtimes$				$\boxtimes$		
	Taking	$\boxtimes$				$\boxtimes$		
	Possession	$\boxtimes$				$\boxtimes$		
	Transport							
	Other (specify)	$\boxtimes$						
		Commerc						
		ial activities,						
		breeding						
	Additional comments							
8b	Has there been any review relation to implementation			ollowing subjects i	in Yes		No	No information
	Introduction of live Regu	lation-listed	species into	o the			Π	
	Community that would th (in accordance with Artic	reaten the in	digenous f				_	
	Marking specimens to fac with Article 19, paragraph		fication (in	accordance				
	Please provide details if a	vailable,						
		of CITES In	mplementa	on Melborn, S. (20 tion in 15 Countrie				Central and Eastern eport, Budapest,

### **B.** Legislative and regulatory measures

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In this questionnaire, "non CITES-listed species" refers to species that are listed in the Regulation Annexes, but not in the CITES Appendices. They include some species in Annexes A and B and all those in Annex D.

othe	Please provide details of maximum penalties that may be imposed for Regulation-related violations, or any other additional measures taken in relation to implementation of the Regulation not reported on in question B (9)					
Pena	AL PROVISIONS					
Pena	AL CODE OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA					
enda hunt impr stipu acros	<i>Penal Code</i> stipulates an imprisonment of up to three yangered plant or animal species contrary to international ling of wild animals. In exceptional cases the perprisonment of up to five years. A fine and an imprison and the defense of the customs line. Art. 255 lays down that the goods iscated.	aw. The same applies to illegal etrator may be sentenced to iment of up to five years are ms control while moving goods				
Table 1: Penalties for violations related to wildlife trade and related activities according to         Penal Code of the Republic of Slovenia.						
	Criminal offence	Sanction	Arti cle			
exp cou	hoever, without the permission of the agency responsible, ports animal or plant of endangered species to a foreign untry or imports it contrary to the provisions of ernational law	A fine or imprisonment of 3 years (5 in exceptional cases) and the confiscation of goods	222			
the	be customs line, thereby avoiding customs control easures	A fine or imprisonment of up to 1 year and the confiscation of goods	255			
Cri	uelty to animals	A fine or imprisonment of up to 3 months	342			
	hoever without permission or other authorisation hunts or ls a wild animal or traps it alive	A fine or imprisonment of 6 months up to 1 year	343			
Viol	URE CONSERVATION ACT ations of provisions of the NCA related to trade in protector isition of specimens, keeping in captivity and introduction					
natur	ral environment are treated as offences. The NCA prescrib	es the amounts of fines for such violation				
	<ul> <li>exterminates a plant or animal species;&lt;0}</li> <li>exterminates a plant or animal species;&lt;0}</li> <li>{0&gt;èe zniža število rastlin ali živali posameznih popu poslabša življenjske razmere do take mere, da p odstavek 14. èlena);&lt;00</li> <li>reduces the number of pl populations, reduces their habitats or worsens their extent that the species becomes endangered;&lt;0}</li> </ul>	ilacij, zoža njihove habitate ali oostane vrsta ogrožena (drugi ants or animals of individual				
	<ul> <li>{0&gt; èe namerno, brez opravièljivega razloga unièi ali poškoduje habitate populacij rastlinskih ali živalskih vrst (èetrti odstavek 14. èlena);</li> <li>intentionally, without a justifiable cause, destroys or damages habitats of plant or animal species populations;</li> <li>intentionally intentionally intentional intentintentional intentint</li></ul>					
	<ul> <li>èlena);</li> <li>¿lots does not use plants or animals in compliance with the prescribed conditions;</li> <li>{0&gt;èe rabi rastline ali živali, ki jih je prepovedano rabiti, ali jih rabi v nasprotju s</li> </ul>					
	predpisano omejitvijo rabe (tretji odstavek 16. èle whose use is prohibited or uses them contrary to the p	rescribed restriction of use; <sub>&lt;0}</sub>				
	<ul> <li>{0&gt;èe naseli rastline ali živali tujerodnih vrst brez dov 17. èlena);<!--0{-->introduces plants or animals of no permission;</li> </ul>	on-indigenous species without				

# C. Compliance and enforcement measures

2b	Have any actions, in addition to those reported in C (2-9) above, been taken for Regulation-related violations?	Yes	
		No	
		No information	
16b	Has there been any review or assessment of Regulation-related	Yes	
	enforcement, in addition to that reported under C (16) above?	No	
		No information	$\square$
	Comments:		
17	Have specimens been marked to establish whether they were born and bred	Yes	$\boxtimes$
new	Have specimens been marked to establish whether they were born and bred in captivity or artificially propagated? (In accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 1808/2001 Article 36),	No	
	Regulation (EC) 100 1000/2001 Article 30),	No information	
	Comments:		
18	Have any monitoring activities been undertaken to ensure that the intended	Yes	$\boxtimes$
new	accommodation for a live specimen at the place of destination is adequately equipped to conserve and care for it properly? (In accordance with Article	No	
	4 paragraph 1 (c))	No information	
	Comments:		

# **D.** Administrative measures

# D1 Management Authority (MA)

8b	Have the MA(s) undertaken or supported any research activities in relation to non CITES-listed species or technical issues (e.g. species identification) not covered in D2 (8) and D2 (9)?	Yes No No information	
10 new	Has the Commission and the CITES Secretariat (if relevant) been informed of the outcomes of any investigations that the Commission has considered it necessary be made? (In accordance with Article 14 paragraph 2),	Yes No No information	

#### D2 Scientific Authority (SA)

8b	Have any resea CITES listed sp		n undertaken by th	e SA(s) in	relation to non	Yes No No informatio	on 🗌
9b	If Yes, please g	give the species na	ame and provide d	etails of th	e kind of researc	h involved.	
	Species name	Populations	Distribution	Off take	Legal trade	Illegal trade	Other (specify)
	Ursus arctos	X	X	X	X		Genetics
	Lynx lynx	X	X				Genetics, national conservation and management strategy
	Caretta caretta	X	X	By - catch			Public awareness
	Aquilla pomarina, Strix uralensis, Utus scops	X	X				Coordinatio n of monitoring
							on 🗌
11 new	How many Sci attended?	entific Review G	roup (SRG) meetir	ngs have th	e SA	Number	7
	Indicate any di	fficulties that rend	dered attendance to	o the SRG	difficult:		

#### D3 Enforcement Authorities

6 new	Has a liaison officer/focal point for CITES been nominated within each relevant enforcement authority in your country? Yes
iie w	No
	Under consideration
	No information

# D4 Communication, information management and exchange

1b	Is Regulation-related information in your country computerized on?	Tick if app	licable
	<ul> <li>Annex D listed species</li> </ul>		$\square$
	- Other matters not reported on in question D4 (1) (please specify)		
3b	Do you have an electronic information system providing information on	Yes	$\boxtimes$
	Regulation-listed species?	No	
		No information	

# D5 Permitting and registration procedures

9b	Has the Management Authority charged fees for any Regulation-related matters	Yes	
	not covered in question D5 (9)?	No	
		No information	

# D8 Areas for future work

2b	Has your country encountered any difficulties in implementing specific suspensions or negative opinions adopted by the European Commission? (In accordance with Article 4 (6))	Yes No No information	
4b	Have any constraints to implementation of the Regulation, not reported under question D8(4), arisen in your country requiring attention or assistance?	Yes No No information	
7 bis new	Can you indicate the percentage of permits/certificates issued that are returned to the MA after endorsement by customs?	Number : 95 %	

Date of confiscation	Place of detection (airport, border point)	Destination	Country of (re)export	Taxon	Species	Quantity	/ Unit	Type of specimen	Place of detection	Purpose of export	Reason for confiscation	Method of concealment	Measure / Sanction	CITES App.	338/97 Annex
									Personal luggage						
03/01/06	Airport Brnik	SI	MX	ANTHOZOA	SCLERACTINIA spp.	5	specimen	COR			Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	Ш	в
									Personal luggage						
06/02/06	Airport Brnik	SI	unknown (Africa)	REPTILIA	Python sebae	3	specimen	SKI			Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	Ш	В
									Personal luggage						
02/03/06	Airport Brnik	SI	ТН	ANTHOZOA	SCLERACTINIA spp.	3	specimen	COR			Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	Ш	В
									Personal luggage						l
08/03/06	Airport Brnik	SI	MX	ANTHOZOA	SCLERACTINIA spp.	1	specimen	COR			Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	Ш	В
									Personal luggage						l
10/03/06	Airport Brnik	SI	JM	ANTHOZOA	SCLERACTINIA spp.	2	specimen	COR			Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	Ш	В
									Personal luggage						l
13/03/06	Airport Brnik	SI	ТН	MOLLUSCA	Tridacna spp.	19	specimen	SHE			Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	11	В
									Personal luggage						l
14/03/06	Jelšane (SI-HR)	AT	HR	MOLLUSCA	Strombus gigas	1	specimen	SHE			Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	11	В
									Personal luggage						
05/01/06	Airport Brnik	SI	MU	ANTHOZOA	SCLERACTINIA spp.	1	specimen	COR			Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	Ш	В
															l
24/03/06	Kranj	SI	CN	MAMMALIA	Elephantidae spp.	4	specimen	DER	Parcel sent by post		Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	1/11	A/B
									Personal luggage						
31/03/06	Airport Brnik	SI	VN	REPTILIA	Xenochropis piscator	3	specimen	pecimens in bottle of	_		Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	=	С
									Personal luggage						
31/03/06	Airport Brnik	SI	UA	PISCES	Acipenser gueldenstaedtii	2	specimen	EGG	_		Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	В	П
									Personal luggage						
12/04/06	Airport Brnik	SI	Karibi	ANTHOZOA	SCLERACTINIA spp.	14	specimen	COR	_		Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	Ш	В
									Personal luggage						l
13/04/06	Airport Brnik	SI	BO	FLORA	Echinopsis spp.	3	specimen	DER	_		Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	Ш	В
									Personal luggage						
19/04/06	Airport Brnik	SI	FR (Martinique)	MOLLUSCA	Strombus gigas	2	specimen	SHE			Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	II	В
22/05/06	Customs Post office Ljubljana	SI	US	FLORA	Panax quinquefolius	1	specimen	(package with root s	Parcel sent by post		Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	11	В
									Personal luggage						
13/01/06	Airport Brnik	SI	NL (St. Martin)	MOLLUSCA	Strombus gigas	1	specimen	SHE	D		Permit irregular		Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	Ш	В
									Personal vehicle			Hidden ir vehicle			
16/06/06	Oddelek za preiskovalne zade	SI	HR	MOLLUSCA	Lithophaga lithophaga	35	kg	BOD	Deservelushiala		Permit irregular	f Hiddaa is	Confiscation and criminal report		В
									Personal vehicle			Hidden ir vehicle			l
29/06/06	Oddelek za preiskovalne zade	SI	HR	MOLLUSCA	Lithophaga lithophaga	25	kg	BOD	Demonal horses		Permit irregular	ń	Confiscation and criminal report		В
									Personal luggage						i i
07/07/06	Airport Brnik	SI	MX	MOLLUSCA	Strombus gigas	1	specimen	SHE	Baraanal vahiala		Permit irregular		Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	11	В
									Personal vehicle			Hidden ir vehicle			i i
23/07/06	Obrežje (SI-HR)	DE	CS	REPTILIA	Testudo hermanni	1	specimen	LIV	Personal luggage		Permit irregular	ń	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	Ш	A
									Personal luggage						1
16/08/06	Airport Brnik	SI	MY	ANTHOZOA	SCLERACTINIA spp.	11	specimen	COR	Personal luggage		Permit irregular	None	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	11	В
									Personal luggage						i i
16/08/06	Airport Brnik	SI	MY	MOLLUSCA	Hippopus hippopus	1	specimen	SHE			Permit irregular	r None Hidden ir	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	11	В
												vehicle			1
01/09/06	Petrina (SI-HR)	DE	BIH	REPTILIA	Testudo hermanni	6	specimen	LIV	Personal vehicle		Permit irregular	ń	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	II	A

									Personal luggage					
16/01/06	Airport Brnik	SI	MX	MOLLUSCA	Strombus gigas	1	specimen	SHE		Permit irregula	rNone	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	11	В
10/10/06	Jelšane (SI-HR)	?	HR	REPTILIA	Testudo hermanni	1	specimen	LIV	Personal vehicle	Permit irregula	rNone	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	11	А
13/10/06	Starod (SI-HR)	FR	HR	REPTILIA	Testudo hermanni	2	specimen	LIV	Personal vehicle	Permit irregula	riNone	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	11	A
22/10/06	Jelšane (SI-HR)	IT	HR	MAMMALIA	Ursus arctos	1	specimen	(prepared skin and	Personal vehicle Personal luggage	Permit irregula	rNone	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	Ш	А
19/01/06	Airport Brnik	SI	ID (Bali)	MOLLUSCA	Tridacna spp.	2	specimen	SHE	Personal luggage	Permit irregula	rNone	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	11	В
12/12/06	Airport Brnik	SI	KE	ANTHOZOA	Tubipora musica	1	specimen	COR		Permit irregula	riNone	Confiscation, giving over the goods to the State	11	В
22/01/06	Obrežje (SI-HR)	DE	МК	REPTILIA	Testudo hermanni	11	specimen	LIV	Personal luggage in a bus	Permit irregula	ri Hidden in veh	iclConfiscation and criminal report	11	A
22/01/06	Obrežje (SI-HR)	DE	МК	REPTILIA	Testudo graeca	7	specimen	LIV	Personal luggage in a bus	Permit irregula	r Hidden in veh	iclConfiscation and criminal report	II	A

#### Stricter domestic legislative measures

#### 1. Obligation to notify the keeping of live animals in captivity

Whoever obtains large mammals, birds and reptiles and animals of the species specified in the ratified international treaties, with the purpose of keeping them in captivity, must notify the ministry thereof (NCA, Art. 19). The list of species to which this obligation applies is provided in Annex II to the *Order on the living conditions for and care of wild animals kept in captivity*. The list also includes species listed in the CITES Appendices I and II. The specimens of wild animal species could only be kept in captivity if adequate living conditions are ensured. These conditions should meet at least minimal standards prescribed in Annex I of the Order. The Environmental Agency of the Republic of Slovenia keeps the record of notifications and animal markings in accordance with Article 20 of the *Rules on the marking of animals of wild species kept in captivity* (Official Gazette of RS, No. 58/04).

#### 2. Permit for captive-breeding or artificial propagation

Whoever intends to breed animals of indigenous or non-indigenous species must obtain a permit of the Ministry (NCA, Article 21).<sub><0</sub> Conditions for obtaining a permit for captivebreeding or artificial propagation of specimens of species listed in CITES Appendices or nationally protected species are laid down in Article 26 of the *Decree on trade*. Scientific Authority, in cooperation with the Management Authority, regularly monitors the breeding and artificial propagation operations. Every year by 31 March, a breeder or artificial propagator has to submit to the Management and Scientific Authorities an annual report on the breeding or artificial propagation for the preceding year. When he acts contrary to the provisions under which the permit has been issued, the permit is withdrawn.

#### 3. Assessment of risk to nature

Prior to the import of plants or animals of non-indigenous species for the purpose of introduction or re-introduction into the wild or captive breeding or artificial propagation, applicant must enclose with the application the findings of the assessment of risk to nature (NCA, Arts. 17, 18 and 21). This measure should be carried out to avoid possible harmful effects to native fauna and flora in the case of deliberate release or incidental escape of specimens of non-indigenous species into the natural environment. The assessment of risk to nature is carried out by a competent legal or natural person designated by the minister in accordance with the *Rules on the assessment of risk to nature and on the authorisation*. The expense related to the carrying-out of the assessment of risk to nature is covered by the applicant.

4. Permit for keeping in captivity with the purpose of public exhibition

 $\{0>(1)$  Fizièna ali pravna oseba, ki namerava zadrževati živali domorodnih ali tujerodnih vrst v ujetništvu z namenom prikazovanja javnosti v živalskih vrtovih, akvarijih, terarijih ali podobnih prostorih, mora pridobiti dovoljenje ministrstva.< $\{0\}$  A natural or legal person who intends to keep animals of indigenous or non-indigenous species in captivity with the purpose of public exhibition in zoos, aquariums, terrariums or similar facilities must obtain a permit of the Ministry (NCA, Art. 20).<(0) The permit for zoos and similar facilities is issued by the Ministry responsible for nature protection in accordance with the provisions of the *Decree on zoos and similar facilities*.

# 5. Prohibition of keeping in captivity

The *Decree on protected animal species* (Art. 13) prohibits the keeping in captivity of wild specimens of species listed in its Annex I. It also prohibits keeping of live birds of prey (Falconiformes) and owls (Strigiformes). The derogations apply to a rescue centre and Zoos in accordance with the acts regulating their operation. Keeping of such specimens by other natural or legal persons is possible in exceptional cases on the basis of the permit issued by the Ministry if the prescribed conditions are met.

# 6. Acquisition of confiscated live specimens for commercial purposes

When the Management Authority decides that the confiscated live specimens are to be handed over to a legal or natural person for commercial purposes, such person should obtain a permit for captive breeding or artificial propagation in accordance with Articles 25 and 27 of the *Decree on trade*. In the case of species listed in Convention Appendix I such legal or natural person has to be registered with the Convention Secretariat (Decree on trade, Art. 30).

## 7. Obigation of marking of wild animals in captivity

The *Rules on the marking of animals of wild species kept in captivity* lay down species that have to be marked. Animals of wild species to be marked under these Rules are mammals, birds and reptiles that are:

- listed in Annex A to Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97 of on the protection of species of wild fauna and flora by regulating trade therein (OJ L 61, 3.3.1997, p. 1),
- listed in Annex B to Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97 and are part of a breeding stock,
- protected by a regulation governing the protection of wild animal species,
- birds of genuses Ara and Amazona, and of species Alisterus amboinensis, Aratinga euops, Cacatua alba, Cacatua ducorps, Cacatua galerita, Cacatua galerita triton, Cacatua leadbeateri, Cacatua sanguinea, Cacatua sulphurea citrinocristata, Callocephalon fimbriatum, Calyptorhynchus baudinii, Calyptorhynchus funereus, Calyptorhynchus banksii, Chalcopsitta cardinalis, Cyclopsitta diophthalma

diophthalma, Deroptyus accipitrinus fuscifrons, Eclectus roratus, Eos cyanogenia, Nestor notabilis, Northiella haematogaster naretha, Psittacula columboides, Psittacula longicauda, Psittacula erithaceus, Pyrrhura rhodogaster.

The Rules lay down the methods of marking and the types and quality of marks. They also lay down that young turtles with the flat bottom part of the shell (plastron) shorter than 100 mm that have been bred by breeders having a breeding permit are not to be marked. Animals marked with marks approved by the competent authorities of other countries which are equal to marks specified in the Rules need not to be marked. The Rules also lay down that the animals that are lighter than 200 g or have not yet grown to that weight and birds that are marked by a closed ring should not be marked.

Birds hatched in captivity must be marked with closed rings. A bird must be marked with a ring with the inner diameter as stipulated in Annex 2 to the Rules. The leg bearing the ring must be undamaged. When the last two conditions have not been met, the bird is considered as not marked. Where the inner diameter of the ring is not laid down, the bird is marked with a microchip or an open ring appropriate to the size of the leg, or by a description.

The marks should be supplied and marking carried out only by persons authorised by the Environmental Agency of Republic of Slovenia. The breeder must mark the animal within ten working days from its acquisition or within the five working days after the quarantine has been concluded if this is longer than ten working days. The marker issues a certificate after every marking and enters it in the electronic evidence which is kept by the Environmental Agency.

In case of parrots and lories (order Psittaciformes) listed in Annex A of Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97, birds of prey (order Falconiformes) and owls (order Strigiformes) a deposit of samples for molecular and genetic analyses is mandatory. Samples are taken when the bird has grown sufficiently to make it impossible to take off its ring.

#### 8. Endangered and internationally protected animal species

The *Decree on protected animal species* transposes the provisions of certain Articles of *Council Directive 79/409/EEC* (Bird Directive) and *Council Directive 92/43/EEC* (Habitat Directive) into national legal order and prescribes the protection measures for internationally protected animal species.

The provisions of the Decree apply to live and dead wild animals in all stages of development (eggs, including eggshells, larvae, pupae, young and adult animals), parts or derivatives of dead animals which appear from accompanying documents, the packaging or a mark or from any other circumstances, to be parts or derivatives of animals. Provisions also apply to animal structures such as nests, haunts, resting or breeding grounds etc. It is prohibited to consciously harm, poison, kill, take from the wild, hunt, capture or disturb animals of the species listed in Annex 1 to the Decree. The Annexes to the Decree also contain native species that are listed in CITES Appendices (e.g. sea mammals, brown bear, wolf, wild cat, lynx, otter, birds of prey and owls, sea turtles etc.) Taking of live animals from the wild and keeping them in captivity or possessing their parts or derivatives or their structures protected by the Decree could be permitted by the Ministry in exceptional cases. It is prohibited to transport, move, sell,

exchange or offer for sale or exchange live or dead animals of the species listed in Annex 1 to the Decree that have been taken from the wild.

## 9. Endangered and internationally protected plant species

The *Decree on protected wild plant species* transposes the provisions of certain Articles of *Council Directive 92/43/EEC* (Habitat Directive) into national legal order and prescribes the protection measures for internationally protected plant species. It is prohibited to consciously destroy, in particular to pick, cut, uproot and take from the wild, damage or collect plants of the species listed in Annex to the Decree and to threaten the existence of these species in their natural distribution range. The provisions of the Decree apply to wild plants, all plant parts (above-ground parts, especially flowers, fruit with seed, stalks, leaves; underground parts, especially corms, bulbs and tubers), their stages of development and derivatives. It is prohibited to transport, move, sell, exchange or offer for sale or exchange plants of the species listed in Annex to the Decree that have been taken from the wild. It is permitted to take from the wild, exploit or possess specimens of protected plant species, when they have been: taken from the wild in accordance with the Decree, taken from the wild in accordance with the regulations of the European Union, legally imported or seized or confiscated in accordance with the regulations.

#### 10. Registration of scientists and scientific institutions

Scientists and scientific institutions wishing to use the derogation in accordance with the fourth paragraph of Article 6 of Council Regulation (EC) No. 338/97, must be registered by the Management Authority. Prior to registration, such scientists or institutions should draw up an inventory of specimens of the species listed in Annexes A through C to Regulation 338/97 and make it available to the Management Authority. The conditions for registration are laid down in Article 6 of the *Decree on trade*. The research collections of specimens and records relating to them must be kept permanently in the institution and under expert supervision. The specimens have to be available to all qualified users, including the users from other institutions and other scientists. A permanent record must be kept on research collections. The specimens must be legally acquired for the purpose of research and storage and the collection must be organised in the manner ensuring its usability. The Management Authority keeps a register of scientists and scientific institutions and submits their names and addresses to the Convention Secretariat and to the European Commission (*Decree on trade*, Article 8).

#### 11. Registration of commercial plant producers

Management Authority, at a request of the applicant, carries out the procedure for the registration of a commercial producer of plant species listed in Annexes B and C and hybrids of species listed in Annex A to Regulation 338/97. Prior to the registration the applicant should obtain a permit for artificial propagation of specimens of plant species for which he/she wishes to register (*Decree on trade*, Art. 9). The Management Authority upon the entry in the register assigns to commercial producer a unique registration number and authorises a person employed by the registered commercial producer to fill out the forms for pre-issued

export permits (*Decree on trade*, Arts. 9 & 10). Every year by 31 March registered commercial producers submit to the Management Authority annual reports on their commercial operation for the previous year (*Decree on trade*, Art 13). The Management Authority submits to the Convention Secretariat the information on any registered commercial producer (*Decree on trade*, Art 10). The Scientific Authority monitors artificial plant propagation at the registered commercial producers and during each inspection check the size of the breeding stock of wild origin (*Decree on trade*, Art 9). Any registered commercial producer not meeting the conditions is deleted from the register (*Decree on trade*, Art 12).

#### 12. Commercial activities involving specimens of protected native species

In accordance with Article 14 of the *Decree on trade* it is prohibited to use for commercial purposes specimens of the species which are listed in Annex 1 to the regulation on the protection of wild animal species or in Annex 1 to the regulation on the protection of wild plant species, but not in Annex A to Regulation 338/97. The Management Authority exceptionally allows the use of such specimens for commercial purposes, provided that such specimens have been legally obtained, captive-bred or artificially propagated or are essential to the advancement of science The Management Authority issues a certificate for that purpose.

#### Other administrative measures

#### 1. Procedure for issuance of documents

The administrative procedure for the issuance of CITES documents is carried out by the Management Authority. The applicant starts the procedure with the written application addressed to the Management Authority. The application has to be submitted on a special form. It has to contain all the required data and has to carry the administrative tax stamp in accordance with the *Administrative Tax Act* (Official Gazette of RS, No. 8/00, 44/00, 81/00, 33/01, 45/01, 42/02 and 18/04) for the amount of SIT 4.250,00 (app. EUR 18). If the application is not complete, the Management Authority requests the applicant to supplement the missing data.

The administrative procedure should be concluded within 30 or 60 days of the date the complete application has been submitted to the Management Authority. According to the *Administrative Procedures Act* (Official Gazette of RS, No. 80/99, 70/00, 52/2002 and 73/2004), the Management Authority can use the shortened or special data verification procedure. When the Management Authority issues a positive decision, the applicant receives the corresponding document. If the Management Authority rejects or turns down the application, the applicant receives the corresponding written administrative decision (Decree on trade, Art. 17). The applicant has the right of complaint on the outcome.

#### 2. Border control

Slovene customs officers have been trained to check the CITES documents, to handle them (confirm and send the originals to the Management Authority), to check the shipments of CITES specimens and to adequately treat seized or confiscated illegal specimens. The Management Authority has prepared written instructions on handling the documents, which have been published on the intranet of the Customs Administration. The control at border ports is carried out by the customs officers and mobile units, border police and border veterinary and phytosanitary inspections.

Traffic with live animals and plants and their parts and derivatives may only be carried out at border ports where veterinary and phytosanitary control is ensured. When a shipment of live animals and plants arrives at a border port without such control, the customs officer rejects the shipment and redirects it to the competent border port. The border customs office checks if a permit is needed for an import or export of goods and if there are any restrictions or prohibitions. It also checks the validity of CITES documents and carries out the identification of specimens. The customs use of goods is allowed only when it is proved that the import is permitted.

Border port	Live animals	Live plants	Parts and derivatives	Microchip reader		
Brnik (airport)	+(1)(2)	+(1)(2)	+(1)(2)	+		
Gruškovje	+(1)(2)	+(1)(2)	+(1)(2)	+		
Jelšane	+(1)(2)	+(1)(2)	+(1)(2)	+		
Obrežje	+(1)(2)	+(1)(2)	+(1)(2)	+		
Dobova (rail port)	+(1)(2)	+(1)(2)	+(1)(2)	+		
Koper (ship port)	+(1)(2)	+(1)(2)	+(1)(2)	+		
Bistrica ob Sotli	_	—	+(1)(2)	-		
Rogatec – Dobovec	_	_	+(1)(2)	-		
Dragonja	_	—	+(1)(2)	-		
Sečovlje	_	—	+(1)(2)	-		
Sočerga	_	_	+(1)(2)	-		
Metlika	_	—	+(1)(2)	-		
Ljubljana (post)	_	—	+(1)(2)	-		
Petrina	_	—	+(1)(2)	-		
Maribor (airport)	-	_	+(1)(2)	-		
Zavrč	_	—	+(1)(2)	-		
Petišovci	_	_	+(1)(2)	-		
Središče ob Dravi	_	_	+(1)(2)	-		
Starod	_	_	+(1)(2)	-		
Ilirska Bistrica Babno polje	_	_	+ (1) (2)	-		

Table 5. International border ports designated for control of CITES shipments and availability of microchip readers.

Legend: import (1), export (2)

In accordance with Article 12 of Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97, on 5 August 2004 the Management Authority notified the European Commission of border ports that are designated to carry out checks and formalities for the introduction into the European Union of specimens included in the Annexes to that Regulation. The European Commission publishes that information in the Official Journal of the European Union.

The web-site of the European Commission with the list of border ports designated for the control of CITES shipments in the Member States of the European Union:

http://www.europa.eu.int/comm/environment/cites/pdf/points\_entry.pdf