

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION

In accordance with paragraph 4 e) of Resolution Conf. 4.6 (Rev. CoP19) on *Submission of draft resolutions, draft decisions and other documents for meetings of the Conference of the Parties*, the Secretariat has prepared a list of reporting requirements. In the absence of a definition of “reporting requirements”, the Secretariat has included all references in the Convention, Resolutions and Decisions that request or invite Parties to send reports or information to the Secretariat or other Parties. The list is divided in three categories: 1) reporting requirements and request for information that can be found in the Convention; 2) reporting requirements and request for information that can be found in Resolutions; and 3) reporting requirements and request for information that can be found in Decision.

CONVENTION REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION

Short title	Source	Other references	Directed to	Send to	Used by	Text of requirement	Deadline	Reporting format	Consequence of not fulfilling requirement
Annual report	Convention Article VIII paragraph 7	Res. Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19) Res. Conf. 10.20, para. 1 n) Res. Conf. 12.6 (Rev. CoP18), para. 8 Res. Conf. 18.6	All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 1 of Res. Conf 11.17 (Rev CoP19): URGES all Parties to submit their annual reports required under the provisions of Article VIII, paragraph 7 (a), by 31 October following the year for which they are due and in accordance with the most recent version of the <i>Guidelines for the preparation and submission of CITES annual reports</i> distributed by the Secretariat, as approved by the Standing Committee or amended by the Secretariat to include new terms adopted by the Conference of the Parties;	31 October of following year (31/10/2023 for 2022)	Notification 2023/122	Para. 15 of Res. Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19): Trade suspension imposed for those Parties not complying with reporting requirement for 3 consecutive years.
Implementation report	Convention Article VIII paragraph 7	Res. Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19) Res. Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP19), para. 23 d) ii) Res. Conf. 17.6 (Rev. CoP19) Res. Conf. 18.6 Res. Conf. 19.2	All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 2 of Res. Conf 11.17 (Rev CoP19): URGES all Parties to submit their reports required under the provisions of Article VIII, paragraph 7 (b), on 31 October of the year before each meeting of the Conference of the Parties, in accordance with the report format distributed by the Secretariat, as may be amended by the Secretariat from time to time with the concurrence of the Standing Committee;	31 October 2024 for 2021-2023	Notification 2023/133	Para. 15 of Res. Conf. 14.3 (Rev. CoP19): Implementation reports are among the means of monitoring compliance with the Convention. No compliance measures have been taken to date related to lack of compliance with the reporting requirement
Follow-up to reports	Convention Article XII paragraph 2 d)		All Parties	Secretariat		Article XII para. 2 d): The functions of the Secretariat shall be: d) to study the reports of Parties and to request from Parties such further information with respect thereto as it deems necessary to ensure implementation of the present Convention;	Ongoing		Res. Conf. 14.3 (Rev. CoP19)
Reservations	Convention Article XV paragraph 3 Article XVI paragraph 2 Article XXIII	Res. Conf. 4.25 (Rev. CoP19)	All Parties	Depositary Government (Switzerland)		Article XV.3: During the period of 90 days provided for by sub-paragraph (c) of paragraph 1 or sub-paragraph (l) of paragraph 2 of this Article any Party may by notification in writing to the Depositary Government make a reservation with respect to the amendment. Until such reservation is withdrawn the Party shall be treated as a State not a Party to the present Convention with respect to trade in the species concerned.	90 days after CoP		Reservations not accepted.
Compliance	Convention Article XIII	Res. Conf. 14.3 (Rev. CoP19) Res. Conf. 11.3 (Rev. CoP19) Res. Conf. 18.6	All Parties	Secretariat	Standing Committee	Para. 23 a) of Res. Conf. 11.3 (Rev. CoP19): RECOMMENDS that: a) when, in application of Article XIII of the Convention and Resolution Conf. 14.3 (Rev. CoP19) on <i>CITES compliance procedures</i> , the Secretariat requests information on a potential compliance matter, Parties reply within one month or, if this is impossible, provide an approximate date by which they consider it will be possible to provide the requested information;	Ongoing		Compliance measures to be adopted by the Standing Committee, including possible trade suspension
Management and Scientific Authorities	Convention Article IX	Res. Conf. 8.4 (Rev. CoP15) Res. Conf. 10.3 Res. Conf. 18.6	All Parties	Depositary Government (Switzerland) & The Secretariat		Article IX paragraph 2: A State depositing an instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession shall at that time inform the Depositary Government of the name and address of the Management Authority authorized to communicate with other Parties and with the Secretariat. Article IX paragraph 3: Any changes in the designations or authorizations under the provisions of this Article shall be communicated by the Party concerned to the Secretariat for transmission to all other Parties.	When joining and when MA and SA change		None

Registered scientific institutions	Convention Article VII paragraph 6	Res. Conf. 11.15 (Rev. CoP18) Res. Conf. 18.6	All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 3 g) ii) of Resolution Conf. 11.15: RECOMMENDS that: g) Parties implement the exemption for scientific exchange in Article VII, paragraph 6, as follows: ii) each Management Authority should communicate to the Secretariat as soon as practicable the names and addresses and the type of research they can provide, of those scientific institutions so registered, and the Secretariat without delay then communicate this information to all other Parties;	Ongoing. Every 5 years. Next Notification in 2024.	Notification 2019/068 on registration of scientific institutions	None
Stricter domestic measures	Article XIV paragraph 1 Resolution Conf. 4.22	Res. Conf. 4.22 Res. Conf. 6.7 Res. Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP19) Res. Conf. 18.6	All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 3 ab) of Res. Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP19): ab) each Party inform the other Parties, direct or through the Secretariat, of any stricter internal measures it has taken under Article XIV, paragraph 1 (a), of the Convention, and that, when a Party is informed of this, it refrain from issuing permits and certificates that run counter to these measures; Para. 1 of Resolution Conf. 4.22: RECOMMENDS that: a) Parties informing the Secretariat of the existence, adoption or amendment of stricter domestic measures provide the Secretariat with a copy of the laws, regulations, decrees, and other documents establishing such measures, any interpretation and other information which may be of assistance in understanding such measures, citations to such laws, regulations, decrees, and other documents, and the name, address, telephone and fax numbers, and email address of the government organization and official responsible for implementing such measures; and b) Parties informing the Secretariat of the invalidity, deficiency or special requirements of permits and certificates do so in a signed statement containing the name, address, telephone and fax numbers, and email address of the government agency and official responsible for granting the relevant permits and certificates; and	Ongoing		None
Personal and household effects (hunting trophies and tourist souvenir specimens)	Article VII, paragraph 3	Res. Conf. 13.7 (Rev. CoP17)	All Parties	Secretariat		Notification to the Parties No. 2019/069: In Notification to the Parties No. 2005/016 of 22 March 2005 on Party-specific information, the Secretariat reminded Parties of the need to advise it whether export permits are needed for the movement of personal effects of Appendix-II species. [...] The Secretariat urges Parties to provide updated information on their implementation of Article VII, paragraph 3, of the Convention and Resolution Conf. 13.7 (Rev. CoP17), particularly on their national legislation or current practice regarding the conditions under which the exemption for personal and household effects is applied Para. 3 b) iii) of Res. Conf. 13.7 (Rev. CoP17): AGREES that Parties shall: b) not require export permits or re-export certificates, for personal or household effects which are dead specimens, parts or derivatives of Appendix-II species except: iii) bilateral written arrangements for cross-border trade between neighbouring countries that include the required findings in Article IV of the Convention and other means of monitoring trade in hunting trophies, provided that such arrangements have been duly notified to the CITES Secretariat, and with the condition that the specimen at the time of import, export or re-export was worn, carried or included in the hunter's personal baggage; Para. 6 b) of Res. Conf. 13.7 (Rev. CoP17): URGES that: b) importing countries experiencing problems with imports of tourist souvenir specimens notify the relevant exporting countries and the CITES Secretariat accordingly;	Ongoing		None

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION THAT CAN BE FOUND IN RESOLUTIONS

Short title	Source	Reference	Directed to	Send to	Used by	Text of requirement	Deadline	Reporting format	Consequence of not fulfilling requirement
Annual illegal trade report	Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19)	Res. Conf. 11.3 (Rev. CoP19) Res. Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19) Res. Conf. 13.4 (Rev. CoP18) (para. 1. d) Res. Conf. 17.12, para. 12 c) Res. Conf. 18.6 Res. Conf. 18.8 (para. 3) Decision 19.201 Decision 19.208, paragraph c)	All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 3 of Res. Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP18): URGES all Parties to submit an annual illegal trade report by 31 October each year covering actions in the preceding year using the report format and the most recent version of the <i>Guidelines for the preparation and submission of the CITES annual illegal trade report</i> distributed by the Secretariat, as approved by the Standing Committee or amended by the Secretariat to include new terms adopted by the Conference of the Parties;	31 October of following year (31/10/2024 for 2023)	Notification No. 2023/132	Not subject to compliance measures, decided by SC66
National legislation project	Resolution Conf. 8.4 (Rev. CoP15)		All Parties	Secretariat	Standing Committee	Para. 2: URGES all Parties that have not adopted appropriate measures for effective implementation of the Convention to do so and inform the Secretariat when such measures have been adopted	As soon as measures have been adopted	See NLP page	Compliance measures, including a possible recommendation to suspend trade
States not party to the Convention	Resolution Conf. 9.5 (Rev. CoP16)		All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 1 h): RECOMMENDS that: h) Parties communicate to the Secretariat any inconsistencies in trade involving States not party to the Convention;	ongoing		None
Illegal shipment in transit	Resolution Conf. 9.7 (Rev. CoP15)		All Parties	Concerned Parties and Secretariat		Para. 1 f): RECOMMENDS that: f) when an illegal shipment in transit or being transhipped is discovered by a Party that can not seize it, the Party provide to the country of final destination and to the Secretariat all relevant information on the shipment as soon as possible and, if applicable, to other countries through which the shipment will pass in transit;			
Rhino general	Resolution Conf. 9.14 (Rev. CoP19)	Decision 19.122	Range States of African and Asian rhinoceroses, implicated States, other Parties and other stakeholders Decisions directed to Botswana, China, Malaysia, Mozambique, Qatar, South Africa, United Arab Emirates, Viet Nam	Secretariat	SC and CoP	Para. 7: DIRECTS the Secretariat, prior to each meeting of the Conference of the Parties, and pending external funding, to commission the IUCN/SSC African and Asian Rhino Specialist Groups and TRAFFIC to submit a report to the Secretariat on: a) the national and continental conservation status of African and Asian rhinoceros species, b) trade in specimens of rhinoceros, c) stocks of specimens of rhinoceros and stock management, d) incidents of illegal killing of rhinoceroses, e) enforcement issues, f) conservation actions and management strategies with an evaluation of their effectiveness; and g) measures implemented by implicated States to end the illegal use and consumption of rhinoceros parts and derivatives; Para. 8: REQUESTS the IUCN/SSC African and Asian Rhino Specialist Groups and TRAFFIC to engage with range and implicated States as appropriate, including by conducting a survey focusing on range and implicated States and relevant experts, to gather information on challenges, best practices and trends associated with addressing rhinoceros poaching and horn trafficking, as well as with the UNEP World Conservation Monitoring Centre, when producing the report, and to reflect the outcomes of these consultations in their reporting pursuant to this Resolution; Para. 2 e) iii): URGES e) the Parties that are affected by illegal killing of rhinoceroses and the trafficking of rhinoceros horns, either as range or implicated States, to: iii) provide information on the effectiveness of strategies or programmes referred to in subparagraphs e) i) and ii) above, to the IUCN/SSC African and Asian Rhino Specialist Groups and TRAFFIC, to assist in identifying best practices and challenges experienced, and for inclusion into the joint IUCN/TRAFFIC report;	Deadline for submission of CoP documents AND For Decision 19.122: 90 days before SC77 and SC78		

						Decision 19.122: The Secretariat shall: a) examine the implementation of Resolution Conf. 9.14 (Rev. CoP19) and Decisions 19.117, 19.118 and 19.119 regarding measures to address the illegal killing of rhinoceros and trafficking of rhinoceros horn, and; b) report to the 77th and 78th meetings of the Standing Committee.			
Rhino seizures	Resolution Conf. 9.14 (Rev. CoP19)		All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 1 e), f) and g): URGES all Parties to: e) immediately bring the seizure of illegal rhinoceros specimens made within their territories: i) to the attention of authorities in countries of origin, transit and destination, as applicable, providing information associated with the seizure, for example on modus operandi, accompanying documentation, any identification marks on the seized specimens, where appropriate the details of the offenders involved, and any other information that could assist the initiation of investigations as appropriate, in countries of origin, transit and destination; or ii) to the attention of the CITES Secretariat in cases where sufficient information is not available to identify the countries of origin, transit and destination of the seized rhinoceros specimens, including information describing the circumstances of the seizure; [...] g) collect samples from rhinoceros horn seized within their territories for forensic analysis, to link such horns to crime scenes and implicated suspects, and to promote successful prosecution; h) use the <i>Form for collection and sharing of data on rhinoceros horn seizures and on samples for forensic analysis</i> provided in the Annex to this Resolution, as a standard format to collect and share information about seizures of rhinoceros specimens, and for the collection of relevant data to accompany samples collected from seized rhinoceros specimens for forensic analyses, in support of the implementation of paragraphs e) i) and ii) and f) above;	Ongoing	Annex of Res. Conf. 9.14 (Rev. CoP19)	
Rhino stocks	Resolution Conf. 9.14 (Rev. CoP19)		All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 2 a): URGES a) all Parties that have stocks of rhinoceros horn to identify, mark, register and secure such stocks, and declare these to the Secretariat each year before 28 February, in a format to be defined by the Secretariat;	28 February every year	Notification No. 2024/005	
Nurseries	Resolution Conf. 9.19 (Rev. CoP15)	Res. Conf. 18.6	All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 1 b) of Resolution 9.19 (Rev. CoP15): RESOLVES that: b) any Management Authority that wishes to register any commercial nursery artificially propagating specimens of species included in Appendix I for export purposes shall provide to the Secretariat, for inclusion in its Register, all appropriate information to obtain and maintain the registration of each such nursery;	Ongoing	Standard reporting format provided in Annexes 1 and 2 of Res. Conf. 9.19 (Rev. CoP15)	
Elephants (stockpiles)	Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19) Decision 19.156		Concerned Parties	Secretariat		Para. 7 e): FURTHER URGES those Parties in whose jurisdiction there is an ivory carving industry, a legal domestic trade in ivory, an unregulated market for or illegal trade in ivory, or where ivory stockpiles exist, and Parties designated as ivory importing countries, to ensure that they have put in place comprehensive internal legislative, regulatory, enforcement and other measures to: e) maintain an inventory of government-held stockpiles of ivory and, where possible, of significant privately held stockpiles of ivory within their territory, and inform the Secretariat of the level of this stock each year before 28 February, <i>inter alia</i> to be made available to the programme Monitoring the Illegal Killing of Elephants (MIKE) and the Elephant Trade Information System (ETIS) for their analyses, indicating the number of pieces and their weight per type of ivory (raw or worked); for relevant pieces, and if marked, their markings in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution; the source of the ivory; and the reasons for any significant changes in the stockpile compared to the preceding year; Para. 21 b): RECOMMENDS that: b) each export quota be communicated to the CITES Secretariat in writing by 1 December for the following calendar year (1 January to 31 December);	(i) raw ivory stocks each year before 28 February. (ii) export quota by 1 December for the next calendar year (1 January to 31 December); (iii) information on tusks exported to be provided with annual report (ID marks, etc)	Notification No. 2024/019	If the quota is not submitted by the deadline, the State in question have a zero quota until such time as it communicates its quota in writing to the Secretariat and the Secretariat in turn notifies the Parties; Remedial action will be determined by Standing Committee and CoP.

						Details of submitting information to the MIKE and ETIS programmes are provided in Annexes 1 and 2 of Res. Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19)			
Elephants (domestic ivory markets)	Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19)	Decision 18.117 (Rev. CoP19)	All Parties and range States Decision 18.117 (Rev. CoP19): Parties that have not closed their domestic markets for commercial trade in raw and worked ivory	Secretariat	SC for Decision 18.117 (Rev. CoP19)	Para. 9: REQUESTS Parties to inform the Secretariat of the status of the legality of their domestic ivory markets and efforts to implement the provisions of this Resolution, including efforts to close those markets that contribute to poaching or illegal trade; Decision 18.117 (Rev. CoP19): Parties that have not closed their domestic markets for commercial trade in raw and worked ivory are requested to report to the Secretariat for consideration by the Standing Committee at its 77th and 78th meetings on what measures they are taking to ensure that their domestic ivory markets are not contributing to poaching or illegal trade.	Ongoing For Decision 18.117 (Rev. CoP19): 90 days before SC77 90 days before SC78		Standing Committee to review measures taken by Parties to implement these and other provisions in the resolution and make targeted recommendations as appropriate (which may include NIAPs).
Elephant seizures	Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19)		All Parties	Secretariat and source countries		Para. 24: RECOMMENDS that Parties share with the Secretariat and source countries information on the origin or age of seized ivory specimens arising from forensic analysis of samples to facilitate investigations and prosecutions, and for analysis by MIKE and ETIS in their reporting to the Standing Committee and the Conference of the Parties;	Ongoing		Standing Committee to review measures taken by Parties to implement these and other provisions in the resolution and make targeted recommendations as appropriate (which may include NIAPs).
Elephants (NIAPs)	Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19)		Range States identified by the MIKE and ETIS reports (see the NIAP webpage)	Secretariat		Para. 10: FURTHER DIRECTS the Secretariat, with reference to the findings of ETIS, MIKE and its findings on the status of domestic ivory markets, and within available resources: a) to identify those Parties that have unregulated internal markets for ivory, where ivory is found to be illegally traded, where ivory stockpiles are not well secured, or that have significant levels of illegal trade in ivory; b) to seek from each Party so identified information concerning its implementation of the provisions of this Resolution relating to ivory trade and, where appropriate and in consultation with the Party, undertake in situ verification missions; and c) to report its findings and recommendations to the Standing Committee, which may consider recommendations to support the implementation of the present Resolution, including requests to identified Parties to develop and implement National Ivory Action Plans, and monitor progress in executing these Action Plans, in accordance with the Guidelines contained in Annex 3, as well as other appropriate measures in accordance with Resolution Conf. 14.3 (Rev. CoP19) on <i>CITES compliance procedures</i> ;	Ongoing	Annex 3 of Res. Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19)	Compliance measures, including the possibility of a recommendation to suspend trade
Elephants (NIAPs)	Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19)		All Parties participating in the NIAP process (see the NIAP webpage)	Secretariat	SC	Step 4: Monitoring of implementation a) Parties should submit progress reports to the Secretariat 90 days in advance of each regular Standing Committee meeting, using the template for progress reports on NIAP implementation, available on the NIAP webpage on the CITES Website;	5 November 2024 (SC78) 90 days before SC78	Template for progress reports	Compliance measures, including the possibility of a recommendation to suspend trade
Personally owned live animals	Resolution Conf. 10.20	Res. Conf. 18.6 (links to annual reports)	All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 1 n): RECOMMENDS that: n) Parties maintain records of the number of certificates of ownership issued under this Resolution and if possible include the certificate numbers and the scientific names of the species concerned in their annual reports.	annually		
Enforcement authorities	Resolution Conf. 11.3 (Rev. CoP19)	Res. Conf. 18.6	All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 25 a) of Res. Conf. 11.3 (Rev. CoP19): URGES Parties: a) to provide the Secretariat with contact details of their relevant national law enforcement agencies responsible for investigating trafficking in wild fauna and flora;	Ongoing	Email to info@cites.org	
Significant cases of illegal trade	Resolution Conf. 11.3 (Rev. CoP19)		All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 25 b): URGES Parties: b) to provide to the Secretariat, as appropriate, and in a manner that does not jeopardize any ongoing investigations or expose covert investigative techniques, detailed information regarding significant cases of illegal trade;	Ongoing	Ecomessage form	

Convicted traders	Resolution Conf. 11.3 (Rev. CoP19)		All Parties	Secretariat	Para. 25 d): URGES Parties: d) to provide details to the Secretariat, when possible, about individuals convicted of a serious crime involving fauna and flora, criminal organizations and other persistent offenders of trade laws concerning fauna and flora, and individuals convicted of money laundering involving fauna and flora;			
Cetaceans	Resolution Conf. 11.4 (Rev. CoP12)		All Parties	Secretariat	Para. 12: URGES every country concerned to submit to the CITES Secretariat any information relevant to its inventory of whale parts and derivatives and to examination of unknown whale products, for dissemination by the Secretariat to interested Parties upon request;			
Tibetan antelope	Resolution Conf. 11.8 (Rev. CoP17)		All Parties	Secretariat	Para. 3 c): URGES: c) all Parties immediately bring every seizure of illegal Tibetan antelope wool and its products made within its territory to the attention of authorities in countries of origin, transit and destination, as applicable, and to the attention of the Secretariat; provide available associated information on the seizure to enable follow-up investigations to take place; where appropriate, make full use of the Ecomessage of INTERPOL and existing law enforcement networks, including the World Customs Organization; and report to the Secretariat the progress of follow-up investigations.	Ongoing	Ecomessage form	
Ranching	Resolution Conf. 11.16 (Rev. CoP15)		All Parties with approved ranching operations	Secretariat	Para. 5: RECOMMENDS that: a) annual reports on all relevant aspects of each approved ranching operation be submitted to the Secretariat by the Party concerned, including the following: i) the status of the wild population concerned established by monitoring at an appropriate frequency and with sufficient precision to allow recognition of changes in population size and structure owing to ranching; ii) the number of specimens (eggs, young or adults) taken annually from the wild and the percentage of this offtake used to supply ranching operations; and iii) details of the annual production levels, and product types and quantity produced for export;	Annually/ongoing	See https://cites.org/eng/resources/reports.php	Possibility of transfer of population concerned back to Appendix I
Lost permits	Resolution Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP19)		All Parties	Secretariat	Para. 3 ac): RECOMMENDS that: ac) when a permit or certificate has been cancelled, lost, stolen or destroyed, the issuing Management Authority immediately inform the Management Authority of the country of destination, as well as the Secretariat regarding commercial shipments;	ongoing		
Electronic permits	Resolution Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP19)	Decisions 19.150 & 19.152	All Parties that issue electronic permits and certificates	Secretariat	Para. 3 e): RECOMMENDS that: e) Parties that issue electronic permits and certificates submit information to the Secretariat documenting that when their system issues electronic permits and certificates, these are the electronic equivalent of original paper permits and certificates and information on how to verify the validity of permits and certificates issued electronically; Decision 19.150: Parties are invited to: d) share experience, challenges and know-how with other Parties on the development and implementation of electronic CITES permit management systems and use of the electronic equivalent of paper-based permits and certificates, and provide inputs to the Secretariat for continuous improvement of eCITES reference materials; Decision 19.152: The Secretariat shall, subject to the availability of external funding: b) collect information from Parties on any issues encountered with regard to the application of national data protection laws that affect implementation of Electronic Permit Information eXchange (EPIX) for the exchange of CITES permits and certificates;			

Sample documents	Resolution Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP19)		All Parties	Secretariat		<p>Para. 3 z): RECOMMENDS that:</p> <p>z) Parties that have not yet done so communicate to the Secretariat the names of the persons empowered to sign permits and certificates, as well as three specimens of their signatures, or in case of electronic permits and certificates, the names of the empowered persons and methodologies used to authenticate them, and that all the Parties communicate, within one month of any change thereto, the names of persons who have been added to the list of those already empowered to sign, the names of persons whose signatures are no longer valid and the dates the changes took effect;</p> <p>Para. 15 b): RECOMMENDS that:</p> <p>b) any Party using phytosanitary certificates as certificates of artificial propagation inform the Secretariat and provide copies of the certificates, stamps, seals, etc. that are used;</p> <p>Para. 17 c): RECOMMENDS that:</p> <p>c) Parties send to the Secretariat copies of permits, electronic and paper, issued for species subject to quotas if so requested by the Conference of the Parties, the Standing Committee or the Secretariat;</p> <p>XII. Regarding permits and certificates for timber species included in Appendices II and III with the annotation 'Logs, sawn wood and veneer sheets'</p> <p>Para. 20 e): RECOMMENDS that the validity of the export permit or re-export certificate may be extended beyond the normal maximum of six months after the date of issue, on the condition that:</p> <p>e) a copy of the export permit or re-export certificate as amended in accordance with subparagraph c) above is sent to the country of export or re-export, allowing it to amend its annual report, and to the CITES Secretariat; and</p> <p>Para. 21 h): RECOMMENDS further that any permit or certificate that indicates the complete names and addresses of the (re-)exporter and importer, in conformity with Annex 1, paragraph d), to the present Resolution, not be accepted for import into a country other than the one for which it was issued, except under the following conditions:</p> <p>h) a copy of the permit or certificate as amended in accordance with paragraph g) above is sent to the country of export or re-export, allowing it to amend its annual report, and to the CITES Secretariat;</p>		Notification 2021/010 on CITES permits and certificates
Asian big cats	Resolution Conf. 12.5 (Rev. CoP19)	Decision 18.103 (Rev. CoP19) Decision 18.107 (Rev. CoP19)	All Parties, particularly Appendix-I Asian big cat range States	Parties / Secretariat	SC and CoP	<p>Para. 1 e) and I): URGES:</p> <p>e) all range States and other relevant Parties to implement systems for the recording of information relating to illegal trade in Asian big cats and to share this information as appropriate to ensure coordinated investigations and enforcement;</p> <p>I) all Parties that make seizures of tiger skins within their territories, when possible, to share images of the seized tiger skins with the national focal points or agencies in tiger range States, which have photographic identification databases for tigers, and the capacity to identify tigers from photographs of tiger skins, so as to identify the origin of illegal specimens. The images should be taken from above with the skin spread. In the case of whole tiger carcasses seized with the skin intact, images should be taken of both sides of the carcass;</p> <p>Para. 2 a): INSTRUCTS the Secretariat to:</p> <p>a) report to the Standing Committee and the Conference of the Parties on the status of Asian big cats in the wild, their conservation, and trade controls in place in Parties, using information provided by the range States on measures taken to comply with this Resolution and related relevant Decisions and any relevant additional information provided by relevant countries;</p> <p>Decision 18.107 (Rev. CoP19): Parties are invited to report to the Secretariat on implementation of Decisions 14.69, 19.109, 18.100, 18.101, 18.102 (Rev. CoP19), 18.103 (Rev. CoP19), 18.105 and 18.106 in time for the Secretariat to report to the Standing Committee and the Conference of the Parties as per requirements in paragraph 2 a) of Resolution Conf. 12.5 (Rev. CoP19).</p>	Ongoing Within 90 days of the seizure of tiger skins 90 days before SC77 and SC78 180 days before CoP	

Sharks	Resolution Conf. 12.6 (Rev. CoP18)	Decisions 19.222 & 19.224	Parties implementing CITES provisions for listed shark species	Secretariat	<p>Para. 12: INVITES Parties to share through the Secretariat their experiences in implementing CITES provisions for listed shark species, in particular NDFs, legal acquisition findings and traceability systems;</p> <p>Decision 19.222: Parties are encouraged to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) in accordance with Resolution Conf. 12.6 (Rev. CoP18) on <i>Conservation and management of sharks</i>, provide brief information (with an executive summary not exceeding 200 words, if the report exceeds four pages) to the Secretariat, in particular on any national management measures that prohibit commercial take or trade and respond to the Notification called for in Decision 19.224; b) in accordance with their national legislation, provide a brief report (with an executive summary not exceeding 200 words, if the report exceeds four pages) to the Secretariat about the assessment of stockpiles of shark parts and derivatives for CITES-listed species stored and obtained before the entry into force of the inclusion in CITES in order to control and monitor their trade, if applicable; c) respond to the Notification called for in Decision 19.224 and share available national conversion factors used when estimating live catch weight by species, fishery, and product form for more accurate reporting of shark and ray trade data by Parties and indicate whether and how these are used in the development of their non-detriment findings (NDFs); <p>Decision 19.224: The Secretariat shall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) issue a Notification to the Parties, inviting Parties to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) in accordance with Resolution Conf 12.6 (Rev. CoP18) on <i>Conservation and management of sharks</i>, provide concise (with 200 word executive summary, if the report exceeds four pages) new information on their shark and ray conservation and management activities, in particular: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. the making of NDFs; B. the making of legal acquisition findings (LAFs); C. the identification and monitoring of CITES-listed shark-products in trade, in source, transit, and consumer Parties; D. recording stockpiles of commercial and/or pre-Convention shark parts and derivatives for CITES Appendix-II elasmobranch species and controlling the entry of these stocks into trade; and E. capacity-building needs to assist developing countries and small island developing states with reporting requirements; and ii) share with the Secretariat their non-detriment findings (NDFs) and conversion factors used when estimating catch live weight through converting recorded shark landings and trade, where available, to post in the sharks and rays web portal; iii) in accordance with Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19) on <i>National reports</i>, highlight any questions, concerns or difficulties Parties are having in writing or submitting documentation on authorized trade data (e.g. which units are used in reporting trade) for the CITES Trade Database; 				
Caviar processing / re-packaging plants	Resolution Conf 12.7 (Rev. CoP17)	Res. Conf. 18.6	Range states of the species in the Order Acipenseriformes (Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Iran, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Mexico, Mongolia, Montenegro,	Secretariat	<p>Para. 2 a): RECOMMENDS, with regard to regulating trade in sturgeon products, that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) each importing, exporting and re-exporting Party establish, where consistent with national law, a registration system for facilities producing caviar, including aquaculture operations that process and package caviar and those facilities that re-package caviar in its territory and provide to the Secretariat the list of these facilities and their official registration codes and clearly state whether it is a processing or a repackaging plant. Where consistent with the national registration system, Parties should add 'P' to registration numbers for 'processing and packaging plants' and 'R' for 'repackaging plants'. Where appropriate, Parties should, on a voluntary basis, include, in their notification of caviar-processing aquaculture plants, the sturgeon or paddlefish species used in the respective processing plant. The list 				

			Morocco, Netherlands, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Tajikistan, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States of America, Uzbekistan)			should be updated when changes occur and communicated to the Secretariat without delay. The Secretariat should include this information in its register on the CITES website;			
Shared stocks of Acipenseriformes	Resolution Conf 12.7 (Rev. CoP17)		Azerbaijan, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Islamic Republic of Iran, Kazakhstan, Romania, Russian Federation, Serbia, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, United States of America	Secretariat	Parties	Para. 3. a) iv): RECOMMENDS further, with regard to catch and export quotas, that: a) Parties not accept the import of caviar and meat of Acipenseriformes species from stocks shared between different range States, which are listed in Annex 3 to this Resolution, unless export quotas have been set in accordance with the following procedure: [...] iv) range States have provided to the Secretariat by 31 December of the previous year, the export quota referred to in subparagraph i) as well as the scientific data used to establish the catch and export quotas under subparagraphs ii) and iii);	31 December of the previous year		
Review of significant trade	Resolution Conf. 12.8 (Rev. CoP18)		Selected Parties (see the RST webpage)	Secretariat	AC/PC/SC	Para. 1 d) i) of Resolution Conf. 12.8 (Rev. CoP18): the Secretariat shall: i) within 30 days after the meeting of the Animals or Plants Committee at which species/country combinations are selected, or within 30 days after the Committee has selected a species/country combination on an exceptional basis, notify selected range States that their species has been selected, providing an overview of the review process and an explanation for the selection. The Secretariat shall request range States to provide the scientific basis by which it is established that exports from their country are not detrimental to the survival of the species concerned and are compliant with Article IV, paragraphs 2 (a), 3 and 6 (a) of the Convention. In its letter, the Secretariat shall provide guidance to range States on how to respond, explain the consequences of not responding to the request, and inform the range States that the responses will be made available on the CITES website as part of the agenda for meetings of the Animals or Plants Committee. Range States shall be given 60 days to respond;	Range States consulted over implementation of Article IV given 60 days to respond. Responses to preliminary categorization also required within 60 days. Deadlines for implementation of recommendations between 90 days and 2 years.	Guidance to range States in document CoP17 Doc. 33, Annex 4	Possibility of measures concerning trade in the affected species from that Party
Registration of captive-breeding operations	Resolution Conf. 12.10 (Rev. CoP15)	Res. Conf. 18.6	All Parties	Secretariat	Register	Para. 5 c): RESOLVES that: c) the Management Authority shall provide the Secretariat with appropriate information to obtain, and to maintain, the registration of each captive-breeding operation as set out in Annex 1;	Ongoing	Annex 3 of Res. Conf. 12.10 (Rev. CoP15)	
Taxonomic authority for taxa without standard references	Resolution Conf. 12.11 (Rev. CoP19)		All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 2 h): RECOMMENDS that: h) if there is conflict regarding the choice of taxonomic authority for taxa for which no standard references have been adopted by the Conference of the Parties, countries authorizing export of animals or plants (or parts or derivatives thereof) of such taxa inform the CITES Secretariat and prospective importing countries of their preferred published taxonomic authority.			
Export quotas	Resolution Conf. 14.7 (Rev. CoP15)	Res. Conf. 13.5 (Rev. CoP18), para. 3 d) Res. Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP19), para. 19 d) i) Res. Conf. 18.6	All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 15 of the Annex to Resolution Conf. 14.7 (Rev. CoP15): In accordance with Resolution Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP18), Parties should inform the CITES Secretariat of their nationally established export quotas and of revisions of such quotas. Such information can be provided at any time but, as far as possible, should be communicated at least 30 days before the start of the period to which the export quota relates.			

		Res. Conf. 9.21 (Rev. CoP18)				Para. 1 a) of Resolution Conf. 9.21 (Rev. CoP18): AGREES that: a Party wishing the Conference of the Parties to establish a quota for a species included in Appendix I, or to amend an existing quota, should submit its proposal to the Secretariat, with supporting information including details of the scientific basis for the proposed quota, at least 150 days before a meeting of the Conference of the Parties;			
Non-detriment findings	Resolution Conf. 16.7 (Rev. CoP17)	Decisions 19.134 & 19.135	All Parties	Secretariat	Website AC/SC for Decision 19.135	<p>Para. 2 b), c) and e): ENCOURAGES Parties to:</p> <p>b) share experiences and examples of ways of making non-detriment findings, including through appropriate regional or subregional workshops, and communicate them to the Secretariat;</p> <p>c) request the Secretariat to make available these examples on the CITES web site;</p> <p>[...]</p> <p>e) to provide to the Secretariat for publication on the CITES website, where they exist, written records of the science-based rationales and scientific information used for non-detriment finding assessments, where possible, and</p> <p>Decision 19.134: Parties are encouraged to:</p> <p>a) provide any help and information regarding methodologies, tools, scientific information, expertise and any other resources used to formulate NDFs in order to contribute to such a workshop;</p> <p>Decision 19.135: The Secretariat shall invite Parties, other governments and stakeholders through a Notification to the Parties to submit information on their experiences in making non-detriment findings for specimens of CITES Appendix II-listed species taken from areas beyond national jurisdiction, to share any non-detriment findings (NDFs) produced, to highlight any difficulties encountered in the process and any suggestions they might have for improvements.</p>			
Artificial agarwood production	Resolution Conf. 16.10		All Parties that export pure or mixed oil of agarwood	Secretariat	All Parties	Para. 8: RECOMMENDS exporting States to establish a registration system of exporters who export pure or mixed oil of agarwood. Samples of the labels used and lists of relevant exporters should be communicated to the Secretariat by exporting States, and then be provided to all Parties through a Notification;			
World Wildlife Day	Resolution Conf. 17.1 (Rev. CoP18)		All Parties	Secretariat		Para. 2: INVITES all Parties and non-party States, national and international organizations with an interest in wildlife conservation, to associate celebrations of World Wildlife Day to national, regional and international conservation events, where appropriate, and to communicate the planned activities to the Secretariat in advance;			
Sponsored Delegates Project	Resolution Conf. 17.3 (Rev. CoP19)		Parties that fund the participation in CoP meetings of representatives from other Parties	Secretariat		Para. 9: URGES governments, international organisations, non-governmental organisations and private bodies which, instead of using the possibility to provide funds to the Sponsored Delegates Project, decide to fund the participation in CoP meetings of representatives from other Parties (for example by covering travel or accommodation costs), to inform the Secretariat about such funding before the relevant CoP meeting and CALLS upon the Secretariat to publish this information before the meeting;			
Animals specimens reported as produced in captivity	Resolution Conf. 17.7 (Rev. CoP19)		Selected Parties (see the CITES webpage)	Secretariat	AC/PC/SC	Para. 2 g): The Secretariat shall, within 30 days after the relevant meeting of the Animals Committee, notify the country or countries concerned that species produced in captivity in their country have been selected for review, and provide them with an overview of the review process and an explanation for the selection provided by the Animals Committee. The Secretariat shall ask the country or countries to provide information, within specified deadlines to be agreed in consultation with the Chair of the Animals Committee (at least 60 days for the initial consultation), in response to general or specific questions, developed by the Animals Committee, to determine if the correct source codes have been used, under the applicable Resolutions, for specimens claimed to be produced in captivity; and	Selected Parties within specified deadlines		Possibility of measures concerning trade in the affected species from that Party

Disposal of confiscated live specimens	Resolution Conf. 17.8 (Rev. CoP19)	Decision 19.171	All Parties	Secretariat	SC	<p>Para. 3 c): RECOMMENDS that: the Secretariat be informed about any decision taken on the disposal of confiscated live specimens of species that are either in Appendix I or, if in Appendix II or III, involve commercial quantities;</p> <p>Decision 19.171: Parties and relevant stakeholders that have not already done so are invited to share with the Secretariat information on existing networks and resources on the management of seized and confiscated live animals in place in their country, including any action plans, protocols, regulatory measures, standard operating procedures developed to coordinate actions among public authorities, and guidelines for the management of specific species or genera.</p>			
Pangolin domestic market	Resolution Conf. 17.10 (Rev. CoP19)		All Parties	Secretariat		<p>Para. 1 d): URGES all: d) Parties in whose jurisdiction there is a legal domestic market for specimens of pangolins that is contributing to poaching or illegal trade, take all necessary legislative, regulatory and enforcement measures to close their domestic markets for commercial trade in pangolin specimens and report such closures to the Secretariat;</p>			
Pangolin stockpiles	Resolution Conf. 17.10 (Rev. CoP19)	Decision 19.202	Parties on whose territories stocks of parts and derivatives of pangolins exist	Secretariat		<p>Para. 3: ENCOURAGES Parties on whose territories stocks of parts and derivatives of pangolins exist, to take urgent steps to establish and apply, where not yet done, strict control measures to secure and monitor these stocks, and inform the Secretariat of the level of stocks each year, indicating the type and number of specimens, the species, the source of the specimens, management measures, and the reasons for any significant changes in the stockpile compared to the preceding year;</p>			
Pangolins general	Resolution Conf. 17.10 (Rev. CoP19)		All Parties	Secretariat		<p>Para. 4: URGES Parties to submit reports annually to the Secretariat with information to help understand the trade in pangolins including <i>inter alia</i> markets, seizures, legal and illegal trade and breeding operations;</p>			
Snakes	Resolution Conf. 17.12		All Parties	Secretariat		<p>Para. 19 a) and f): RECOMMENDS that: a) Parties, prior to the implementation of a traceability system for python skins, inventory and tag those skins and provide this information to the Secretariat as a baseline; f) the Secretariat should compile such information on available identification technologies and projects to make them available to Parties;</p>			
IPBES	Resolution Conf. 18.4		All Parties	Secretariat	Secretariat / IPBES	<p>Para. 2: INVITES Parties to provide inputs to the Secretariat in order to provide timely responses to IPBES in regard to CITES engagement;</p>			
Capacity-building	Resolution Conf. 19.2		All Parties	Secretariat	Parties	<p>Para. 2: INVITES Parties to: a) support the capacity-building efforts of other Parties through sharing of information regarding capacity-building materials and efforts, translating materials into both the working languages and non-working languages of the Convention, offering advice related to CITES implementation, as appropriate, and providing of financial support for in-person training or training opportunities; [...]</p> <p>c) utilize the CITES Virtual College to support capacity-building activities and provide the Secretariat with inputs for the improvements of its services;</p>			
Identification materials	Resolution Conf. 19.4	Decisions 19.144 & 19.146	All Parties, especially Parties that are submitting a proposal for an amendment of Appendix I or II; or the inclusion of a species in Appendix III	Secretariat	Animals or Plants Committees	<p>Para. 4 g) and h): RECOMMENDS that Parties: g) inform the Animals or Plants Committee of any difficulties experienced in identifying particular taxonomic groups, species or specimens, where improved identification guidance would be beneficial, for consideration and any appropriate recommendation under paragraph 3; and h) consider submitting draft identification material under development to the Animals or Plants Committee to review and provide input, as appropriate.</p> <p>Para. 5: INVITES any Party having submitted a proposal for an amendment of Appendix I or II in accordance with Article XV, or having submitted a species for inclusion in Appendix III in accordance</p>	60 days before each AC or PC meeting.	When submitting an	

					<p>with Article XVI, that results in the inclusion of a new species or in new annotations in the Appendices, to:</p> <p>a) develop identification materials as expeditiously as possible, and where possible before such amendments become effective; and</p> <p>b) provide the Secretariat with identification materials to be published on the CITES website and otherwise shared with CITES Parties;</p> <p>Decision 19.144: Parties are encouraged to support the efforts of the working group on identification materials by providing to the Secretariat information on available identification and guidance materials that are used by Parties, and particularly by enforcement and inspection officers, to facilitate implementation of the Convention.</p> <p>Decision 19.146: Parties are encouraged to collaborate with the Secretariat in sharing relevant information in support of the implementation of Decisions 19.145 and 19.147.</p>	<p>amendment proposal</p>	
--	--	--	--	--	--	-------------------------------	--

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION THAT CAN BE FOUND IN DECISIONS

Short title	Source	Reference	Directed to	Send to	Used by	Text of requirement	Deadline	Reporting format	Consequence of not fulfilling requirement
Zoonotic disease emergence	Decision	19.15	All Parties	Secretariat	AC/PC/SC	The Secretariat shall: a) issue a Notification to the Parties, requesting Parties to report on any measures they have in place to prevent and mitigate the risk of pathogen spillover and transmission from wildlife trade and associated wildlife supply chains including markets, and make the results available on the CITES website as a compilation of responses that could be useful to other Parties;			
Capacity-building	Decision	19.40	All Parties	Secretariat	SC	Parties are invited to share ideas, experiences, and information related to the development of an integrated capacity-building framework aiming to guide Parties, the Secretariat and external partners, as appropriate, to identify capacity-building needs and to prioritize, plan, coordinate, implement, monitor and review the benefit of their capacity-building efforts for more effective implementation of the Convention.			none
Gender	Decision	19.53	All Parties and relevant stakeholders	Secretariat	SC	Parties and relevant stakeholders, are encouraged to: a) support the preparation of the "CITES Gender Action Plan" by sharing knowledge, case studies and other relevant experiences with the Secretariat;			none
Engagement of indigenous peoples and local communities*	Decision	19.54	All Parties	Secretariat	SC	Parties are invited to: b) share their experiences and lessons learned in engaging indigenous peoples and local communities* in CITES processes with the Secretariat and other Parties.			None
National laws for the implementation of the Convention	Decision	19.58	Parties with legislation in Category 2 or Category 3 under the NL	Secretariat	SC	Parties with legislation in Category 2 or 3 under the National Legislation Project (NLP) are urged to submit to the Secretariat, as soon as possible and in one of the three working languages of the Convention, details of appropriate measures that have been adopted for the effective implementation of the Convention. Such Parties are also urged to keep the Secretariat informed of legislative progress at any time.			Compliance measures, including possible recommendation to suspend trade
National laws for the implementation of the Convention	Decision	19.59	Parties with legislation in Category 1 under the NLP	Secretariat	Secretariat	Parties with legislation in Category 1 under the National Legislation Project are encouraged to inform the Secretariat of any relevant legislative developments and to provide technical or financial assistance to Parties affected by Decision 19.58, either directly or through the Secretariat.			None
Malagasy palisanders and rosewoods (<i>Dalbergia</i> spp.) and ebonies (<i>Diospyros</i> spp.)	Decision	19.71	Madagascar	Secretariat	SC	Madagascar shall : a) strengthen the management of all <i>Dalbergia</i> spp. and <i>Diospyros</i> spp. timber stockpiles in Madagascar (including through traceability and control systems), request financial and technical assistance therefor, and submit regular updates on audited inventories and independent oversight mechanisms, for consideration and further guidance from the Standing Committee; b) provide reports on progress on the implementation of paragraph a) of this Decision to the Secretariat 60 days before the 77th and 78th meetings of the Standing Committee.	60 days before SC77 and SC78		
Totoaba (<i>Totoaba macdonaldi</i>)	Decision	18.293 (Rev. CoP19)	Mexico	Secretariat	SC	Mexico is urged to: a) take immediate actions to further strengthen measures to effectively prevent fishers from using gillnets in the vaquita refuge and vessels from entering the zero-tolerance area and to maintain these areas completely gillnet-free, by implementing a strict zero-tolerance policy concerning unauthorized fishing and fishing gear in these areas, ensuring surveillance on a full time basis, and imposing strict penalties where irregularities are detected, including the seizure of both vessels and unauthorized fishing gear combined with administrative or criminal penalties as applicable; b) pursue the urgent implementation of all aspects of the <i>Agreement regulating gears, systems, methods, techniques and schedules for the performance of fishing activities with smaller and larger vessels in Mexican Marine Zones in the Northern Gulf of California and</i>	60 days before SC77		"The Standing Committee shall [...] make recommendations as appropriate, which may where relevant include recommendations within the mandate of the Standing Committee in accordance with Resolution Conf. 14.3 (Rev. CoP19) on <i>CITES compliance procedures</i> ." [Decision 18.295 (Rev. CoP19)]

* For the purpose of these Decisions, "indigenous peoples and local communities" is understood to include rural communities.

						<p><i>establishing landing sites, as well as the use of monitoring systems for such vessels</i> (“the Agreement”), giving priority attention to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) deploying appropriate authorities with legal powers of seizure and arrest, together with the Navy, to effectively prevent fishers and vessels from fishing with prohibited gear in the vaquita refuge and from entering the zero tolerance area and taking strict action against fishers that use any sites other than the authorized sites for departure and arrival of vessels established by Article 9 of “the Agreement”, to effectively prevent, disrupt and put an end to the activities of fishers that operate illegally; ii) effectively implementing the gillnet ban as anticipated by Article 2 of “the Agreement”; and iii) stepping up efforts to mobilize activities aimed at preventing, detecting and penalizing any manufacturing, possession, selling and transportation of gillnets in the marine area and surrounding areas as determined by “the Agreement”, to ensure the disruption and neutralization of any illegal activities; <p>c) build upon the progress made in collecting and analysing information on organized crime groups operating within Mexico involved in illegal fishing and trafficking of totoaba, and the insights and information gained from such work about the structure and <i>modus operandi</i> of these groups, to further expand intelligence-driven operations and investigations to address and neutralize them;</p> <p>d) maintain resources to ensure uninterrupted gillnet removal to maintain the vaquita refuge and zero tolerance areas net-free, and take all necessary measures to protect net removal teams and destroy confiscated nets;</p> <p>e) scale up activities in support of selective fishing gear development and use, and to consider including such matters related to totoabas and vaquitas in its GEF-8 or other suitable funding sources; and</p> <p>f) submit a comprehensive report on the implementation of Decision 18.293 (Rev. CoP19), paragraphs a) to e) above, as well as Decision 18.292 (Rev. CoP19), to the Secretariat in a timely manner (at least 60 days in advance of the 77th meeting of the Standing Committee) in time for it to convey this to the Standing Committee at its 77th meeting, together with any recommendations it may have.</p>			
Totoaba (<i>Totoaba macdonaldi</i>)	Decision	18.294 (Rev. CoP19)	Parties affected by illegal fishing and trafficking of totoabas, in collaboration with relevant stakeholders	Secretariat	SC	The Secretariat shall: a) seek information from Parties on their implementation of Decision 18.292 (Rev. CoP19);			“The Standing Committee shall [...] make recommendations as appropriate, which may where relevant include recommendations within the mandate of the Standing Committee in accordance with Resolution Conf. 14.3 (Rev. CoP19) on <i>CITES compliance procedures</i> .” [Decision 18.295 (Rev. CoP19)]
Totoaba (<i>Totoaba macdonaldi</i>)	Decision	19.74	China, Mexico and the United States of America	SC	SC	China, Mexico, and the United States of America are requested to jointly submit, through the Chair of the Trilateral Enforcement Contact Group (TECG), a report to the 77th meeting of the Standing Committee on the operationalization of the TECG and the activities conducted in accordance with the TECG terms of reference, as well as associated results achieved.	60 days before SC77		“The Standing Committee shall [...] make recommendations as appropriate, which may where relevant include recommendations within the mandate of the Standing Committee in accordance with Resolution Conf. 14.3 (Rev. CoP19) on <i>CITES compliance procedures</i> .” [Decision 18.295 (Rev. CoP19)]

Totoaba (<i>Totoaba macdonaldi</i>)	Decision	19.76	Transit and destination countries	SC	SC	Transit and destination countries are encouraged to report on implementation of Decision 18.292 (Rev. CoP19) and 19.75 to the 77th meeting of the Standing Committee.			
Wildlife crime enforcement support in West and Central Africa	Decision	18.90 (Rev. CoP19)	Parties importing CITES specimens from West and Central Africa	AC/PC/SC/Secretariat	AC/PC/SC/Secretariat	Parties importing CITES specimens from West and Central Africa are encouraged to assist their counterparts in West and Central Africa, by implementing measures that will address wildlife crime and support legal trade that is limited to sustainable levels, in particular by: c) as a priority, raise any concerns about imports with the exporting State, or with the Animals Committee, Plants Committee, Standing Committee, or the Secretariat.			
Wildlife crime enforcement support in West and Central Africa	Decision	19.84	Parties in West and Central Africa and Parties importing CITES specimens from West and Central Africa	Exporting countries	Exporting countries	Parties in West and Central Africa and Parties importing CITES specimens from West and Central Africa are strongly encouraged to enhance collaboration and communication regarding illegal wildlife trade affecting the two subregions, including by: c) reporting seizures on timber exported from West and Central Africa to the exporting countries as soon as practical, as appropriate, including sharing information described in paragraph 2.1 d) under <i>Strengthen regional and international collaboration to address illegal trade in CITES-listed tree species</i> in the outcome document of the <i>Task Force on illegal trade in specimens of CITES-listed tree species</i> ; and			
Wildlife crime enforcement support in West and Central Africa	Decision	19.87	All Parties	Secretariat	SC	The Secretariat shall: d) issue a Notification to the Parties requesting them to provide information on their implementation of Decisions 19.84, 19.85, 19.86 and 18.90 (Rev. CoP19);			
Illegal trade in specimens of CITES-listed tree species	Decision	19.90	All Parties	Secretariat	SC	The Secretariat shall: a) seek information from Parties on their implementation of Decision 19.89 and report to the Standing Committee on the work undertaken by Parties to implement the measures and activities outlined in the <i>Outcome document of the CITES Task Force meeting on illegal trade in specimens of listed tree species</i> ;			
Cheetahs (<i>Acinonyx jubatus</i>)	Decision	19.104	Parties affected by illegal trade in cheetahs	Secretariat	SC	Parties affected by illegal trade in cheetahs are encouraged to: a) review their national legislation taking into consideration the provisions of paragraph 6 c), d), f), and g) in Resolution Conf. 11.3 (Rev.CoP19) on <i>Compliance and enforcement</i> , and where needed revise such legislation to ensure that it adequately addresses illegal wildlife trade, including illegal trade in cheetahs; b) make use of the secure communication channels provided by INTERPOL and the World Customs Organization to strengthen information and intelligence exchange, and the resources available through the Cheetahs webpage on the CITES website; c) scale up activities to address illegal online trade in cheetah specimens, including by drawing upon the support available through INTERPOL, the <i>Wildlife Crime Linked to the Internet: Practical Guidelines for Law Enforcement Practitioners</i> , and as appropriate, reviewing their implementation of the provisions under "Regarding wildlife crime linked to the Internet", in Resolution Conf. 11.3 (Rev. CoP19) on <i>Compliance and enforcement</i> , and pursue the full implementation of these provisions; and d) report to the Secretariat in advance of the 78th meeting of the Standing Committee on the implementation of this Decision.	90 days before SC78		
Trade in Asian elephants (<i>Elephas maximus</i>)	Decision	18.226 (Rev. CoP19)	All Parties involved in the trade in Asian elephants and their parts and derivatives	Secretariat	SC	All Parties involved in the trade in Asian elephants and their parts and derivatives are encouraged to: a) undertake, as necessary, investigations into the illegal trade in Asian elephants and their parts and derivatives, and endeavour to enforce, and where necessary improve, national laws concerning international trade in specimens of Asian elephants with the explicit intention of preventing illegal trade; b) develop strategies to manage captive Asian elephant populations; c) ensure that trade in, and cross-border movements of live Asian elephants are conducted in compliance with CITES, including the provisions in Article III, paragraph 3, for Asian elephants of wild origin; d) collaborate in the development and application of a regional system for registering, marking and tracing live Asian elephants, requesting as			

						necessary assistance from experts, specialized agencies or the Secretariat; and e) at the request of the Secretariat, provide information on the implementation of this Decision for reporting by the Secretariat to the Standing Committee.			
Jaguars (<i>Panthera onca</i>)	Decision	19.110	Parties, especially those that are range States of the jaguar, and relevant stakeholders	Secretariat	SC	Parties, especially those that are range States of the jaguar, and relevant stakeholders are encouraged to: a) urgently adopt comprehensive legislation and enforcement controls aimed at eliminating the poaching of jaguars and illegal trade in their parts and derivatives, including online sales of specimens; b) include the jaguar as a priority species to be targeted as part of enforcement operations, measures and controls deployed to respond to and address wildlife crime; c) ensure that any illegal domestic and international trade in jaguar specimens detected are included in annual illegal trade reports in accordance with Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19) on <i>National reports</i> ; d) promote the design and implementation of conservation corridors between range countries of the jaguar, strengthening cooperation mechanisms on a local, national and regional level in order to promote good conservation practices; channel investments to the conservation of the species; reduce the threats to the connectivity of its habitats; and strengthen the capacities of the main players involved, including by mobilizing Global Environment Facility (GEF) funding for this purpose; e) support the development of the proposal for establishing a long-term system for monitoring illegal killing of jaguars, associated illegal trade in their part and derivatives and other key aspects related to jaguar conservation; f) raise awareness about the importance of the jaguar and its protection status, its role in the ecosystem and the threats it faces, including illegal trade; g) participate in the meeting of jaguar range States referred to in paragraph c) of Decision 19.111, and other events as appropriate, in order to share experiences and knowledge about the priority issues identified to combat illegal trade in jaguars; h) recognize the jaguar as the flagship species of its range countries so that the protection and conservation of the species and its habitat becomes a joint priority due to its ecological significance; and i) provide information to the Secretariat on the measures and activities they undertook to implement the actions directed to them under this Decision.			
Tortoises and freshwater turtles (Testudines spp.)	Decision	19.125	Madagascar	AC	AC	Madagascar is encouraged to: a) prepare a comprehensive conservation strategy for its four critically endangered species (<i>Astrochelys radiata</i> , <i>A. yniphora</i> , <i>Pyxis arachnoides</i> and <i>P. planicauda</i>), taking into consideration the multifaceted threats of collection for local consumption and international trade compounded by habitat loss; b) undertake the activities in document CoP19 Doc. 78, paragraph 4 b) i) to iv); and c) present the work prepared under paragraph a) of the present Decision to the Animals Committee for assessment at its 34th meeting.*	60 days before AC33		
Rapid guide for the making of legal acquisition findings	Decision	19.129	All Parties	Secretariat		Parties are requested to provide observations and feedback to the Secretariat following their tested use of the Rapid guide for the making of legal acquisition findings.			
Introduction from the sea	Decision	19.140	All Parties	Secretariat	SC	The Secretariat shall: d) issue a notification to collect views from Parties and other relevant stakeholders on the ten most frequently asked questions and submit them to the Standing Committee for its consideration.			
Definition of 'appropriate and acceptable destinations'	Decision	19.164	All Parties	Secretariat	AC/SC	The Secretariat shall: a) issue a Notification to the Parties within one year of the close of the 19th meeting of the Conference of the Parties, inviting feedback on experience with using the guidance documents and other information			

* As adopted at CoP19. The Secretariat believes that the intention was for Madagascar report to the 33rd meeting of the Animals Committee since the 34th meeting of the Animals Committee would take place after CoP20.

						<p>provided on the CITES webpage “Appropriate and acceptable destinations”, and</p> <p>b) report on this feedback to the Animals Committee and the Standing Committee for their consideration and recommendations, as appropriate.</p>			
West African vultures (Accipitridae spp.)	Decision	19.192	West African range States (Benin, Burkina Faso, Cabo Verde, Côte d’Ivoire, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Liberia, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone and Togo)	Secretariat	AC/SC	<p>West African range States for <i>Gyps africanus</i> (Whitebacked vulture), <i>Gyps fulvus</i> (Griffon vulture), <i>Gyps rueppelli</i> (Rüppell’s vulture), <i>Necrosyrtes monachus</i> (Hooded vulture), <i>Neophron percnopterus</i> (Egyptian vulture), <i>Torgos tracheliotos</i> (Lappet-faced vulture), and <i>Trigonoceps occipitalis</i> (White-headed vulture) are urged to:</p> <p>a) integrate illegal vulture trade considerations into their implementation of the West Africa Strategy on Combatting Wildlife Crime (WASCWC) and any decisions relating to Wildlife crime enforcement support in West and Central Africa adopted by the Conference of the Parties at its 19th meeting;</p> <p>b) ensure that national laws to protect vultures and control trade in vulture parts and derivatives are effectively implemented, and ensure that penalties for non-compliance are sufficient to deter illegal trade;</p> <p>c) ensure that any international trade in West African vultures is not allowed except in accordance with CITES requirements, and if international trade is found not to be in accordance with CITES requirements, consider implementing a zero export quota;</p> <p>d) follow Resolution Conf. 16.7 (Rev. CoP17) on <i>Non-detriment findings</i>, and, in cases where there is an interest in exporting globally threatened vulture species, consider submitting non-detriment findings for the export of vulture specimens to the Secretariat for inclusion on the CITES website and review by the Animals Committee;</p> <p>e) identify any trade-related issues associated with the implementation of the Multi-species Action Plan to Conserve African-Eurasian Vultures (Vulture MsAP) 2017-2029 of the Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals (CMS);</p> <p>f) work with relevant experts and organizations for implementing demand reduction strategies for vultures and their parts and derivatives including for belief-based use and consumption and, where appropriate, expand the implementation of strategies that have been successful;</p> <p>g) work with relevant organizations to initiate wide-scale public awareness campaigns at regional, national and local levels about the impacts of trade in these species, including the importance of vulture species to ecology and human health, the negative impacts of belief-based use of vulture body parts, and existing national and international legislation that protects vultures; and</p> <p>h) provide information to the Secretariat on the implementation of this Decision to assist it in reporting to the Animals Committee and Standing Committee, as appropriate.</p>			
Pangolins (<i>Manis</i> spp.)	Decision	18.238	All pangolin range States (Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, China, Congo, Côte d’Ivoire, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Equatorial Guinea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, India, Indonesia, Kenya, Lao People’s	Secretariat	AC/SC	<p>All pangolin range States that have not yet done so, are encouraged to take urgent steps to develop and implement <i>in situ</i> pangolin management and conservation programmes, which includes population assessments, as anticipated in paragraph 7 of Resolution Conf. 17.10 (Rev. CoP19) on <i>Conservation of and trade in pangolins</i>, and report on the implementation of this Decision to the Secretariat.</p>			

			Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Malaysia, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Niger, Nigeria, Pakistan, Philippines, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Togo, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Viet Nam, Zambia, Zimbabwe)						
Pangolins (<i>Manis</i> spp.)	Decision	19.203	Parties, international organizations, international aid agencies and non-governmental organizations	Secretariat		The Secretariat shall: a) issue a Notification inviting Parties, international organizations, international aid agencies and non-governmental organizations that developed tools and materials that could assist Parties in the implementation of Resolution Conf. 17.10 (Rev. CoP19) or identification materials concerning pangolin species, their parts and derivatives, to bring such materials to the attention of the Secretariat;			
Saiga antelope (<i>Saiga</i> spp.)	Decision	19.213	Range States of saiga antelope (<i>Saiga</i> spp.) (Kazakhstan, Mongolia, the Russian Federation, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan), and important consumer and trading countries of saiga parts and derivatives	Secretariat	SC	b) Consistent with the measures directed to saiga range States in MTIWP (2021-2025), the range States of the saiga antelope are encouraged to establish internal market controls for saiga parts, including registration of stockpiles, labelling of parts and products, and registration of manufacturers and traders, and report such information to the CITES Secretariat.			
Eels (<i>Anguilla</i> spp.)	Decision	19.218	Range States of European eels (<i>Anguilla anguilla</i>) (Albania, Algeria, Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Egypt, Estonia, Faroe Islands, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Latvia, Lebanon, Libya, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,	Secretariat	AC/SC	Range States of European eels (<i>Anguilla anguilla</i>), transit and importing Parties are encouraged to: a) strengthen co-ordination between range States, (re-)exporting and importing Parties to improve traceability and effective enforcement measures for trade in <i>Anguilla</i> spp., particularly the European eel; b) submit any non-detriment finding studies on European eels they have undertaken to the Secretariat for inclusion on the CITES website; explore the different approaches that might be taken for making non-detriment findings for European eels traded as fingerlings (FIG) compared with those traded as other live eels (LIV); collaborate and share information with other Parties regarding such studies and their outcome, especially where the Parties share catchments or water bodies; seek review and advice from the Animals Committee or other suitable body on any non-detriment findings for European eels, where appropriate; c) develop and/or implement adaptive European eel management plans at national or sub-national (or catchment) level, with defined and time-bound goals, and enhance collaboration within countries between authorities and other stakeholders with responsibilities for eel management, and between countries where water bodies or catchments are shared; d) implement the reporting recommendations in document SC75 Doc. 12 to ensure that, where possible, trade in Anguillid eels is reported at			

			Mauritania, Montenegro, Morocco, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Russian Federation, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland) and importing Parties			species-level and differentiated by life stage (as set out in the <i>Guidelines for the preparation and submission of CITES annual reports</i>); e) share information on stock assessments, harvests, the results of monitoring and other relevant data with the Joint Working Group on Eels (WGEEL) of the European Inland Fisheries and Aquaculture Advisory Commission, the International Council for the Exploration of the Seas and the Central Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean (EIFAAC/ICES/GFCM), so that a full and complete picture of the state of the European eel stock can be established; f) develop measures or implement more effectively existing measures to improve the traceability or assessment of legal acquisition of eels in trade (both live and dead) and aquaculture and share these with the Secretariat; g) provide the Secretariat with information regarding any changes to measures they have in place to restrict the trade in live 'glass' or fingerling European eels; h) share with the Secretariat, where available, protocols and guidelines for reintroduction of seized live European eels to the wild; and i) provide information to the Secretariat on the implementation of this Decision or any updates to the information previously submitted in response to Notification to the Parties No. 2021/018 on eels, to allow it to report to the Animals Committee and Standing Committee, as appropriate.			
Seahorses (<i>Hippocampus</i> spp.)	Decision	19.229	Source, transit, and consumer Parties for which there is evidence of illegal and/or unsustainable international trade in dried seahorses	Secretariat	AC	To effectively implement the inclusion of seahorses in Appendix II of CITES, source, transit, and consumer Parties for which there is evidence of illegal and/or unsustainable international trade in dried seahorses are encouraged to: a) collaborate with key stakeholders and species experts to develop national or regional plans of action to improve CITES implementation for seahorses and should include the following, <i>inter alia</i> : i) encouraging collaboration and communication between key stakeholders at a national and regional level, including Environment, Fisheries and Enforcement agencies, with respect to CITES implementation and data gathering for the international trade in seahorses; ii) improving monitoring, detection and law enforcement activities related to seahorses in coastal areas and at transaction points (e.g. in the marketplace, online, in maritime areas, and at air- and seaports); iii) submitting comprehensive and accurate information on illegal international trade in seahorses in their annual illegal trade reports to the Secretariat, as required in compliance with Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19) on <i>National reports</i> , and in support of Decision 19.228, paragraph a); iv) addressing the main drivers of illegal and unsustainable trade by effectively regulating and constraining the operations of non-selective fishing gears, such as bottom trawls and gillnets, to reduce their impacts on seahorses, and combating illegal, unregulated and unreported (IUU) fishing of seahorses by developing best practices for sustainable harvest; and b) share progress in developing and implementing these national or regional plans of action with the Secretariat for its report to the 33rd meeting of the Animals Committee.	90 days before AC33		
Queen conch (<i>Strombus gigas</i>)	Decision	19.233	Range States of <i>Strombus gigas</i> (Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, France, Grenada, Haiti, Honduras,	CFMC/OSPE SCA/WECAF C/CFRM/CITES working group on queen conch		The range States of <i>Strombus gigas</i> are encouraged to: a) collaborate to implement the Regional Queen Conch Fisheries Management and Conservation Plan, and develop national Queen Conch Fisheries Management and Conservation Plans, as appropriate; b) continue to collect data on weight of <i>S. gigas</i> by processing grade in order to update and improve the regional conversion factors, and establish or update national conversion factors, taking into account the spatial variability and characteristics of the species; c) collaborate in developing and implementing joint research programmes at the sub- regional or regional level to support the making of non-detriment findings that take into account all fishing mortality, promote relevant research and capacity-building activities through regional			

			Jamaica, Mexico, Netherlands, Nicaragua, Panama, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Trinidad and Tobago, United Kingdom, United States of America, Venezuela)			<p>fisheries management entities and mobilize financial resources for data collection;</p> <p>d) promote and collaborate in developing and implementing public education and awareness programmes regarding the conservation and sustainable use of <i>S. gigas</i>;</p> <p>e) continue to collaborate in exploring ways to enhance the traceability of specimens of <i>S. gigas</i> in international trade, including, but not limited to, catch certificates, labelling systems and the application of genetic techniques, and consider sharing relevant experiences with the Secretariat, Parties and the Standing Committee, as appropriate, in the context of discussions on traceability systems for trade in CITES-listed species;</p> <p>f) collaborate on combatting illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing activity;</p> <p>g) share relevant experiences on traceability systems for specimens of <i>Strombus gigas</i>;</p> <p>h) share information concerning illegal trade in queen conch, including surveillance and enforcement activities, as appropriate; and</p> <p>i) provide progress reports on activities a) to h) to the CFMC/OSPESCA/WECAFC/CFRM/CITES working group on queen conch.</p>			
Brazil wood (<i>Paubrasilia echinata</i>)	Decision	19.249 & 19.251	All Parties, in particular source transit and destination Parties for <i>Paubrasilia echinata</i>	Secretariat	PC/SC	<p>Decision 19.294: The Secretariat shall:</p> <p>a) issue a Notification to the Parties and relevant stakeholders requesting information on recent developments, national and international enforcement actions, illegal trade and marking of bows regarding <i>Paubrasilia echinata</i>,</p> <p>Decision 19.251: Parties, and in particular source, transit and destination Parties for <i>Paubrasilia echinata</i>, are invited to:</p> <p>a) continue national enforcement efforts including investigations of illegal trade in <i>Paubrasilia echinata</i> and complement them with joint enforcement actions.</p> <p>b) consider the registration of stockpiles of <i>Paubrasilia echinata</i> as appropriate;</p> <p>c) offer support in capacity-building to Brazil and other Parties as appropriate to improve the implementation of the listing of <i>Paubrasilia echinata</i>;</p> <p>d) provide information to the Secretariat, as requested in Decision 19.249.</p>			
Trade in medicinal and aromatic plant species	Decision	19.261	All Parties	Secretariat	PC/SC	<p>The Secretariat shall, in close collaboration with the Plants Committee:</p> <p>a) publish a notification inviting Parties to:</p> <p>i) share information materials that have been developed to enhance awareness of CITES regulations and to encourage sustainable use and legal trade in CITES-listed medicinal and aromatic plants and, as far as possible, liaise with key stakeholders of medicinal and aromatic plant trade supply chains for this purpose,</p> <p>ii) review their non-detriment findings (NDFs) for medicinal and aromatic plants and consider sharing such with the Secretariat to be included on the NDF section of the CITES website;</p> <p>iii) assess the utility of the Medicinal Plant Names Service (MPNS) database in their routine work to see if it can contribute to the expansion of the Species+ database; and share any experience of using the MPNS database;</p>			
Orchid specimens exempted through annotation #4 g)	Decision	19.268 & 19.269	All Parties	Secretariat	PC/SC	<p>No less than one (1) year after entry into force of the Decisions adopted at the 19th meeting of the Conference of the Parties, the Secretariat shall issue a Notification to the Parties requesting the following information:</p> <p>a) whether there have been any implementation issues concerning the annotation #4 exemption for finished products packaged and ready for retail trade of cosmetics containing parts and derivatives of specimens of <i>Bletilla striata</i>, <i>Cycnoches cooperi</i>, <i>Gastrodia elata</i>, <i>Phalaenopsis amabilis</i> and <i>Phalaenopsis lobbii</i>, and if so describe the issues;</p> <p>b) whether Parties have identified any conservation impacts of the annotation #4 exemption on the status of <i>Bletilla striata</i>, <i>Cycnoches cooperi</i>, <i>Gastrodia elata</i>, <i>Phalaenopsis amabilis</i> and <i>Phalaenopsis lobbii</i> in the wild; and</p>			

						<p>c) based on the responses received, prepare a report to the Standing Committee on implementation challenges and to the Plants Committee on conservation impacts of the exemption.</p> <p>Parties are encouraged to submit pertinent information concerning the annotation #4 exemption for finished products packaged and ready for retail trade of cosmetics containing parts and derivatives of specimens of <i>Bletilla striata</i>, <i>Cycnoches cooperi</i>, <i>Gastrodia elata</i>, <i>Phalaenopsis amabilis</i> and <i>Phalaenopsis lobbii</i> as requested in Decision 19.268.</p>			
Annotation of Cape aloe (<i>Aloe ferox</i>)	Decision	18.323 (Rev. CoP19) & 18.326 (Rev. CoP19)	Range countries (Lesotho and South Africa), consumer countries, and other countries involved in the management, propagation, or trade of <i>Aloe ferox</i> .	Secretariat	PC	<p>Decision 18.323 (Rev. CoP19):</p> <p>The Secretariat shall issue a Notification to the Parties requesting the following information:</p> <p>a) whether, and if so how, the amended annotation #4 has impacted the international trade in <i>Aloe ferox</i> specimens; and</p> <p>b) whether, and if so how, the amended annotation #4 has affected the population size, distribution, status and harvest of <i>Aloe ferox</i>.</p> <p>Decision 18.326 (Rev. CoP19):</p> <p>Range countries, consumer countries, and other countries involved in the management, propagation, or trade of <i>Aloe ferox</i> are encouraged to provide information regarding the status, management, and trade in this species as requested under Decision 18.323 (Rev. CoP19).</p>			
Taxonomy and nomenclature of African elephants (<i>Loxodonta</i> spp.)	Decision	19.275	All Parties	Secretariat	AC/SC	<p>The Secretariat shall:</p> <p>a) issue a Notification seeking the perspectives of Parties and other stakeholders on the potential effects of recognizing African forest elephant (<i>Loxodonta cyclotis</i>) as a separate species to African savannah elephant (<i>Loxodonta africana</i>) for CITES purposes;</p>			
Cactaceae Checklist and its Supplement	Decision	18.304 (Rev. CoP19)	All Parties	Secretariat	CoP	<p>Parties shall inform the Secretariat on their experience in using the CITES Cactaceae Checklist (3rd edition) and its Supplement (2018) and any issues that may arise as they apply these lists, including feedback to improve it in the light of relevant updates of cacti taxonomy.</p>			
Nomenclature of Appendix-II listed orchids (Orchidaceae spp.)	Decision	19.285	All Parties	Secretariat	PC	<p>The Secretariat shall:</p> <p>a) seek feedback from Parties and relevant experts on their experience in using the standard nomenclatural reference for Appendix-II listed orchids, in Resolution Conf. 12.11 (Rev. CoP19) on <i>Standard nomenclature</i>, including suggestions to improve the standard nomenclature in light of relevant updates in orchid taxonomy;</p>			