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# CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN ENDANGERED SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA

CE

Seventy-seventh meeting of the Standing Committee Geneva (Switzerland), 6–10 November 2023

# Compliance

#### National reports

REVISED GUIDELINES FOR THE PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION
OF CITES ANNUAL REPORTS AND GUIDELINES FOR THE PREPARATION
AND SUBMISSION OF CITES ANNUAL ILLEGAL TRADE REPORTS

- 1. This document has been prepared by the Secretariat.
- 2. The current versions of the *Guidelines for the preparation and submission of CITES annual reports* and of the *Guidelines for the preparation and submission of CITES annual illegal trade reports* were issued in Notification to the Parties No. 2023/039 of 29 March 2023.

# Amendments to trade term codes in both Guidelines

- 3. At its 75th meeting (SC75, Panama City, November 2022), the Standing Committee invited the Secretariat to liaise with Peru on its proposal to include a new trade term code for "thread" and with Canada on its proposal to add further examples for animal hair in the explanation for the trade term code "hair".
- 4. After consultations with Peru and Canada, the Secretariat proposes the following amendments to the Guidelines for the preparation and submission of CITES annual reports and the Guidelines for the preparation and submission of CITES annual illegal trade reports.

Proposed new text is shown underlined and deletions in strikethrough throughout the document.

| Description | Trade<br>term<br>code | Preferred<br>unit | Alternative unit | Explanation  |
|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| thread      | <u>THD</u>            | <u>kg</u>         |                  | thread – includes all threads of natural (e.g. plant or animal) origin, e.g. vicuna, guanaco |
| hair        | HAI                   | kg                | g                | hair – includes all animal hair, e.g. of elephant, yak, guanaco, wolf, bear or panther, etc. |

Amendments concerning the Guidelines for the preparation and submission of CITES annual illegal trade reports

5. The Secretariat is proposing amendments to the Guidelines for the preparation and submission of CITES annual illegal trade reports as shown in the Annex to the present document in order to reflect amendments adopted at CoP19 to Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19) on National reports, to Resolution Conf. 11.3 (Rev. CoP19) on Compliance and enforcement, and to Annex 1 to Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19) on Trade in elephant specimens. The proposed amendments to the Guidelines in the Annex also reflect suggestions made by the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) that manages the annual illegal trade report database on behalf of the Secretariat. The changes suggested by UNODC focus on

improving reporting and on facilitating the upload of the data in the database and further described below in paragraph 12. This also entails changes to the report template.

- 6. At CoP19, the Conference of the Parties amended paragraph 4 of Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19) on *National reports* as follows:
  - 4. AGREES that, unless otherwise specified by the reporting Party, data collected in the annual illegal trade report and included in the database should be made available to Parties for research and analysis of wildlife and forest crime as it affects them, and to the members of the International Consortium on Combating Wildlife Crime (ICCWC) for ICCWC global research and analysis studies on wildlife and forest crime and any data related to seizures of elephant specimens (as prepared by the Secretariat) to ETIS to support the monitoring the illegal trade in ivory and other elephant specimens as provided for in Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19);
- 7. In order to reflect the provisions of Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19), the Secretariat proposes that paragraph 1 e) of the *Guidelines for the preparation and submission of CITES annual illegal trade reports* be amended as follows:

Proposed new text is shown underlined and deletions in strikethrough.

- e) It is recalled that, in paragraph 4 of Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19), the Conference of the Parties agrees that directs the Secretariat to, unless otherwise specified by the reporting Party, share the data collected in the CITES annual illegal trade report should be made available to Parties for research and analysis of wildlife and forest crime as it affects them, and to with the members of the International Consortium on Combating Wildlife Crime (ICCWC), to allow data to be used in ICCWC global research and analysis studies on wildlife and forest crime, and any data related to seizures of elephant specimens (as prepared by the Secretariat) to ETIS to support the monitoring of the illegal trade in ivory and other elephant specimens as provided for in Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19). Each Party should indicate in the annual illegal trade report it submits, whether the data provided in the report may be used by Parties for research and analysis of wildlife and forest crime as it affects them and in the ICCWC-supported global research and analysis on wildlife and forest crime. Each Party should also indicate in the annual illegal trade report it submits whether the data related to seizures of elephant specimens (as prepared by the Secretariat) may be shared with ETIS to support the monitoring of the illegal trade in ivory and other elephant specimens as provided for in Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19). This should be done by ticking the appropriate box provided in the format for reporting. In the event that no box is ticked (whether it is for sharing with ICCWC or ETIS), the Secretariat will consider that the data provided in the report can be shared and used for the purposes indicated with the members of ICCWC.
- 8. Accordingly, the boxes to be ticked in the standard format should be amended as follows:

| <u>Please</u> | select   | one | of | the |
|---------------|----------|-----|----|-----|
| followin      | g option | s:  |    |     |

| Yes, the information provided in this report may be used in the ICCWC-supported global research and analysis on wildlife and forest crime and/or by Parties for research and analysis of wildlife and forest crime as it affects them.                          |  |
|---|--|
| <b>No</b> , the information provided in this report may <u>not</u> be used in the ICCWC-supported global research and analysis on wildlife and forest crime <u>and/or by Parties for research and</u> analysis of wildlife and forest crime as it affects them. |  |

9. Two more boxes should also be added to allow for the sharing of data related to seizures of elephant specimens with ETIS:

# <u>Please select one of the</u> following options:

| Yes, any data related to seizures of elephant specimens can     |   |
|---|---|
| be shared with ETIS to support the monitoring the illegal trade | Ш |
| in ivory and other elephant specimens as provided for in        |   |
| Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19).                            |   |
| No, any data related to seizures of elephant specimens          |   |
| cannot be shared with ETIS to support the monitoring the        |   |
| illegal trade in ivory and other elephant specimens as provided |   |
| for in Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19).                     |   |

10. At CoP19, the Conference of the Parties agreed in Annex 1 to Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19) on *Trade in elephant specimens* which states that, besides the standardized data for the Elephant Trade Information System (ETIS) that will be collected through several mechanisms and formats, including direct data submission to the ETIS Online, "reporting on elephant specimen seizures or confiscations using the CITES annual illegal trade report is encouraged." The Secretariat notes that Annex 1 to Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19) indicates the minimum information required for a record to be included in the ETIS analysis (information required to enable data entry of a seizure case into ETIS). This minimum information corresponds to the following data in the annual illegal trade reports:

| ETIS minimum information                                 | Corresponding data in annual illegal trade reports   |
|--|--|
| i. source of information                                 | Annual Illegal Trade Report (AITR)   |
| ii. date of seizure                                      | Date of seizure  |
| iii. agency responsible for seizure                      | Detecting agency<br>(Select option: Police; Customs; Wildlife Agency;<br>Other (please specify): |
| iv. country of seizure                                   | Reporting Party that submitted the AITR  |
| v. type of ivory and quantity                            | Description of specimen, quantity, unit  |
| vi. type and/or quantity of non-ivory elephant specimens | Description of specimen, quantity, unit  |

11. In order to facilitate the use of elephant seizure data from the CITES annual illegal trade reports for the ETIS data analysis, the Secretariat is proposing the following change to the specific instructions related to the reporting format (section 3 of the Guidelines) in order to indicate what type of information could be included under the column "additional information" for elephant specimen seizures or confiscations as follows:

Additional information (if available)

If more information pertaining to the seizure is available and relevant in understanding and preventing illegal trade in wildlife, this could be included here. This could be further details regarding the methods of concealment or of detection or further details on the mode of transport, e.g., transported by air cargo. This section could also include further details on the exact location of the incident. Further, if you selected "No CITES Permit" as the reason for seizure, please indicate which type of permit was missing (import permit, export permit, re-export certificate).

For elephant specimen seizures or confiscations, in accordance with paragraph 23 of Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19) on *Trade in elephant specimens*, please indicate if forensic examination

was undertaken in the case of large-scale ivory seizures (i.e., a seizure of 500 kg or more). For ivory seizures, specifically for tusks (code TUS) and for worked ivory (codes CAR, IVC, IVP and IJW), please indicate both number of units and weight for each seizure.

- 12. As mentioned above, following consultation with UNODC, the Secretariat also proposes several changes to the *Guidelines* as reflected throughout the Annex to the document that are mainly technical in nature with the aim of facilitating the upload and analysis of the data, for instance reporting the date in separate columns for day, month and year and leaving cells blank (instead of N/A) when there is no information. The following substantive changes are worth highlighting:
  - a) where possible, Parties are asked to record both the number of specimens seized, and their weight or volume. This is pertinent for instance for tusks or rhino horn, but of course not for live specimens.
  - b) "Online monitoring of illegal wildlife trade" has been added as an option under "Method of detection".
  - c) Parties are encouraged to include several types of additional information, such as the latitude and longitude of the incident, the type of permit missing or, if possible, the source of the specimen.

#### Recommendations

13. In accordance with paragraphs 1 and 3 of Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19), the Standing Committee is invited to approve the amendments to the *Guidelines for the preparation and submission of CITES annual reports* in paragraph 4 of the present document and the amendments to the *Guidelines for the preparation and submission of CITES annual illegal trade reports* and the reporting template as outlined in the Annex to the present document.

#### GUIDELINES FOR THE PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION OF THE CITES ANNUAL ILLEGAL TRADE REPORT

Proposed new text is shown underlined and deletions in strikethrough.

#### 1. Introduction

- a) At its 17th meeting (CoP17, Johannesburg, 2016), the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) decided to introduce a new CITES illegal trade report by inserting paragraph 3 in <u>Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19)</u> on *National* reports. The Conference of the Parties in paragraph 3:
  - 3. URGES all Parties to submit an annual illegal trade report by 31 October each year covering actions in the preceding year and in accordance with using the report format and the most recent version of the Guidelines for the preparation and submission of the CITES annual illegal trade report distributed by the Secretariat, as approved by the Standing Committee may be or amended by the Secretariat from time to time with the concurrence of the Standing Committee. to include new terms adopted by the Conference of the Parties:
- b) The present guidelines for the preparation and submission of CITES annual illegal trade reports were prepared by the Secretariat and approved by the Standing Committee at its 71st meeting (SC71, Geneva, August 2019).
- c) The standard format for the CITES annual illegal trade report agreed by the Standing Committee is included at the end of theise guidelines.
- d) The guidelines also include a sample report, titled SAMPLE ILLEGAL TRADE REPORT (hypothetical examples), containing fictive examples prepared by the Secretariat to illustrate the guidance. This sample report containing the fictive examples can be found immediately after the standard format for the CITES annual illegal trade report at the end of this document.
- It is recalled that, in paragraph 4 of Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19), the Conference of the Parties agrees that directs the Secretariat to, unless otherwise specified by the reporting Party, share the data collected in the CITES annual illegal trade report should be made available to Parties for research and analysis of wildlife and forest crime as it affects them, and to with the members of the International Consortium on Combating Wildlife Crime (ICCWC), to allow data to be used in ICCWC global research and analysis studies on wildlife and forest crime, and any data related to seizures of elephant specimens (as prepared by the Secretariat) to ETIS to support the monitoring of the illegal trade in ivory and other elephant specimens as provided for in Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19). Each Party should indicate in the annual illegal trade report it submits, whether the data provided in the report may be used by Parties for research and analysis of wildlife and forest crime as it affects them and in the ICCWC-supported global research and analysis on wildlife and forest crime. Each Party should also indicate in the annual illegal trade report it submits whether the data related to seizures of elephant specimens (as prepared by the Secretariat) may be shared with ETIS to support the monitoring of the illegal trade in ivory and other elephant specimens as provided for in Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19). This should be done by ticking the appropriate box provided in the format for reporting. In the event that no box is ticked (whether it is for sharing with ICWWC or ETIS), the Secretariat will consider that the data provided in the report can be shared and used for the purposes indicated with the members of ICCWC.
- f) Resolution Conf. 11.3 (Rev. CoP19) on *Compliance and enforcement* in paragraph <del>16</del>32, DIRECTS the Secretariat to, subject to available resources:
  - a) analyse, in collaboration with ICCWC partners, the annual reports on illegal wildlife trade Annual Illegal Trade Reports and share relevant information from the analysis with Parties and on the CITES website as appropriate to support enforcement activities and global efforts to tackle illegal trade in CITES specimens;

b) share with Parties information relating to the analysis to support further enforcement activities; and

<del>[...]</del>

c) submit a report on enforcement and compliance matters, which includes inter alia, the analysis of the Annual Illegal Trade Report and relevant information available through ICCWC partners as well as other verified sources, at each regular meeting of the Standing Committee and each meeting of the Conference of Parties based on the analysis and other relevant information available through ICCWC partners.

### 2. General guidance

- a) The annual illegal trade report should be sent to the CITES Secretariat in Geneva, Switzerland, preferably by email. Only the following email address must be used for this purpose: <a href="mailto:reporting@cites.org">reporting@cites.org</a>. If a Party has questions about how to report and needs technical support on reporting, please use the same email reporting@cites.org.
- b) Each annual illegal trade report should cover the period 1 January to 31 December.
- c) The standard format for the CITES annual illegal trade report in Excel is available from the CITES website: https://cites.org/sites/default/files/reports/E-AITR-format-2023.xlsx
- d) The annual illegal trade report should, where possible, be submitted in electronic format (ideally in electronic tabular form, such as tables within Microsoft Excel or Microsoft Word documents). Submission of PDF files should preferably be avoided as these cannot be easily converted.
- e) The annual illegal trade report should be submitted to the Secretariat by **31 October** of the year following the year to which it relates, i.e. the first annual illegal trade report was due on 31 October 2017, covering data from 2016.
- f) The annual illegal trade report should be prepared in one of the three working languages of the Convention: English, French or Spanish.
- g) The annual illegal trade report should include information on all seizures for violations involving CITES-listed species, irrespective of whether the seizure was made at an international border, or at domestic level elsewhere in the country, for example during the search of a private or business property or during inspections at domestic markets. In case of doubt, please include the seizure in the report.
- h) The illegal trade report should, to the extent possible, only include incidents that involve a violation of CITES. If the reason for the seizure is for example exclusively the violation of a national health regulation restricting import of certain live animals and not related to CITES, it should preferably not be included in the report. In cases of doubt, please include the incident.

# 3. Specific instructions

Only one species and specimen type should be included per row of the illegal trade report. If more than one species and/or more than one type of specimen for a specific species were seized during the same incident, these should be recorded on separate rows, each with corresponding number of specimens, weight/volume and unit, method of concealment, etc. In such cases all species and specimen types from that incident should have the same reference number (see below for explanation of reference number).

The headings below refer to the column headings in the standard format for the CITES annual illegal trade report provided at the end of this guidance.

# National rReference number (if available)

All seizure records must be accompanied by a reference number, this could be from the national reference number system, a specific case number, or a unique number created for reporting to CITES. Numeric format is free, and no particular format for such a number is suggested. This number must be consistent for future reference, so the numeric sequence should not be repeated across years. Examples: "20220045" 20-0145, MX19-1183, etc.

It is suggested to include a national reference number or case number and no particular format for such a number is suggested. A national reference number could facilitate communication with Parties should further information or clarification be needed concerning a specific seizure or incident. This reference number is used to link records related to the same seizure incident, in the case of incidents where multiple products, specimens or species are seized. Records belonging to the same incident should have the same reference number.

#### Date of seizure

The date of the incident as recorded in the official report on the seizure should be stated. The day, month, and year of seizure are to be entered in their respective columns in the standard form under the "Date of Seizure" section. The date should be indicated in the following format: DD/MM/YEAR or DD-MM-YEAR. Example: 9 July 2016 should be indicated as follows: 09/07/2016 or 09-07-2016. If it is not possible to establish a precise date, enter the month and year in which the seizure occurred, as follows: XX/07/2016 or XX-07-2016.

For seizures made in a previous year, which were not included in the report for that year, it is suggested that such seizures are included and consolidated at the bottom of the illegal trade report, immediately after the last entry relevant to the actual year of reporting. For edits or updated information to previously submitted seizures, please send a separate document with those updated records for clarity and to avoid duplicate entries into the CITES Illegal Trade <a href="Database">Database</a>. Parties are encouraged to make every effort to limit such reporting to exceptional cases.

#### **Species**

Enter the scientific name of the species or subspecies. The scientific names used should correspond to those recorded in the CITES Appendices or, for species included in the Appendices as part of a higher-taxon listing, those included in the standard lists of names approved by the Conference of the Parties (approved names can also be found in the <u>Checklist of CITES species</u> and in <u>Species+</u>, on the CITES website<sup>2</sup>). Abbreviations (e.g. "F. cherrug") and common names should only be used if no other information is available.

If the specimens/species cannot be identified the name of the genus or a higher taxon should be indicated.

Only one species should be included per row of the illegal trade report. If more than one species and/or more than one type of specimen for a specific species were seized during the same incident, these should be recorded on separate rows, each with corresponding quantity and unit, method of concealment, etc.

#### Description of specimen

Seized specimens should be described as precisely as possible. For this purpose, reporting Parties are invited to use the trade term codes, listed in section 4 a) below. If it is not clear which is the correct term to use, or if the specimens are not apparently covered by any of the terms in section 4 a), Parties should describe the seized specimens directly in this column.

For European eel (*Anguilla anguilla*), it is essential that live eels of <12cm length (and which may be referred to as glass eels or elvers) in trade are distinguished from other live specimens by reporting them as fingerlings (FIG); other live specimens should be reported as LIV. It is also desirable that the code for meat (MEA) should be used for trade in eels destined for human consumption. In all cases, Parties should report trade in live specimens (LIV), live fingerlings (FIG) and meat (MEA) of European eel by weight and not as number of specimens. The net weight of live specimens should be recorded and not the combined weight of eels and the water in which they are transported.

# Number of specimens

Enter the number of specimens numerical value for the quantity of items seized. Quantity and unit should be indicated in separate columns. See the next section for details on reporting units. The quantity should always be recorded as number of specimens and never in non-standard units such as 'boxes', 'cartons,' 'containers' or 'bales'. Where possible, all seizures reported should include both quantity and weight/volume for each specimen and species type seized during an incident.

The use of thousand separators (e.g. comma, point or space/period) in the quantity field should be avoided, and the use of either a point or a comma as a decimal separator should be consistent throughout the report.

# Total weight/volume

Enter the numerical value for the total weight or volume of the specimens seized.

#### Weight/volume unit

Enter the appropriate unit of measurement for the description of the specimens that have been seized using the units provided in section 4 a).

As far as possible, units for weight, volume and length should be recorded in metric measures. Quantities should always be recorded in standard units of measure and never in non-standard units such as 'boxes', 'cartons,' 'containers' or 'bales'.

For sharks and rays (Elasmobranchii spp.), weight (kg) should be used rather than number of items. If no unit is specified, this will be assumed to mean "number" (e.g. number of live animals).

#### Location of incident

The location where the seizure took place should be indicated. If possible, this should be specified by the name of a port of entry, the name of an airport, a city/town or a specific border crossing. The address of the location is not necessary.

If no information on the location of the seizure is available, the ISO2-code of the country in which the seizure took place should be indicated. Do not use any other country codes or country names than the ones listed in section 4 b) of this guidance document.

#### **Detecting agency**

The agency that discovered the offence should be indicated. In the electronic format for reporting, the following options have been pre-selected: police, customs or wildlife agency. These three would include all agencies administratively linked to them. For instance, the customs authorities may have specific units in airports, in ports and harbours and at border crossings. However, as they are all part of the customs, that option should be selected. If none of the pre-selected authorities seized the specimen, please indicate the authority in question (this could for instance be the fisheries inspection or veterinary services).

### Method of detection (if available)

It is suggested to provide information on the method of detection and Parties are encouraged to provide the information if available. Understanding which methods of detection are used successfully could contribute to addressing illegal trafficking of wildlife. If the information is not available, or if the Party is not in a position to share the information for other reasons, the column should be left empty.

The following methods of detection have been pre-selected:

Scanning images

Risk assessment

Random check

Sniffer dog

Third-Party information

Physical inspection

Online monitoring of illegal wildlife trade

Other (specify):

If selecting "other" please specify in the "additional information" field.

#### Reason for seizure

As noted above, the data should only include <u>seizures</u> <u>violations</u> involving CITES-listed species. Seizures made for other reasons, e.g. violation of national hunting legislation, should preferably not be included in the report.

The pre-selected options for the legal reason for the seizure are: No CITES permit, mis-declared, illegal crossing, other (please specify). If selecting "other", please specify in the "additional information" field.

No CITES permit: This means that the specimen seized should have been accompanied by a CITES permit or a CITES certificate but that no documents were provided upon request. It would also cover situations where the specimen was found unaccompanied.

<u>Mis-declared:</u> This covers cases of invalid permits (e.g. expired), fraudulent permits (e.g. fraudulent signature), inexact permits (wrong species, quantity, listing), insufficient permits (e.g. no import permit for App. I listed species), or more species than indicated on the permit.

<u>Illegal point of crossing</u>: Most Parties have designated points and ports of entry in their national CITES legislation in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article VIII of the Convention. Illegal crossing refers to passage outside those designated points, even with valid CITES documents.

Other (please specify): This could for instance cover incidents of trade involving a Party that is currently under a recommendation to suspend trade. The exact reasons for seizure should be explained in the "additional information" field

#### Mode of transport

This refer to the mode of transport that was used at the time of the seizure. The five possible modes of transport that have been pre-selected are:

air,
mail,
maritime,
rail, and
road.

If several modes of transport were used in the transaction that led to the seizure, the latest mode should be selected. E.g. if a specimen had travelled from country A to country B by air but was seized as it crossed the border from country B to country C by road, "road" should be selected as the mode of transport.

If the seizure took place <u>before</u> any transport or <u>after</u> the transport of the illegal consignment and no information is available on the mode of transport, please leave the cell empty.

# Method of concealment

Please describe in a concise manner the way the specimen was concealed. The method of concealment will often depend on the means of transport and on the type of specimens. There are unlimited ways of concealing illegally traded specimens and therefore no pre-selected options are proposed in the format. If useful and available, add information on the mode of transport. Please see sample report at the end of this guidance for examples.

# Alleged country of origin

If available, the name of the <u>alleged</u> country of origin should be indicated by the use of two-letter ISO codes for the representation of names of countries, in accordance with the list in section 4 b) below. <u>This is not necessarily the same as the country where the specimen was removed from the wild.</u> If the <u>alleged</u> country of origin is unknown, the cell should be left empty. Any country codes or country names other than the ones listed in section 4 b) should not be used.

#### Country(ies) of transit

All known countries of transit should be indicated, and multiple transit countries should as far as possible be listed in the actual trade order separated by a comma (,). This is critically important information to better understand illegal trade routes. Please use the two-letter ISO codes for the representation of names of countries, in accordance with the list in section 4 b) below. If more detailed information is available concerning the trade route (e.g. name of port or airport, or border crossing), this may be provided in the column for additional information. If the countries of transit are unknown or not possible to credibly establish, leave the cell empty. The alleged country of origin and the country(ies) of transit should not be the same.

#### Alleged final country of destination

If available, the country of that is the final country of destination should be indicated by the use of two-letter ISO codes for the representation of names of countries, in accordance with the list in section 6 b) below. If additional information about the final destination is available (e.g. region or city), this may be provided in the column for additional information. If the final country of destination is unknown or not possible to credibly establish, leave the cell empty.

#### Estimated value in country (if available)

The estimated value in the country of seizure should be indicated, if possible, not the declared value unless they are the same. If different from a declared value, it is estimated value that should be indicated. The value of the entire consignment should be indicated. E.g., if a shipment of 90 specimens each worth approximately USD 200 has been seized, the estimated value to indicate would be USD 18000. If several species were seized in one shipment (see above), they should be reported on separate lines and information about their value should be provided separately as well. If the latter is not possible, please provide the overall value of the shipment in the "additional information" section.

If an estimated value of the seized shipment is not available, provide where possible a small range, e.g. USD 500-600 (keep the range as small as possible). Even an estimated range will be helpful to assess the total value of global illegal trade in specimens of CITES-listed species. It is preferable to provide the value in a globally recognized currency, such as USD or EUR, but if not possible, indicate in the currency in which the value has been provided. Please indicate the currency in the column to the left and the amount in the column to the right.

The use of thousand separators (e.g. comma, point or space/period) in the value field should be avoided.

# Nationality of offenders (if available)

Where possible and if available, provide the nationality of each offender against whom administrative measures, criminal prosecutions or other court actions associated with the seizure have been initiated or imposed. If an offender has more than one nationality, please indicate all of them. Please see sample report at the end of this guidance for examples.

If no offender was identified, please leave blank indicate "N/A".

Only one offender should be included per row of the illegal trade report. If more than one offender were convicted or fined, this information should be provided on separate rows, each with corresponding law and sanction.

Please do NOT include the names of any offenders in the report. Parties who wish to bring the names of offenders to the attention of the CITES Secretariat should do so through separate correspondence.

# Information on the offence related to the seizure

The last three columns relate to a subsequent case under which the offenders are brought to trial and sentenced as well as the final disposal of the confiscated specimens. These are marked as desirable because the information requested may only become available much later in time than the actual seizure. If information is not available because the case has not yet been finalized in court, please indicate this <u>by marking "pending" in the section</u>. If the case has been withdrawn, please indicate this, including the reasons for the withdrawal if possible.

Please note that information that becomes available subsequently to the submission of the annual illegal trade

report should be reported in the Implementation report. See Notification No. 2016/006, and in particular section 1.7.5 on *inter alia* criminal prosecutions and other court actions for CITES-related offenses. The same seizure should not be reported again in the year the court actions take place, in cases where proceedings span more than one calendar year.

If a sanction, e.g. a fine or confiscation, has been imposed without a court case, please indicate the sanction. Law under which the charges were brought (desirable)

If no charges have been brought, please indicate this by marking "no charges" in the section.

If charges have been brought but the case not yet heard or concluded, information on the law under which the charges were brought can be provided. If several laws have been invoked in the charges, please indicate all of them.

# Sanction (desirable)

If the case has been heard and a sentence pronounced, please indicate the sanction(s) (imprisonment, fine, confiscation, etc.) If there are more elements in the sanction, please include all of them. If an appeal is pending, please note this as well, but indicate the sanction pronounced in the first instance. If a sanction, such as a fine or confiscation, has been imposed without a court case, please indicate the sanction.

If the case has not (yet) been heard, please indicate this, using the term 'pending'.

#### Disposal of confiscated specimens (desirable)

Information in this column should include disposal of seized specimens in the instances where the seizure is final. In cases where disposal of the seized specimens can only take place after a court decision on confiscation, the information should only be provided when the final court decision has occurred. In such cases please indicate "Pending court decision".

Reference is made to Resolution Conf. 17.8 (Rev. CoP19) on Disposal of illegally traded and confiscated specimens of CITES-listed species and the provisions set out therein. The following pre-selected options are available to indicate the final disposal of the confiscated/seized specimens:

Returned to the country of export

Public zoos or botanical gardens

Designated rescue centres

Approved, private facilities

Euthanasia/destruction

Storage/Safekeeping

Sale/transformation

Educational purposes

Other (please specify):

Note that Resolution Conf. 17.8 (Rev. CoP19) contains guidance on disposal of confiscated specimens.

### Additional information (if available)

If more information pertaining to the seizure is available and relevant in understanding and preventing illegal trade in wildlife, this could be included here. This could be further details regarding the methods of concealment or of detection or further details on the mode of transport, e.g., transported by air cargo. This section could also include further details on the exact location of the incident. Further, if you selected "No CITES Permit" as the reason for seizure, please indicate which type of permit was missing (import permit, export permit, re-export certificate).

If available, you can also include here the latitude and longitude of the incident in the ISO 6709 format.

If you are able to reliably determine the source of the specimen, please indicate here whether the specimen is wild-caught, captive-bred or artificially propagated.

For elephant specimen seizures or confiscations, in accordance with paragraph 23 of Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19) on *Trade in elephant specimens*, please indicate if forensic examination was undertaken in the case of large-scale ivory seizures (i.e., a seizure of 500 kg or more). For ivory seizures, specifically for tusks (code TUS) and for worked ivory (codes CAR, IVC, IVP and IJW), please indicate both number of units and weight for each seizure.

# 4. Terminology

# a) Description of specimens and units of quantity

| Description                       | Code | Preferred unit | Alternative unit | Explanation   |
|-----------------------------------|------|----------------|------------------|---|
| baleen                            | BAL  | kg             | no.              | elastic sheets of keratin that hang from the upper jaw of baleen whales (Mysticeti) and allow them to feed  |
| bark                              | BAR  | kg             |                  | tree bark (raw, dried or powdered; unprocessed)   |
| body                              | BOD  | no.            | kg               | substantially whole dead animals, including whole fish, stuffed turtles, preserved butterflies, reptiles in alcohol, whole stuffed hunting trophies, etc. If referring to specimens of sharks and rays (Elasmobranchii spp.), the preferred unit is kg.   |
| bone                              | BON  | kg             | no.              | bones, including jaws   |
| calipee                           | CAL  | kg             |                  | calipee or calipash (turtle cartilage for soup)   |
| carapace                          | CAP  | no.            | kg               | raw or unworked whole shells of Testudines species  |
| carving                           | CAR  | kg             | no.              | carved products other than ivory, bone or horn – for example coral and wood (including handicrafts).  N.B: Ivory carvings should be specified as such (see below – "IVC"). Also, for species from which more than one type of product may be carved (e.g. horn and bone), the trade term code should indicate the type of product in trade (e.g. bone carving "BOC" or horn carving – "HOC"), where possible. |
| carving - bone                    | BOC  | kg             | no.              | bone carving  |
| carving - horn                    | HOC  | kg             | no.              | horn carving  |
| carving – ivory<br>(worked ivory) | IVC  | kg             | no.              | ivory carvings, including e.g. smaller worked pieces of ivory (knife handles, chess sets, marjoram sets etc). N.B. Whole carved tusk should be reported as carving – ivory (IVC) not as tusk (see "TUS" below). Jewellery made from carved ivory should be reported as 'jewellery – ivory' (see IJW below).   |
| caviar                            | CAV  | kg             |                  | unfertilized dead processed eggs from all species of Acipenseriformes; also known as roe  |
| chips (woodchips)                 | CHP  | kg             |                  | chips of timber, especially Aquilaria spp., Gyrinops spp. and Pterocarpus santalinus  |

| claw        | CLA | no.                 | kg  | claws – e.g. of Felidae, Ursidae or Crocodylia (NB: 'turtle claws' are usually scales and not real claws)   |
|-------------|-----|---------------------|-----|---|
| cloth       | CLO | m²                  | kg  | cloth – if the cloth is not made entirely from the hair of a CITES species, the weight of hair of the species concerned should instead, if possible, be recorded under 'HAI'  |
| coral (raw) | COR | no.                 | kg  | raw or unworked coral and coral rock (also live rock and substrate) [as defined in Resolution Conf. 11.10 (Rev. CoP15)]. Coral rock should be recorded as 'Scleractinia spp.' NB: the trade should be recorded by number of pieces only if the coral specimens are transported in water.  Live rock (transported moist in boxes) should be reported in kg; coral substrate should be reported as number of pieces (since these are transported in water as the substrate to which non-CITES corals are attached).   |
| cosmetics   | COS | g                   | ml  | Any product or mixture of products which is applied to an external part of the body only (e.g. skin, hair, nails, genitals, lips or teeth or the mucous membranes of the oral cavity) with the intent to clean, odorise, change the appearance or protect. Cosmetics may include the following: make-up, perfume, skin cream, nail polish, hair colourants, soap, shampoo, shaving cream, deodorant, sunscreens, toothpaste.  Cosmetics which include extracts of CITES-listed species. The quantity should reflect the amount of CITES-listed species present. |
| culture     | CUL | no. of flasks, etc. |     | cultures of artificially propagated plants  |
| derivatives | DER | kg                  | I   | derivatives (other than those included elsewhere in this table)   |
| dried plant | DPL | no.                 |     | dried plants – e.g. herbarium specimens   |
| ear         | EAR | no.                 |     | ears – usually elephant   |
| egg         | EGG | no.                 | kg  | whole dead or blown eggs (see also 'caviar')  |
| egg (live)  | EGL | no.                 | kg  | live fertilized eggs – usually birds and reptiles but includes fish and invertebrates   |
| eggshell    | ESH | g/kg                |     | raw or unworked eggshell except whole eggs  |
| extract     | EXT | kg                  | I   | extract – usually plant extracts  |
| feather     | FEA | kg/ no. of<br>wings | no. | feathers – in the case of objects (e.g. pictures) made of feathers, record the number of objects  |
| fibre       | FIB | Kg                  | m   | natural fibre: generic term for several types of material of natural (i.e. plant or animal) origin. Animal fibre can usually be spun and woven and is usually very fine and has good flexibility. – e.g. fibre coming from the shearing of live vicunas. It also includes fibres from animal intestines used to make strings for tennis rackets   |
| fin (dried) | DFN | kg                  |     | dried fins and parts of fins (including flippers)   |
| fin (wet)   | FFN | kg                  |     | Fresh, chilled or frozen fins and parts of fins (including flippers)  |

| fingerlings                         | FIG | kg             | no. | live juvenile fish for the aquarium trade, aquaculture, hatcheries, consumption or for release, including live European eels ( <i>Anguilla anguilla</i> ) up to 12cm length   |
|-------------------------------------|-----|----------------|-----|---|
| flower                              | FLO | kg             |     | Flowers   |
| flower pot                          | FPT | no.            |     | flower pots made from parts of a plant – e.g. tree fern fibres (NB: live plants traded in so-called 'community pots' should be recorded as 'live plants', not as flower pots)   |
| frog legs                           | LEG | kg             | no. | frog legs   |
| fruit                               | FRU | kg             |     | Fruit   |
| foot                                | FOO | no.            |     | feet – e.g. of elephant, rhinoceros, hippopotamus, lion, crocodile, etc.  |
| fur products (large)                | FPL | no.            |     | large manufactured products of fur – e.g. bear or lynx fur blankets or other fur products of a substantial size.  |
| fur product (small)                 | FPS | no.            |     | small manufactured products of fur– including handbags, key fobs, purses, pillows, trim, etc.   |
| gall                                | GAL | kg             | no. | Gall  |
| gall bladder                        | GAB | no.            | kg  | gall bladder  |
| garment                             | GAR | no.            |     | garments – including gloves and hats but not shoes. Includes trimming or decoration on garments   |
| genitalia                           | GEN | kg             | no. | castrates and dried penes   |
| gill plates                         | GIL | kg             | no. | gill plates (e.g. for sharks)   |
| graft rootstock                     | GRS | no.            |     | graft rootstocks (without the grafts)   |
| hair                                | HAI | kg             | g   | hair – includes all animal hair, e.g. of elephant, yak, guanaco, wolf, bear or panther, etc.  |
| hair products                       | HAP | no.            | g   | products made of hair (e.g. elephant hair bracelets)  |
| horn                                | HOR | no.            | kg  | horns – includes antlers  |
| jewellery                           | JWL | no.            | g   | jewellery – including bracelets, necklaces, and other items of jewellery from products other than ivory (e.g. wood, coral, etc.)  |
| jewellery – ivory<br>(worked ivory) | IJW | no.            | g   | jewellery made of ivory – includes ekipas   |
| kernel                              | KNL | kg             |     | also known as 'endosperm', 'pulp' or 'copra'  |
| leather product (large)             | LPL | no.            |     | large manufactured products of leather – e.g. briefcases, furniture, suitcases, travel trunks   |
| leather product<br>(small)          | LPS | no.            |     | small manufactured products of leather – e.g. belts, braces, bicycle saddles, cheque book or credit card holders, handbags, key fobs, notebooks, purses, shoes, tobacco pouches, wallets, watch-straps and trim   |
| live                                | LIV | no.            | kg  | live animals and plants, excluding live fingerling fish – see FIG   |
| leaf                                | LVS | kg             | no. | Leaves  |
| logs                                | LOG | m <sup>3</sup> |     | all wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, for processing notably into sawn wood, pulpwood or veneer sheets. NB: trade in logs of special purpose timbers traded by weight (e.g. lignum vitae, <i>Guaiacum</i> spp.) should be recorded in kg |

| meat                         | MEA | kg             |     | meat, including flesh of fish if not whole (see 'body'), fresh or unprocessed meat as well as processed meat (e.g. smoked, raw, dried, frozen or tinned)  The code for meat (MEA) should be used in preference for trade in eels for human consumption. |
|------------------------------|-----|----------------|-----|---|
| medicine                     | MED | kg             | I   | Medicine  |
| musk                         | MUS | g              |     | Musk  |
| oil                          | OIL | kg             | I   | oil – e.g. from turtles, seals, whales, fish, various plants  |
| pearl                        | PRL | no.            |     | pearl (e.g. for Strombus gigas)   |
| piano keys (worked ivory)    | KEY | no.            |     | ivory piano keys (e.g. one standard piano would<br>be 52 ivory piano keys)  |
| piece – bone                 | BOP | kg             |     | pieces of bone, not manufactured  |
| piece – horn                 | HOP | kg             |     | pieces of horn, not manufactured – includes scrap   |
| piece – ivory (raw<br>ivory) | IVP | kg             |     | ivory pieces, not manufactured – includes scrap   |
| plate                        | PLA | m²             |     | plates of fur skins – includes rugs if made of several skins  |
| plywood                      | PLY | m²             | m³  | material consisting of three or more sheets of wood glued and pressed one on the other and generally disposed so that the grains of successive layers are at an angle   |
| powder                       | POW | kg             |     | A dry, solid substance in the form of fine or coarse particles  |
| pupae                        | PUP | no.            |     | butterfly pupae   |
| root                         | ROO | no.            | kg  | roots, bulbs, corms or tubers NB: For the agarwood-producing taxa <i>Aquilaria</i> spp. and <i>Gyrinops</i> spp., the preferred unit is 'kilograms'. The alternative unit is 'number'.  |
| rug                          | RUG | no.            |     | Rugs  |
| sawfish rostrum              | ROS | no.            | kg  | sawfish rostrum   |
| sawn wood                    | SAW | m <sup>3</sup> |     | wood simply sawn lengthwise or produced by a profile-chipping process; normally exceeds 6mm in thickness. NB: trade in sawn wood of special purpose timbers traded by weight (e.g. lignum vitae, <i>Guaiacum</i> spp.) should be recorded in kg         |
| scale                        | SCA | kg             |     | scales – e.g. of turtle, other reptiles, fish, pangolin   |
| seed                         | SEE | kg             | no. | Seeds   |
| shell                        | SHE | no.            | kg  | raw or unworked shell of molluscs   |
| side                         | SID | no.            |     | sides or flanks of skins; does not include crocodilian Tinga frames (see under 'skin')  |
| skeleton                     | SKE | no.            |     | substantially whole skeletons   |
| skin                         | SKI | no.            |     | substantially whole skins, raw or tanned, including hides, crocodilian Tinga frames, external body lining, with or without scales   |
| skin piece                   | SKP | kg             |     | skin pieces – including scraps, raw or tanned   |
| skull                        | SKU | no.            |     | Skulls  |

| swim bladder  SWI kg   hydrostatic organ, including isinglass / sturgeon glue    tail   TAI   no. kg   tails - e.g. of caiman (for leather) or fox (fit garment trimming, collars, boas, etc.), als includes flukes of cetaceans.  tooth   TEE   no. kg   teeth - e.g. of whale, lion, hippopotamus, crocodile, etc.  thread   THD kg   thread - includes all threads of natural (e.g. plant or animal) origin. e.g. vicuna, guanaco    timber   TIM   m³ kg   raw timber except sawn-logs, sawn wood and transformed wood    transformed wood   TRW   m³ kg   defined by Harmonized System code 44.09: wood (including strips, friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled), continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, v-jointed), beaded or the like along any edges, ends or faces, whether or no planed, sanded or end-jointed.  trophy   TRO   no.   trophy - all the trophy parts of one animal if they are exported together: e.g. horns (2), skull, cape, backskin, tail and feet (i.e. ten specimens constitute one trophy. But if, for example, the skull and horns are the only specimens of an animal that are exported, then these items together should be recorded as one trophy. Otherwise the items should be recorded under "SKI". Trade in 'full mount', 'shoulder mount' and 'half mount', along with any corresponding past of the same animal exported together on the same permit, and the same animal exported together on the same permit as part of a hunting trophy should be reported as "TRO" trunk (70 kg)   substantially whole tusks, not worked. Includes tusks (raw ivory)   TUS   no. kg   substantially whole tusks, not worked. Includes tusks of elephant, hippopotamus, walrus, narwhal, but not other teeth - N.B. Whole carved tusks should be reported as scarving - ivory (see "IVC" above).   | soup                  | SOU | kg             | I  | soup – e.g. of turtle   |
|--|-----------------------|-----|----------------|----|---|
| NB: For the agarwood-producing taxa Agulatina spa, and Gyringos spo, the prefetred unit is spa, and grade unit is spa, and grade unit is spa, and spa, and and a spa, a   | specimen (scientific) | SPE | kg/l/ml/ no.   |    | (e.g. kidney, spleen, etc.), histological preparations, preserved museum specimens,   |
| tail  TAI  TO.  kg tails – e.g. of caiman (for leather) or fox (fi garment trimming, collars, boas, etc.), als includes flukes of cetaceans.  tooth  TEE  no.  kg teeth – e.g. of whale, lion, hippopotamus, crocodile, etc.  thread  THD  kg thread – includes all threads of natural (e.g., plant or animal) origin, e.g., vicuna, guanaco timber  TIM  m³ kg raw timber except saw-ucod and transformed wood  transformed wood  TRW  m³ kg defined by Harmonized System code 44,09; Wood (including strips, friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled), continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, v-jointed, beaded of the lible along any edges, ends or faces, whether or no planed, sanded or end-jointed.  trophy  TRO  no.  trophy = all the trophy parts of one animal if the are exported together: e.g. horns (2), skull, cape, backskin, tail and feet (i.e. ten specimes constitute one trophy. But if, for example, the skull and horns are the only specimens of an animal that are exported, then these litems together should be recorded as one trophy. Otherwise the items should be recorded under "SKI'. Trade in full mount", shoulder mount an 'half mount", along with any corresponding parts of the same animal exported together on the same permit, should be recorded as one trophy to the same animal exported together on the same permit as part of a hunting trophy should be reported as "TRO"  trunk  TRU  no.  kg elephant trunk. N.B.: An elephant trunk exported with other trophy items from the same animal on the same permit as part of a hunting trophy should be reported as "TRO"  tusk (raw ivory)  TUS  no.  kg substantially whole tusks, not worked. Includes tusks of elephant, hippopotamus, walrus, narwhal, but not other teeth - N.B. Whole carved tusks should be reported as carving ivory (see "IVC" above).  veneer sheets rotary veneer sliced veneer  vener sheets rotary veneer sliced veneer  vener sheets of wood of uniform thickness, usually form or less in thickness, usually peeled (rotary veneer) or sliced (sliced veneer), for use in making plywood,  | stem                  | STE | no.            | kg | NB: For the agarwood-producing taxa <i>Aquilaria</i> spp. and <i>Gyrinops</i> spp., the preferred unit is   |
| tooth TEE no. kg teeth – e.g. of whale, lion, hippopotamus, crocodile, etc.  thread THD kg thread — includes all threads of natural (e.g. plant or animal) origin, e.g. vicuna, quanaco timber TIM m³ kg raw timber except saw-logs, sawn wood and transformed wood  transformed wood  transformed wood  transformed wood  TRW m³ kg raw timber except saw-logs, sawn wood and transformed wood  transformed wood  transformed wood  TRW m³ kg defined by Harmonized System code 44.09:  Wood (including strips, friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled), continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, v-jointed, beaded or the like along any edges, ends or faces, whether or no planed, sanded or end-jointed.  trophy — all the trophy parts of one animal if they are exported together: e.g. horns (2), skull, cape, backskin, tail and feet (i.e. ten specimens constitute one trophy. But if, for example, the skull and horns are the only specimens of an animal that are exported, the these items should be recorded as exported, the these items stogether should be recorded under 'BCD'. A skin alone is recorded under 'SCI'. Trade in 'full mount', shoulder mount' and half mount', along with any corresponding parts of the same animal exported together on the same permit, should be reported as '1 TRO'  trunk TRU no. kg elephant trunk. N.B.: An elephant trunk exported with other trophy items from the same animal on the same permit, should be reported as '1 TRO'  trunk (raw ivory) TUS no. kg substantially whole tusks, not worked. Includes tusks of elephant, hippopotamus, walrus, narwhal, but not other teeth - N.B. Whole carved tusks should be reported as craving – ivory (see "IVC" above).  veneer sheets rotary veneer sliced veneer  VEN m² kg thin layers or sheets of wood of uniform thickness, usually peeled (rotary veneer) or sliced (sliced veneer), for use in making plywood, for veneering furniture, veneer containers, etc.  | swim bladder          | SWI | kg             |    | hydrostatic organ, including isinglass / sturgeon glue  |
| timber  TIM  TIM  TIM  TIM  TIM  TIM  TIM  TI  | tail                  | TAI | no.            | kg | tails – e.g. of caiman (for leather) or fox (for garment trimming, collars, boas, etc.), also includes flukes of cetaceans.   |
| timber TIM m³ kg raw timber except saw-logs, sawn wood and transformed wood transformed wood transformed wood transformed wood transformed wood transformed wood (including strips, friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled), continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, v-jointed, beaded or the like along any edges, ends or faces, whether or no planed, sanded or end-jointed.  TRO no. trophy — all the trophy parts of one animal if they are exported together: e.g. horns (2), skull, cape, backskin, tail and feet (i.e. ten specimens constitute one trophy. But if, for example, the skull and horns are the only specimens of an animal that are exported, then these items together should be recorded as one trophy. Otherwise the items should be recorded under 'BOD'. A skin alone is recorded under 'BOD'. A skin alone is recorded under 'BOD'. A skin alone is recorded under 'SKI'. Trade in 'full mount', shoulder mount' and 'half mount', along with any corresponding parts of the same animal exported together on the same permit, should be reported as '1 TRO' trunk  TRU no. kg elephant trunk. N.B.: An elephant trunk exported with other trophy items from the same animal on the same permit as part of a hunting trophy should be reported as 'TRO'.  Tusk (raw ivory) TUS no. kg substantially whole tusks, not worked. Includes tusks of elephant, hippopotamus, walrus, narwhal, but not other teeth - N.B. Whole carved tusks should be reported as carving – ivory (see "IVC" above).  Veneer sheets VEN m³ kg thin layers or sheets of wood of uniform trickness, usually form or less in thickness, usually peeled (rotary veneer) or sliced (sliced veneer), for use in making plywood, for veneering furniture, veneer containers, etc.   | tooth                 | TEE | no.            | kg |   |
| transformed wood  defined by Harmonized System code 44.09:  wood (including strips, friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled), continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, v-jointed, beaded or the like along any edges, ends or faces, whether or no planed, sanded or end-jointed.  trophy — all the trophy parts of one animal if the are exported together or no planed, sanded or end-jointed.  trophy — all the trophy parts of one animal if the same land and feet (i.e. ten specimens constitute one trophy. But if, for example, the skull and horns are the only specimens of an animal that are exported, then these items together should be recorded as one trophy. Otherwise the items should be recorded under "BOD". A skin alone is rec | thread                | THD | <u>kg</u>      |    |   |
| Wood (including strips, friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled), continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, v-jointed, beaded or the like along any edges, ends or faces, whether or no planed, sanded or end-jointed.  Itrophy  TRO  no.  trophy – all the trophy parts of one animal if they are exported together: e.g. horns (2), skull, cape, backskin, tail and feet (i.e. ten specimens constitute one trophy. But if, for example, the skull and horns are the only specimens of an animal that are exported, then these items together should be recorded as one trophy. Otherwise the items should be recorded under 'BOD'. A skin alone is recorded under 'BOD'. A skin alone is recorded under 'SKI'. Trade in 'full mount', 'shoulder mount' and 'half mount', along with any corresponding parts of the same animal exported together on the same permit, should be reported as '1 TRO'  trunk  TRU  no.  kg  elephant trunk. N.B.: An elephant trunk exported with other trophy items from the same animal on the same permit as part of a hunting trophy should be reported as 'TRO'.  tusk (raw ivory)  TUS  no.  kg  substantially whole tusks, not worked. Includes tusks of elephant, hippopotamus, walrus, narwhal, but not other teeth - N.B. Whole carved tusks should be reported as carving – ivory (see "IVC" above).  veneer sheets  vEN  m²  kg  thin layers or sheets of wood of uniform thickness, usually 6mm or less in thickness, usually peeled (rotary veneer) or sliced (sliced veneer), for use in making plywood, for veneering furniture, veneer containers, etc.  | timber                |     |                | kg | transformed wood  |
| are exported together: e.g. horns (2), skull, cape, backskin, tail and feet (i.e. ten specimens constitute one trophy. But if, for example, the skull and horns are the only specimens of an animal that are exported, then these items together should be recorded as one trophy. Otherwise the items should be recorded under 'BCD'. A skin alone is recorded under 'SKI'. Trade in 'full mount', 'shoulder mount' and 'half mount', along with any corresponding parts of the same animal exported together on the same permit, should be reported as '1 TRO' trunk  TRU  no.  kg  elephant trunk. N.B.: An elephant trunk exported with other trophy items from the same animal on the same permit as part of a hunting trophy should be reported as 'TRO'.  tusk (raw ivory)  TUS  no.  kg  substantially whole tusks, not worked. Includes tusks of elephant, hippopotamus, walrus, narwhal, but not other teeth - N.B. Whole carved tusks should be reported as carving – ivory (see "IVC" above).  veneer sheets  veneer sheets  veneer sheets  veneer sliced veneer  Ven  yeneer sliced veneer  line trophy should form or less in thickness, usually peeled (rotary veneer) or sliced (sliced veneer), for use in making plywood, for veneering furniture, veneer containers, etc.   | transformed wood      | TRW | m <sup>3</sup> | kg | Wood (including strips, friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled), continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, v-jointed, beaded or the like) along any edges, ends or faces, whether or not  |
| exported with other trophy items from the same animal on the same permit as part of a hunting trophy should be reported as 'TRO'.  tusk (raw ivory)  TUS  no.  kg  substantially whole tusks, not worked. Includes tusks of elephant, hippopotamus, walrus, narwhal, but not other teeth - N.B. Whole carved tusks should be reported as carving – ivory (see "IVC" above).  veneer sheets  rotary veneer  VEN  m³  kg  thin layers or sheets of wood of uniform thickness, usually 6mm or less in thickness, usually peeled (rotary veneer) or sliced (sliced veneer), for use in making plywood, for veneering furniture, veneer containers, etc.  | trophy                | TRO | no.            |    | cape, backskin, tail and feet (i.e. ten specimens) constitute one trophy. But if, for example, the skull and horns are the only specimens of an animal that are exported, then these items together should be recorded as one trophy. Otherwise the items should be recorded separately. A whole stuffed body is recorded under 'BOD'. A skin alone is recorded under 'SKI'. Trade in 'full mount', 'shoulder mount' and 'half mount', along with any corresponding parts of the same animal exported together on the |
| tusks of elephant, hippopotamus, walrus, narwhal, but not other teeth - N.B. Whole carved tusks should be reported as carving – ivory (see "IVC" above).  Veneer sheets rotary veneer VEN m² kg thin layers or sheets of wood of uniform thickness, usually 6mm or less in thickness, usually peeled (rotary veneer) or sliced (sliced veneer), for use in making plywood, for veneering furniture, veneer containers, etc.  | trunk                 | TRU | no.            | kg | exported with other trophy items from the same animal on the same permit as part of a hunting   |
| rotary veneer VEN m <sup>2</sup> kg thickness, usually 6mm or less in thickness, usually peeled (rotary veneer) or sliced (sliced veneer), for use in making plywood, for veneering furniture, veneer containers, etc.   | tusk (raw ivory)      | TUS | no.            | kg | tusks of elephant, hippopotamus, walrus, narwhal, but not other teeth - N.B. Whole carved tusks should be reported as carving –   |
| wax WAX kg Wax   | rotary veneer         |     |                | _  | thickness, usually 6mm or less in thickness, usually peeled (rotary veneer) or sliced (sliced veneer), for use in making plywood, for   |
|  | wax                   | WAX | kg             |    | Wax   |

| wood product | WPR | no. | kg | manufactured wood products, including finished |
|--------------|-----|-----|----|--|
|              |     |     |    | wood products such as furniture and musical    |
|              |     |     |    | instruments.                                   |

# Key to units of measure

| Unit of Measure         | Unit Code |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Grams (g)               | GRM       |
| Kilograms (kg)          | KGM       |
| Litres                  | LTR       |
| Millilitres (ml)        | MLT       |
| Metres (m)              | MTR       |
| Cubic centimetres (cm³) | CMQ       |
| Square metres (m²)      | MTK       |
| Cubic metres (m³)       | MTQ       |
| Number of specimens     | NAR       |

NB. If no unit is specified, this will be assumed to mean "number" (e.g. number of live animals).

# b) Names of countries and territories

The countries and entities listed below are designated in accordance with the *English country names and code elements* published by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). Out-of-date names of countries and territories are retained for purposes of recording re-exports of specimens originating in those places.

The ISO list is based on the list included in the *United Nations Standard Country or Area Code for Statistical Use* established by the Statistical Office of the United Nations. The names of countries, territories or other areas correspond to those given in the United Nations *Terminology Bulletin*, issued by the Department of Conference Services. Some additional entities are included in the ISO International Standard with a view to providing more complete global coverage.

However, the designations do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the CITES Secretariat or the Secretariat of the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

| Code | Name                |
|------|---------------------|
| AF   | Afghanistan         |
| AX   | Åland Islands       |
| AL   | Albania             |
| DZ   | Algeria             |
| AS   | American Samoa      |
| AD   | Andorra             |
| AO   | Angola              |
| Al   | Anguilla            |
| AQ   | Antarctica          |
| AG   | Antigua and Barbuda |
| AR   | Argentina           |
| AM   | Armenia             |
| AW   | Aruba               |

| Code | Name       |
|------|------------|
| AU   | Australia  |
| AT   | Austria    |
| AZ   | Azerbaijan |
| BS   | Bahamas    |
| ВН   | Bahrain    |
| BD   | Bangladesh |
| ВВ   | Barbados   |
| BY   | Belarus    |
| BE   | Belgium    |
| BZ   | Belize     |
| BJ   | Benin      |
| ВМ   | Bermuda    |
| ВТ   | Bhutan     |

| Code | Name                                  |
|------|---------------------------------------|
| ВО   | Bolivia, Plurinational State of       |
| BQ   | Bonaire, Saint Eustatius and Saba     |
| ВА   | Bosnia and Herzegovina                |
| BW   | Botswana                              |
| BV   | Bouvet Island                         |
| BR   | Brazil                                |
| BN   | Brunei Darussalam                     |
| BG   | Bulgaria                              |
| BF   | Burkina Faso                          |
| BI   | Burundi                               |
| CV   | Cabo Verde                            |
| KH   | Cambodia                              |
| СМ   | Cameroon                              |
| CA   | Canada                                |
| KY   | Cayman Islands                        |
| CF   | Central African Republic              |
| TD   | Chad                                  |
| CL   | Chile                                 |
| CN   | China                                 |
| СХ   | Christmas Island                      |
| СС   | Cocos (Keeling) Islands               |
| СО   | Colombia                              |
| KM   | Comoros                               |
| CG   | Congo                                 |
| СК   | Cook Islands                          |
| CR   | Costa Rica                            |
| CI   | Côte d'Ivoire                         |
| HR   | Croatia                               |
| CU   | Cuba                                  |
| CW   | Curaçao                               |
| CY   | Cyprus                                |
| CZ   | Czech Republic                        |
| KP   | Democratic People's Republic of Korea |
| CD   | Democratic Republic of the Congo      |
| DK   | Denmark                               |
| DJ   | Djibouti                              |

| Code | Name                              |
|------|-----------------------------------|
| DM   | Dominica                          |
| DO   | Dominican Republic                |
| EC   | Ecuador                           |
| EG   | Egypt                             |
| SV   | El Salvador                       |
| GQ   | Equatorial Guinea                 |
| ER   | Eritrea                           |
| EE   | Estonia                           |
| SZ   | Eswatini                          |
| ET   | Ethiopia                          |
| FK   | Falkland Islands (Malvinas)**     |
| FO   | Faroe Islands                     |
| FJ   | Fiji                              |
| FI   | Finland                           |
| FR   | France                            |
| GF   | French Guiana                     |
| PF   | French Polynesia                  |
| TF   | French Southern Territories       |
| GA   | Gabon                             |
| GM   | Gambia                            |
| GE   | Georgia                           |
| DE   | Germany                           |
| GH   | Ghana                             |
| GI   | Gibraltar                         |
| GR   | Greece                            |
| GL   | Greenland                         |
| GD   | Grenada                           |
| GP   | Guadeloupe                        |
| GU   | Guam                              |
| GT   | Guatemala                         |
| GG   | Guernsey                          |
| GN   | Guinea                            |
| GW   | Guinea-Bissau                     |
| GY   | Guyana                            |
| HT   | Haiti                             |
| НМ   | Heard Island and McDonald Islands |

concerning sovereignty over the Falkland Islands (Islas Malvinas).

<sup>&</sup>quot; A dispute exists between the Governments of Argentina and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

| Code | Name                             |
|------|----------------------------------|
| VA   | Holy See                         |
| HN   | Honduras                         |
| HK   | Hong Kong SAR                    |
| HU   | Hungary                          |
| IS   | Iceland                          |
| IN   | India                            |
| ID   | Indonesia                        |
| IR   | Iran, Islamic Republic of        |
| IQ   | Iraq                             |
| IE   | Ireland                          |
| IM   | Isle of Man                      |
| IL   | Israel                           |
| IT   | Italy                            |
| JM   | Jamaica                          |
| JP   | Japan                            |
| JE   | Jersey                           |
| JO   | Jordan                           |
| KZ   | Kazakhstan                       |
| KE   | Kenya                            |
| KI   | Kiribati                         |
| KW   | Kuwait                           |
| KG   | Kyrgyzstan                       |
| LA   | Lao People's Democratic Republic |
| LV   | Latvia                           |
| LB   | Lebanon                          |
| LS   | Lesotho                          |
| LR   | Liberia                          |
| LY   | Libya                            |
| LI   | Liechtenstein                    |
| LT   | Lithuania                        |
| LU   | Luxembourg                       |
| МО   | Macao                            |
| MG   | Madagascar                       |
| MW   | Malawi                           |
| MY   | Malaysia                         |
| MV   | Maldives                         |
| ML   | Mali                             |
| MT   | Malta                            |

| Code | Name                            |
|------|---------------------------------|
| МН   | Marshall Islands                |
| MQ   | Martinique                      |
| MR   | Mauritania                      |
| MU   | Mauritius                       |
| YT   | Mayotte                         |
| MX   | Mexico                          |
| FM   | Micronesia, Federated States of |
| МС   | Monaco                          |
| MN   | Mongolia                        |
| ME   | Montenegro                      |
| MS   | Montserrat                      |
| MA   | Morocco                         |
| MZ   | Mozambique                      |
| MM   | Myanmar                         |
| NA   | Namibia                         |
| NR   | Nauru                           |
| NP   | Nepal                           |
| NL   | Netherlands                     |
| NC   | New Caledonia                   |
| NZ   | New Zealand                     |
| NI   | Nicaragua                       |
| NE   | Niger                           |
| NG   | Nigeria                         |
| NU   | Niue                            |
| NF   | Norfolk Island                  |
| MK   | North Macedonia                 |
| MP   | Northern Mariana Islands        |
| NO   | Norway                          |
| ОМ   | Oman                            |
| PK   | Pakistan                        |
| PW   | Palau                           |
| PA   | Panama                          |
| PG   | Papua New Guinea                |
| PY   | Paraguay                        |
| PE   | Peru                            |
| PH   | Philippines                     |
| PN   | Pitcairn                        |
| PL   | Poland                          |

| Code | Name   |
|------|--|
| PT   | Portugal                                       |
| PR   | Puerto Rico                                    |
| QA   | Qatar  |
| KR   | Republic of Korea                              |
| MD   | Republic of Moldova                            |
| RE   | Réunion  |
| RO   | Romania  |
| RU   | Russian Federation                             |
| RW   | Rwanda   |
| BL   | Saint Barthelemy                               |
| SH   | Saint Helena, Ascension and Tristan da Cunha   |
| KN   | Saint Kitts and Nevis                          |
| LC   | Saint Lucia                                    |
| MF   | Saint Martin                                   |
| РМ   | Saint Pierre and Miquelon                      |
| VC   | Saint Vincent and the Grenadines               |
| ws   | Samoa  |
| SM   | San Marino                                     |
| ST   | Sao Tome and Principe                          |
| SA   | Saudi Arabia                                   |
| SN   | Senegal  |
| RS   | Serbia   |
| SC   | Seychelles                                     |
| SL   | Sierra Leone                                   |
| SG   | Singapore                                      |
| SX   | Sint Maarten                                   |
| SK   | Slovakia                                       |
| SI   | Slovenia                                       |
| SB   | Solomon Islands                                |
| so   | Somalia  |
| ZA   | South Africa                                   |
| GS   | South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands** |
| SS   | South Sudan                                    |
| ES   | Spain  |
| LK   | Sri Lanka                                      |
| SD   | Sudan  |
| SR   | Suriname                                       |

| Code | Name   |
|------|--|
| SJ   | Svalbard and Jan Mayen                               |
| SE   | Sweden   |
| СН   | Switzerland  |
| SY   | Syrian Arab Republic                                 |
| TW   | Taiwan, Province of China                            |
| TJ   | Tajikistan   |
| TH   | Thailand   |
| TL   | Timor-Leste  |
| TG   | Togo   |
| TK   | Tokelau  |
| то   | Tonga  |
| TT   | Trinidad and Tobago                                  |
| TN   | Tunisia  |
| TR   | Türkiye  |
| ТМ   | Turkmenistan   |
| тс   | Turks and Caicos Islands                             |
| TV   | Tuvalu   |
| UG   | Uganda   |
| UA   | Ukraine  |
| AE   | United Arab Emirates                                 |
| GB   | United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland |
| TZ   | United Republic of Tanzania                          |
| UM   | United States Minor Outlying Islands                 |
| US   | United States of America                             |
| UY   | Uruguay  |
| UZ   | Uzbekistan   |
| VU   | Vanuatu  |
| VE   | Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of                    |
| VN   | Viet Nam   |
| VG   | Virgin Islands, British                              |
| VI   | Virgin Islands, United States                        |
| WF   | Wallis and Futuna Islands                            |
| EH   | Western Sahara                                       |
| YE   | Yemen  |
| ZM   | Zambia   |
| ZW   | Zimbabwe   |

Select option: Police; Customs; Border Control Agency; Wildlife Agency; Forestry Agency; Fisheries Agency; Multiple Agencies/Joint Operation; CITES Management Authority;

Select option: Scanning images; Risk assessment: Random check: Sniffer dog; Third-Party information; Physical inspection; Online monitoring of illegal wildlife trade;

Select option: No CITES Permit; Mis-declared; Inappropriate Point of Crossing or Transit; Other (please specify).

Select option: Maritime: Rail: Road; Air; Mail.

#### Select option:

Returned to country of export; Public zoos or botanical gardens; Designated rescue centres; Approved, private facilities; Euthanasia;/destruction; Storage/safekeeping; Sale/transformation; Educational purposes; Other (please specify).

#### Reporting Party:

| Reference<br>number |  | Species | Description of specimen | Number of specimens | Total Weight /<br>Weight / Volume<br>Volume Unit | Location of incident | Detecting agency <sup>1</sup> | Method of detection <sup>2</sup> * | Reason for seizure <sup>3</sup> | Mode of transport <sup>4</sup> | Method of concealment | Alleged<br>country of<br>origin | Country(ies)<br>of transit | Alleged<br>country of<br>destination | Estimated value i<br>country*<br>Value Curre | Law under which charges were brought (desirable) | Sanction<br>(desirable) | Disposal of confiscated specimens <sup>5</sup> (desirable) | Additional information* |
|---------------------|--|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|
|                     |  |         |                         |                     |  |                      |                               |                                    |                                 |                                |                       |                                 |                            |                                      |  |  |                         |  |                         |
|                     |  |         |                         |                     |  |                      |                               |                                    |                                 |                                |                       |                                 |                            |                                      |  |  |                         |  |                         |
|                     |  |         |                         |                     |  |                      |                               |                                    |                                 |                                |                       |                                 |                            |                                      |  |  |                         |  |                         |
|                     |  |         |                         |                     |  |                      |                               |                                    |                                 |                                |                       |                                 |                            |                                      |  |  |                         |  |                         |
|                     |  |         |                         |                     |  |                      |                               |                                    |                                 |                                |                       |                                 |                            |                                      |  |  |                         |  |                         |
|                     |  |         |                         |                     |  |                      |                               |                                    |                                 |                                |                       |                                 |                            |                                      |  |  |                         |  |                         |
|                     |  |         |                         |                     |  |                      |                               |                                    |                                 |                                |                       |                                 |                            |                                      |  |  |                         |  |                         |
|                     |  |         |                         |                     |  |                      |                               |                                    |                                 |                                |                       |                                 |                            |                                      |  |  |                         |  |                         |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Select option: Police; Customs; Border Control Agency; Wildlife Agency; Forestry Agency; Fisheries Agency; Multiple Agencies/Joint Operations; CITES Management Authority; Other (please specify).
<sup>2</sup> Select option: Scanning images; Risk assessment; Random check; Sniffer dog; Third-Party Information; Physical inspection; Online monitoring of illegal wildlife trade; Other (please specify).

#### Please select one of the following options:

Yes, the information provided in this report may be used in the ICCWC-supported global research and analysis on wildlife and forest crime and/or by Parties for research and analysis of wildlife and forest crime as it affects NO. The miorimation provided in this report may not be used in the ICCWC-supported global research and analysis on wildlife and forest crime and/or by Parties for research and analysis of wildlife and forest crime as it affects

#### Please select one of the following options:

Yes, any data related to seizures of elephant specimens can be shared with ETIS to support the monitoring the illegal trade in ivory and other elephant specimens as provided for in Resolution Conf.

No, any data related to seizures of elephant specimens cannot be shared with ETIS to support the monitoring the illegal trade in ivory and other elephant specimens as provided for in Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP19).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Select option: No CITES Permit; Mis-declared; Illegal crossing; Other (please specify).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Select option: Maritime; Rail; Road; Air; Mail.

<sup>6</sup> Select option: Returned to country of export; Public zoos or botanical gardens; Designated rescue centres; Approved, private facilities; Euthanasia/destruction; Storage/Safekeeping; Sale/Transformation; Educational purposes; Other (please specify).

<sup>\*</sup>means that it is optional to provide the information, even if it is available

Select option:
Police; Customs; Border Control Agency;
Wildlife Agency; Forestry Agency;
Fisheries Agency; Multiple Agencies/Joint
Operation; CITES Management Authority;
Other (please specify).

Select option: Scanning images; Risk assessment; Random check; Sniffer dog; Third-Party information; Physical inspection; Online monitoring of illegal wildlife trade;

Select option: Maritime; Rail; Road; Air; Mail. Select option:

Returned to country of export; Public zoos or botanical gardens; Designated rescue centres; Approved, private facilities; Euthanasia;/destruction; Storage/safekeeping; Sale/transformation; Educational purposes; Other (please specify).

Reporting Party: XX (In this example, where XX is used, it indicates the reporting Party.)

|                     |             |                                |                               |     |          |                            | _                     |                               | _                                  |                                 |                                   |                                |                                 |                            |                                      |   |                              |  |                         |  |   |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|----------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|---|
| Reference<br>number | Date of sei | Species                        | Description<br>of<br>specimen |     | Weight / | Weight /<br>Volume<br>Unit | Location of incident  | Detecting agency <sup>1</sup> | Method of detection <sup>2</sup> ∗ | Reason for seizure <sup>3</sup> | Mode of<br>transport <sup>4</sup> | Method of concealment          | Alleged<br>country<br>of origin | Country(ies)<br>of transit | Alleged<br>country of<br>destination | Estimated value in country*  Value Currency | Nationality of<br>offenders* | Law under which charges were brought (desirable) | Sanction<br>(desirable) | Disposal of confiscated specimens <sup>5</sup> (desirable) | Additional information*   |
|                     |             |                                |                               |     |          |                            |                       |                               |                                    |                                 |                                   |                                |                                 |                            |                                      |   |                              |  |                         |  | Air cargo, incorrect<br>permit (wrong<br>species). Alleged<br>destination: insert |
| CAS 01/01/16        | 1 1         | 2016 Pan troglodytes           | LIV                           | 1   |          |                            | Airport name          | Customs                       | Risk assessment                    | Mis-declared                    | Air                               | Not concealed                  | CD                              | JO, TR, IQ                 | xx                                   | 2000 USD                                    | AF, AL                       | Name of Law, No.                                 | N/A                     | Designated rescue centre                                   | name of region or city if available   |
| CAS 01/01/16        | 1 1         | 2016 Psittacus erithacus       | LIV                           | 90  |          |                            | Airport name          | Customs                       | Risk assessment                    | Mis-declared                    | Air                               | Not concealed                  | CD                              | JO, TR, IQ                 | xx                                   | 18000 USD                                   | AF, AL                       | Name of Law, No.                                 | N/A                     | Public zoo   | Same shipments:<br>Ref. CAS 01/01/16  |
| CAS 05/01/16        | 2 1         | 2016 Manis spp.                | SCA                           |     | 1500     | KGM                        | Border crossing name  | Customs                       | Physical inspection                | Mis-declared                    | Air                               | Not concealed                  | IN                              | NP                         | XX                                   | 700000 USD                                  | DZ                           | Name of Law, No.                                 | X year imprisonment     | Destuction   | Fraudulent permit,<br>known smuggling<br>route                                    |
|                     |             |                                | 557.                          |     |          |                            | Dorder ereesing riams | Cucionio                      | Tryclea mepodici                   | me assial sa                    | 7                                 | Trot golligation               |                                 |                            | 701                                  |   |                              | rame or Law, rec.                                | X year                  | Doddon.  | Offender no. 2;<br>same case: CAS   |
| CAS 05/01/16        | 2 1         | 2016                           |                               |     |          |                            |                       |                               |                                    |                                 |                                   |                                |                                 |                            |                                      |   | AD                           | Name of Law, No.                                 | imprisonment            |  | 05/01/2016<br>Offender no. 3;   |
| CAS 05/01/16        | 2 1         | 2016                           |                               |     |          |                            |                       |                               |                                    |                                 |                                   |                                |                                 |                            |                                      |   | AS                           | Name of Law, No.                                 | X month imprisonment    |  | same case: CAS<br>05/01/2016<br>Insufficient                                      |
|                     |             |                                |                               |     |          |                            |                       |                               |                                    |                                 |                                   |                                |                                 |                            |                                      |   |                              |  |                         |  | evidence. If no<br>offender was<br>identified, please                             |
| CAS 03/02/16        | 5 2         | 2016 Manis tricuspis           | SCA                           |     | 40       | KGM                        | City/town name        | Police                        | Sniffer dog                        | No CITES permit                 | Mail                              | Postal parcel                  | NL                              |                            | xx                                   | 18-20000 USD                                | N/A                          | Name of Law, No.                                 | N/A                     | Educational purposes                                       | leave Nationality of offenders blank  |
|                     |             |                                |                               |     |          |                            |                       |                               |                                    |                                 |                                   |                                |                                 |                            |                                      |   |                              |  |                         |  | lvory wrapped in foil. Confiscation without court case. For                       |
|                     |             |                                |                               |     |          |                            |                       | Wildlife                      |                                    |                                 |                                   | Under<br>traveller's           |                                 |                            |                                      |   |                              |  |                         |  | worked ivory please<br>indicate both<br>number of units and                       |
| CAS 07/03/16        | 4 3         | 2016 Loxodonta africana        | IJW                           | 15  | 0.5      | KGM                        | Town name             | agency                        | Third Party information            | No CITES permit                 | Road                              | clothing                       |                                 | TH                         | XX                                   | 100 USD                                     | Al                           | Name of Law, No.                                 | Fine: USD XX            | Safekeeping  | weight.<br>X years of   |
| CAS 44/05/16        | 14 5        | 2016 Dalbergia cochinchinensis | LOG                           |     | 1000     | CMQ                        | Seaport name          | Customs                       | Random check                       | No CITES permit                 | Maritime                          | Hidden in fuel tanker truck    |                                 |                            | xx                                   | 40-50000 USD                                | AG                           | Name of Law, No.                                 | Appeal is pending       | Sale   | imprisonment in first instance Final destination:                                 |
| CAS 29/07/16        | 11 7        | 2016 Diceros bicornis          | HOR                           | 20  | 50       | KGM                        | Airport name          | Customs                       | Scanning images                    | No CITES permit                 | Air                               | Under cashew nuts              |                                 |                            | xx                                   | 500000 USD                                  | AR                           | Name of Law, No.                                 | N/A                     | Destruction  | insert name of region or city   |
|                     |             |                                |                               |     |          |                            |                       |                               |                                    | ·                               |                                   | Hidden in a shipment of        |                                 |                            |                                      |   |                              |  |                         |  |   |
| CAS 11/09/16        |             | 2016 Hylobates agilis          | LIV                           | 2   |          |                            | Border crossing name  |                               | Online monitoring of               | Illegal crossing                | Road                              | dogs<br>Hidden in check        | TH<br>-<br>RU                   | LA, DE                     | XX                                   | 2000 USD                                    | AU                           | Name of Law, No.                                 | Withdrawn               | Euthanasia   | Insufficient evidence   |
| CAS 19/09/16        | 9           | 2016 Ursus arctos              | SKI                           | 1   |          |                            | Airport name          | Customs                       | illegal wildlife trade             | No CITES permit                 | AIF                               | in luggage                     | RU                              |                            | XX                                   |   | AU                           | Name of Law, No.                                 | Pending                 |  | 3 live captive-bred<br>tiger cubs from a<br>tiger farm seized as                  |
|                     |             |                                |                               |     |          |                            |                       |                               |                                    |                                 |                                   | Hidden in the back of a pickup |                                 |                            |                                      |   |                              |  |                         |  | a result of an<br>undercover<br>operation. Illegal                                |
| CAS 21/09/16        | 15 9        | 2016 Panthera tigris           | LIV                           | 5   |          |                            | Town name             | Police                        | Other                              | Other                           |                                   | trick                          | XX                              |                            |                                      | 50000 USD                                   | XX                           | Name of Law, No.                                 | Pending<br>X year       | Designated rescue centre                                   | selling. The seizure was  |
| CAS 33/10/16        | 10          | 2016 Falco cherrug             | LIV                           | 1   |          |                            | Town name             | Police                        | Third Party information            | No CITES permit                 |                                   | Not concealed                  | XX                              |                            | CN                                   |   | AZ                           | Name of Law, No.                                 | ,                       | Returned to country of export                              | made at a hotel. A fine has been  |
| CAS 55/12/16        | 7 12        | 2016 Callithrix pygmaea        | LIV                           | 1   |          |                            | Airport name          | Wildlife<br>agency            | Third Party information            | No CITES permit                 | Air                               | Smuggling vest                 | CZ                              |                            | XX                                   |   | BS                           | Name of Law, No.                                 | Fine: USD XX            | Approved private facility                                  | imposed without a court case.   |
| CAS 79/12/16        | 8 12        | 2016 Panthera tigris           | MED                           | N/A | 0.2      | KGM                        | Airport name          | Customs                       | Random check                       | No CITES permit                 | Air                               | Hidden in hang<br>luggage      | AR                              |                            | XX                                   |   | вн                           | Name of Law, No.                                 | Pending                 |  | Repeated offender Indicate if forensic  |
|                     |             |                                |                               |     |          |                            |                       |                               |                                    |                                 |                                   |                                |                                 |                            |                                      |   |                              |  |                         |  | examination was undertaken in the   |
|                     |             |                                |                               |     |          |                            |                       |                               | Online monitoring of               |                                 |                                   | Hidden in a truck of           |                                 |                            |                                      |   |                              |  |                         |  | case of large-scale<br>ivory seizures (i.e. a<br>seizure of 500 kgor              |
| CAS 90/12/16        | 10 12       | 2016 Loxodonta africana        | TUS                           | 118 | 626      | KGM                        | Town name             | Customs                       |                                    | No CITES permit                 |                                   | merchandise                    | GA                              | XX                         |                                      |   |                              | Name of Law, No.                                 | Pending                 | Destruction  | more)   |

<sup>1</sup> Select option: Police; Customs; Border Control Agency; Wildlife Agency; Forestry Agency; Fisheries Agency; Multiple Agencies/Joint Operations; CITES Management Authority; Other (please specify).

 ${}^{\star}\text{means}$  that it is optional to provide the information, even if it is available

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Select option: Scanning images; Risk assessment; Random check; Sniffer dog; Third-Party information; Physical inspection; Online monitoring of illegal wildlife trade; Other (please specify).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Select option: No CITES Permit; Mis-declared; Illegal crossing; Other (please specify).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Select option: Maritime; Rail; Road; Air; Mail.

<sup>6</sup> Select option: Returned to country of export; Public zoos or botanical gardens; Designated rescue centres; Approved, private facilities; Euthanasia/destruction; Storage/Safekeeping; Sale/Transformation; Educational purposes; Other (please specify).