

CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN ENDANGERED SPECIES  
OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA

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CITES LISTED SPECIES ON THE IUCN RED LIST OF THREATENED SPECIES:  
CHANGES SINCE CITES CoP18

This document has been submitted by Switzerland in relation to CoP19 Doc 80<sup>1</sup>.

## 1. Background

The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species™ (hereafter IUCN Red List or Red List) is the world's most trusted information source on global species biodiversity and the gold standard for identifying threatened species. Since its creation in 1964, it has guided the actions of governments, businesses, conservation organizations, and public and private financiers. Available to everyone, the IUCN Red List is a comprehensive, objective, transparent, robust, and efficient information delivery system.

Far more than a list, the IUCN Red List is actually a dataset that details both threatened and non-threatened species' abundance, distribution, habitat, and ecology. It identifies known threats and proposes conservation actions, and shows how local populations fit within the global context. The IUCN Red List measures changes in biodiversity health over time – which is crucial for understanding whether conservation actions are actually working.

Due to the wealth of information contained on the IUCN Red List it is a critically important tool for building support for species conservation. Virtually all countries have established protected areas, almost all are Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), all have laws in place to protect threatened species, and many have non-governmental conservation organizations dedicated to species. The IUCN Red List influences and guides governments and international environmental instruments (CBD, CITES, IPBES, Ramsar, World Heritage, and many others), but it has no powers of enforcement, and depends on the quality of its science to convince the relevant agencies to use its results.

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<sup>1</sup> *The geographical designations employed in this document do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the CITES Secretariat (or the United Nations Environment Programme) concerning the legal status of any country, territory, or area, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. The responsibility for the contents of the document rests exclusively with its author*

Within the CITES context, information from the IUCN Red List is widely used by Parties to the Convention, by the CITES Secretariat and by other stakeholders. For example, it is used by Parties in their formulation of proposals to amend the Appendices. It is used by the Parties, the CITES Secretariat and other stakeholders to undertake analyses of the proposals submitted (such as the IUCN/TRAFFIC analyses of the proposals to amend the CITES Appendices – CoP19 Inf.3 and 4). The IUCN Red List is also used when Parties undertake non-detriment findings before e.g., issuing export or import permits and it is referred to when periodic analyses of the Appendices or trade reviews are undertaken.

The IUCN Red List is updated two to three times a year; it is important to note that the whole list is not updated instead, with each update, some species are reassessed and there are a large number of new additions to the Red List due to the drive to expand the geographical and taxonomic coverage of the List to make it more representative of biodiversity. Given the frequency of updates, it is difficult for CITES Parties to keep up-to-date with all the changes.

The intention of this Information Document is to provide Parties with a summary of what has happened on the Red List since CoP18 in August 2019, particularly which CITES-listed species have changed Red List status during that time.

## **2. Methodology**

IUCN and UN Environment World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC) are collaborating on an initiative to cross-map the Red List taxonomy to the CITES taxonomy. This cross-mapping exercise is complex because simple name matching does not mean that the both entities are the same taxonomic concept. A CITES-listed species might relate to multiple species on the IUCN Red List (or vice versa), likewise a CITES-listed subspecies might be a full species on the IUCN Red List or it might be treated as a synonym. The cross-mapping requires extensive ongoing investigation and maintenance because taxonomy is changing all the time and the work is still in its early stages.

For the purposes of this exercise, we have just focussed at the species-level as going below that level becomes complicated because the IUCN Red List assesses subspecies, varieties and subpopulations, all of which are CITES-listed by default if the parent species is listed, but matching all these units to the taxonomic concepts originally listed in CITES requires considerable additional work.

The Species+ online database (<https://speciesplus.net/>) developed by UNEP-WCMC was used as the source of CITES-listed species.

The IUCN Red List and Species+ were compared to identify all CITES-listed species from Appendices I and II that appeared to match a species entry on the IUCN Red List (Appendix III species were excluded). This dataset was then analysed to produce the Tables below. The approach followed here was relatively coarse and some species will have been overlooked as a result; hence the numbers of CITES-listed species reported below are probably under-estimates.

### 3. Results

The IUCN Red List currently has 147,517 species listed; Table 1 shows the break-down of the numbers by Red List Category. Based on the cross-mapping exercise, we found that 9,639 CITES-listed species (of the ~38,000 species listed) are on the IUCN Red List and of these 4,013 CITES species (42%) are listed as threatened (i.e., are listed as Critically Endangered, Endangered or Vulnerable).

**Table 1.** Number of species in each Red List Category on the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species as of 31 October 2022 and the approximate number of these that are CITES listed. Ex – Extinct, EW – Extinct in the Wild, CR – Critically Endangered, EN – Endangered, VU, Vulnerable, NT (or LR/nt) – Near Threatened or Lower Risk/near threatened, LR/cd – Lower Risk/conservation dependent (included with the NT species), DD – Data Deficient, LC (or LR/lc) – Least Concern or Lower Risk/least concern.

Red List Category	Number species on the IUCN Red List	Number of CITES listed species on the IUCN Red List
EX	902	72
EW	82	12
CR	9,065	922
EN	16,094	1,599
VU	16,300	1,492
NT (or LR/nt)	8,714	858
LR/cd	158	7
DD	20,469	789
LC (or LR/lc)	75,733	3,888
<b>Total</b>	<b>147,517</b>	<b>9,639</b>

The numbers in Table 2 are further broken down by major taxonomic group and compared to the overall number of described species in Table 4. The number of CITES-listed mammal species on the IUCN Red List exceeds the number listed on Species+, this is because of differences in taxonomic approach, for example CITES treats the African Elephant (*Loxodonta africana*) as a single species whereas the Red List splits it into two species, the African Savanna Elephant (*Loxodonta africana*) and the Forest Elephant (*L. cyclotis*). Another example is *Cebus imitator*, considered as a good species on the Red List but presumably treated by CITES as a synonym of *Cebus capucinus* (*C. imitator* was formerly a subspecies of *C. capucinus*).

**Table 2.** Number of species evaluated on the IUCN Red List in relation to the overall number of described species and numbers of threatened species by major group of organisms. The number of CITES listed species in Appendices I and II (from Species+) is provided along with the estimated number of these published on the IUCN Red List as of the 2022-1 update and the number of these that are listed as threatened (i.e., are listed as CR, EN or VU).

	Estimated number of described species	Number of species assessed (IUCN Red List version 2022-1)	Number of threatened species (IUCN Red List version 2022-1)	Number of species in CITES Appendices I and II	Number of species in CITES Appendices I and II on the IUCN Red List	Number of species in CITES Appendices I and II listed as threatened on the IUCN Red List
<b>VERTEBRATES</b>						
Mammals	6,577	5,969	1,337	863	945	563
Birds	11,162	11,162	1,409	1,513	1,360	308
Reptiles	11,690	10,150	1,845	890	885	401
Amphibians	8,463	7,316	2,515	198	210	104
Fishes	36,248	24,356	3,548	131	127	94
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>74,140</b>	<b>58,953</b>	<b>10,654</b>	<b>3,595</b>	<b>3,527</b>	<b>1,470</b>
<b>INVERTEBRATES</b>						
Insects	1,053,578	12,161	2,291	49	49	11
Molluscs	84,528	9,017	2,384	93	69	45
Crustaceans	80,122	3,197	745	0	0	0
Corals	5,574	846	232	2,081	855	235
Arachnids	110,615	441	251	43	30	10
Velvet Worms	210	11	9	0	0	0
Horseshoe Crabs	4	4	2	0	0	0
Others	157,543	904	152	5	4	3

	Estimated number of described species	Number of species assessed (IUCN Red List version 2022-1)	Number of threatened species (IUCN Red List version 2022-1)	Number of species in CITES Appendices I and II	Number of species in CITES Appendices I and II on the IUCN Red List	Number of species in CITES Appendices I and II listed as threatened on the IUCN Red List
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>1,492,174</b>	<b>26,581</b>	<b>6,066</b>	<b>2,271</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>304</b>
<b>PLANTS</b>						
Mosses	21,925	282	165	0	0	0
Ferns and Allies	11,800	747	288	662	129	17
Gymnosperms	1,113	1,046	436	359	347	233
Flowering Plants	369,000	59,222	23,551	31,497	4,629	1,989
Green Algae	12,382	16	0	0	0	0
Red Algae	7,480	58	9	0	0	0
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>423,700</b>	<b>61,371</b>	<b>24,449</b>	<b>32,518</b>	<b>5,105</b>	<b>2,239</b>
<b>FUNGI &amp; PROTISTS</b>						
Lichens	17,000	86	62	0	0	0
Mushrooms, etc.	120,000	511	222	0	0	0
Brown Algae	4,485	15	6	0	0	0
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>141,485</b>	<b>612</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,131,499</b>	<b>147,517</b>	<b>41,459</b>	<b>38,384</b>	<b>9,639</b>	<b>4,013</b>

The IUCN Red List is constantly changing with two to three updates published per year. Since CoP18 in August 2019, there have been eight updates of the Red List. The number of species reassessed or newly added to the Red List in each update varies considerably. The scale of the change is illustrated by Table 3, which summarises the number of assessments processed for publication since August 2019. This shows that since CoP18, 53,582 new global species assessments were published on the IUCN Red List. Of these, 42,136 were new entries to the Red List and 11,446 were reassessments of species already on the Red List. The plants, invertebrates, fishes and reptiles were the taxonomic groups that had the most growth in coverage.

In particular, a taxonomic gap in the IUCN Red List was identified for marine ornamental fish. Of the 2,690 marine bony fish species identified in trade, in addition to the 2,100 species that had been assessed prior to 2022, a further 445 species were assessed with 53 assessments released in version 2022-1 and 392 species planned for release in 2022-2 (December).

The number of CITES-listed species affected by the Red List updates are shown in Table 4; this indicates that 1,447 of the 11,446 species reassessed were CITES-listed species. Among the animals, there are high numbers of bird and mammal species that were reassessed as part of the process to complete a global reassessment of these two groups. A high number of CITES reptiles were reassessed and assessed for the first time as part of the process to complete the first global assessment of all reptile species (Cox *et al.* 2022). For the plants, the cycads are the group with the highest number of reassessments which were completed as part of the process to undertake a reassessment of all the world's cycads. A number of CITES plants were assessed for the first time as part of a process to ensure that all CITES-listed trees are assessed as part of the Global Tree Assessment (BGCI 2021).

The IUCN Red List process requires that species are regularly reassessed, preferably every four to five years but at least once every ten years. Assessments older than ten year are flagged as being 'in need of updating'. This flag acts as a 'health warning' to indicate to users that the data contained in the assessments may be out-of-date and hence the extinction risk assessment may no longer valid. Table 5 examines the CITES-listed species on the Red List to see how old the assessments in relation to the ten-year rule, plus it examines how many CITES-listed species are not yet assessed.

Table 5 shows that Red List coverage of CITES-listed vertebrates is fairly comprehensive and most of the assessments are recent (done within the last 10 years). The large number of old reptile assessments is because it took a long time to complete the global reptile assessment (started in 2005 and ended in 2021) so many of the regions where the assessments were first done (e.g., Europe and North America) have out-of-date assessments. The reassessment of the European reptiles is currently underway and UCN is seeking funding to reassess the North American reptiles.

For the invertebrates the coverage is not as good and there are a large number of species which are in need of reassessment (particularly molluscs and corals). A process is currently underway to reassess the warm-water reef building corals, however, there are many other CITES-listed coral species which remain to be assessed.

For the plants, while there is good coverage for some groups (cycads and conifers, both with reassessment processes underway at present), there are large gaps in coverage especially for family listings like for the Orchidaceae (almost 30,000 species).

The numbers of CITES listed species not yet assessed for the IUCN Red List are simply the total number from Species+ minus what is on the Red List. In many cases because of taxonomic discrepancies, the gap will be smaller if not zero (e.g., all cycads and conifers have been assessed for the Red List, so any discrepancies are taxonomic). These cases are highlighted by the use of an asterisk against the numbers.

**Table 3.** Number of global species assessments published on the IUCN Red List since the last CITES CoP (CoP18) in August 2019 (note some species may have been reassessed more than once during this time period).

Red List taxonomic groups	Number reassessed	Number new assessments	Number published
Mammals	1,082	162	1,244
Birds	2,283	51	2,334
Reptiles	926	2,640	3,566
Amphibians	2,134	592	2,726
FW Fishes	1,148	3,925	5,073
Marine Fishes	948	2,057	3,005
Inverts	559	4,329	4,888
Plants	2,365	27,933	30,298
Fungi & Lichens	1	447	448
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>11,446</b>	<b>42,136</b>	<b>53,582</b>

## 5. Additional Information

The aspect possibly of most interest to the CITES Parties are the details about which reassessed CITES-listed species have changed status on the Red List since CoP18. The list of the 484 species that changed status is provided as Annex 1 to this document. For the 36 species that were reassessed more than once since CoP18, only a single entry is presented with the Red List status at the start of the period and status at the end of the period shown with the reason for change being based on the main cause for the change in status across the multiple assessments.

Furthermore, regarding the species included in the 52 proposals submitted for amendment of the Appendices I and II at CoP19, a total of 208 species included within 25 proposals had been assessed or reassessed since the last CoP18 (August 2019).

For future iterations of this Information Document we will investigate what additional lists and information might be useful to the Parties. IUCN welcomes any feedback or comments on this document to make it more useful to Parties.



**Table 4.** CITES listed species (Appendices I and II) reassessed or assessed for the first time since CoP18 (August 2019) on the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species.

CITES taxonomic groups	Number species reassessed	Number of new species assessed	Total number of species assessments published
<b>FAUNA (ANIMALS)</b>			
Mammalia (mammals)	497	64	561
Aves (birds)	380	17	397
Reptilia (reptiles)	152	141	293
Amphibia (amphibians)	41	26	67
Elasmobranchii (sharks & rays)	19	0	19
Actinopteri (fishes)	30	1	31
Arachnida (scorpions & spiders)	0	0	0
Insecta (insects)	4	3	7
Hirudinoidea (leeches)	0	0	0
Bivalvia (clams & mussels)	0	0	0
Cephalopoda (squids, octopuses, cuttlefish)	0	0	0
Gastropoda (snails & conches)	0	0	0
Anthozoa (corals & sea anemones)	0	0	0
Hydrozoa (sea ferns, fire corals & stinging medusae)	0	0	0
Coelacanthi (coelacanths)	0	0	0
Dipneusti (lungfishes)	0	1	1
Holothuroidea (sea cucumbers)	0	0	0
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>1,123</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>1,376</b>

CITES taxonomic groups	Number species reassessed	Number of new species assessed	Total number of species assessments published
<b>FLORA (PLANTS)</b>			
Liliopsida (flowering plants - monocots)	32	680	712
Magnoliopsida (flowering plants - dicots)	60	324	384
Pinopsida (conifers)	1	0	1
Cycadopsida (cycads)	231	34	265
Polypodiopsida (ferns)	0	42	42
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>1,080</b>	<b>1,404</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,447</b>	<b>1,333</b>	<b>2,780</b>

**Table 5.** Number of species listed on CITES Appendices I and II by major taxonomic group, with the number of these assessed for the IUCN Red List more than ten years ago or assessed within the last ten years and the number not yet assessed. These numbers indicate priority groups for assessment and/or reassessment.

CITES Taxonomic Groups	Number of species on CITES Appendices I and II	Number of CITES listed species on IUCN Red List with assessments >10 years old	Number of CITES listed species on IUCN Red List with assessments ≤10 years old	Number of CITES listed species not assessed for the IUCN Red List
<b>FAUNA (ANIMALS)</b>				
Mammalia (mammals)	863	11	934	0
Aves (birds)	1,513	0	1,360	153 *
Reptilia (reptiles)	890	255	630	5 *
Amphibia (amphibians)	198	28	182	0
Elasmobranchii (sharks & rays)	48	0	44	4 *
Actinopteri (fishes)	80	6	74	0
Arachnida (scorpions & spiders)	43	9	21	13
Insecta (insects)	49	4	45	0
Hirudinoidea (leeches)	2	0	1	1
Bivalvia (clams & mussels)	39	20	9	10 *
Cephalopoda (squids, octopuses, cuttlefish)	7	0	0	7
Gastropoda (snails & conches)	47	39	1	7 *
Anthozoa (corals & sea anemones)	1,821	834	5	982
Hydrozoa (sea ferns, fire corals & stinging medusae)	260	16	0	244
Coelacanthi (coelacanths)	2	2	0	0
Dipneusti (lungfishes)	1	0	1	0
Holothuroidea (sea cucumbers)	3	3	0	0
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>5,866</b>	<b>1,227</b>	<b>3,307</b>	<b>1,426</b>

CITES Taxonomic Groups	Number of species on CITES Appendices I and II	Number of CITES listed species on IUCN Red List with assessments >10 years old	Number of CITES listed species on IUCN Red List with assessments ≤10 years old	Number of CITES listed species not assessed for the IUCN Red List
<b>FLORA (PLANTS)</b>				
Liliopsida (flowering plants - monocots)	28,482	538	1,730	26,214
Magnoliopsida (flowering plants - dicots)	3,015	1,580	781	654
Pinopsida (conifers)	15	7	3	5 *
Cycadopsida (cycads)	344	72	265	7 *
Polypodiopsida (ferns)	662	12	117	533
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>32,518</b>	<b>2,209</b>	<b>2,896</b>	<b>26,880</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>38,384</b>	<b>3,433</b>	<b>6,204</b>	<b>28,307</b>

## References

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## **Annex 1: CITES Listed Species changing IUCN Red List Status (2019–2022)**

Published listings of a species' status may change for a variety of reasons (genuine improvement or deterioration in status; new information being available that was not known at the time of the previous assessment; taxonomic changes; corrections to mistakes made in previous assessments, etc. To help Red List users interpret the changes between the Red List updates, a summary of CITES-listed species that have changed category between August 2019 (IUCN Red List version 2019-3) and October 2022 (IUCN Red List version 2022-1) and the reasons for these changes are provided in the table below.

**IUCN Red List Categories:** **EX** - Extinct, **EW** - Extinct in the Wild, **CR** - Critically Endangered [**CR(PE)** - Critically Endangered (Possibly Extinct), **CR(PEW)** - Critically Endangered (Possibly Extinct in the Wild)], **EN** - Endangered, **VU** - Vulnerable, **LR/cd** - Lower Risk/conservation dependent, **NT** - Near Threatened (includes LR/nt - Lower Risk/near threatened), **DD** - Data Deficient, **LC** - Least Concern (includes LR/lc - Lower Risk/least concern).

**Uplisting / Downlisting:** **Uplisting (U)** is a change in status from a lower to a higher category of extinction risk i.e., more threatened, whereas a **Downlisting (D)** is a change in status from a higher to a lower category of extinction risk i.e., less threatened.

Reasons for change: **G** - Genuine status change (genuine improvement or deterioration in the species' status); **N** - Non-genuine status change (i.e., status changes due to new information, improved knowledge of the criteria, incorrect data used previously, taxonomic revision, etc.). An asterisk (\*) after the reason for change indicates there was a change in the taxonomic concept as a result of either a taxonomic split or a lump.

IUCN Red List family name (arranged by higher CITES taxonomic groups)	IUCN Red List Scientific name	Common name	CITES App.	Red List Category (Aug 2019)	Red List Category (Oct 2022)	Uplisting / Downlisting	Reason for change
<b>ANIMALS (FAUNA)</b>							
<b>INSECTS (Insecta)</b>							
PAPILIONIDAE	<i>Bhutanitis ludlowi</i>	Ludlow's Bhutan Glory	II	VU	EN	U	N
PAPILIONIDAE	<i>Bhutanitis mansfieldi</i>	Mansfield's Three-tailed Swallowtail	II	DD	VU	U	N
PAPILIONIDAE	<i>Bhutanitis thaidina</i>	Chinese Three-tailed Swallowtail	II	LR/lc	NT	U	N
PAPILIONIDAE	<i>Parnassius apollo</i>	Apollo	II	VU	LC	D	N
<b>FISHES (Actinopteryi)</b>							
ACIPENSERIDAE	<i>Acipenser baerii</i>	Siberian Sturgeon	II	EN	CR	U	N
ACIPENSERIDAE	<i>Acipenser dabryanus</i>	Yangtze Sturgeon	II	CR(PE)	EW	U	N
ACIPENSERIDAE	<i>Acipenser fulvescens</i>	Lake Sturgeon	II	LC	EN	U	N
ACIPENSERIDAE	<i>Acipenser medirostris</i>	Green Sturgeon	II	NT	EN	U	N
ACIPENSERIDAE	<i>Acipenser naccarii</i>	Adriatic Sturgeon	II	CR(PE)	CR	D	N
ACIPENSERIDAE	<i>Acipenser oxyrinchus</i>	Atlantic Sturgeon	II	NT	VU	U	N
ACIPENSERIDAE	<i>Acipenser ruthenus</i>	Sterlet	II	VU	EN	U	N
ACIPENSERIDAE	<i>Acipenser transmontanus</i>	White Sturgeon	II	LC	VU	U	N
ACIPENSERIDAE	<i>Scaphirhynchus albus</i>	Pallid Sturgeon	II	EN	CR	U	N
POLYDONTIDAE	<i>Psephurus gladius</i>	Chinese Paddlefish	II	CR(PE)	EX	U	G
SCIAENIDAE	<i>Totoaba macdonaldi</i>	Totoaba	I	CR	VU	D	N
<b>AMPHIBIANS (Amphibia)</b>							
AROMOBATIDAE	<i>Anomaloglossus rufulus</i>	Chimantá Poison Frog	II	DD	NT	U	N
DENDROBATIDAE	<i>Ameerega boehmei</i>	Boehmei's Poison Arrow Frog	II	LC	EN	U	G
DENDROBATIDAE	<i>Ameerega boliviana</i>	Bolivian Poison-Arrow Frog	II	LC	NT	U	G
DENDROBATIDAE	<i>Epipedobates machalilla</i>	Rana Nodriza De Machalilla	II	NT	LC	D	N

IUCN Red List family name (arranged by higher CITES taxonomic groups)	IUCN Red List Scientific name	Common name	CITES App.	Red List Category (Aug 2019)	Red List Category (Oct 2022)	Uplisting / Downlisting	Reason for change
DENDROBATIDAE	<i>Oophaga arborea</i>	Polkadot Poison Frog	II	EN	CR	U	N
DENDROBATIDAE	<i>Oophaga speciosa</i>	Splendid Poison Frog	II	EN	EX	U	N
DENDROBATIDAE	<i>Paruwrobates erythromos</i>	Palenque Poison Frog	II	DD	CR	U	N
DENDROBATIDAE	<i>Phyllobates vittatus</i>	Golfodulcean Poison Frog	II	EN	VU	D	N
MANTELLIDAE	<i>Mantella aurantiaca</i>	Golden Mantella	II	CR	EN	D	N
PHYLLOMEDUSIDAE	<i>Agalychnis annae</i>	Blue-sided Treefrog	II	EN	VU	D	G
PHYLLOMEDUSIDAE	<i>Agalychnis medinae</i>	Rancho Grande Leaf Frog	II	DD	EN	U	N
PHYLLOMEDUSIDAE	<i>Agalychnis psilopygion</i>		II	DD	LC	D	N
TELMATOBIIDAE	<i>Telmatobius culeus</i>	Titicaca Water Frog	I	CR	EN	D	N
SALAMANDRIDAE	<i>Paramesotriton labiatus</i>	Spotless Smooth Warty Newt	II	LC	CR	U	N*
SALAMANDRIDAE	<i>Tylototriton shanjing</i>	Hoanglien Mountain Crocodile Newt	II	NT	VU	U	G
SALAMANDRIDAE	<i>Tylototriton taliangensis</i>	Taliang Knobby Newt	II	NT	VU	U	G
SALAMANDRIDAE	<i>Tylototriton verrucosus</i>	Crocodile Newt	II	LC	NT	U	N*
SALAMANDRIDAE	<i>Tylototriton vietnamensis</i>	Vietnamese Crocodile Newt	II	EN	VU	D	N*
<b>BIRDS (Aves)</b>							
ANATIDAE	<i>Anas aucklandica</i>	Auckland Teal	II	VU	NT	D	N
ANATIDAE	<i>Anas nesiotis</i>	Campbell Teal	I	EN	VU	D	G
ANATIDAE	<i>Branta sandvicensis</i>	Hawaiian Goose	I	VU	NT	D	G
ANATIDAE	<i>Dendrocygna arborea</i>	West Indian Whistling-duck	II	VU	NT	D	N
BUCEROTIDAE	<i>Rhyticeros everetti</i>	Sumba Hornbill	II	VU	EN	U	N
BUCEROTIDAE	<i>Rhyticeros narcondami</i>	Narcondam Hornbill	II	EN	VU	D	G
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Aglaeactis aliciae</i>	Purple-backed Sunbeam	II	EN	VU	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Amazilia castaneiventris</i>	Chestnut-bellied Hummingbird	II	EN	NT	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Amazilia lilliae</i>	Sapphire-bellied Hummingbird	II	CR	EN	D	N



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TROCHILIDAE	<i>Amazilia luciae</i>	Honduran Emerald	II	EN	VU	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Campylopterus phainopeplus</i>	Santa Marta Sabrewing	II	EN	CR	U	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Chaetocercus berlepschi</i>	Esmeraldas Woodstar	II	EN	VU	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Chaetocercus bombus</i>	Little Woodstar	II	VU	NT	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Coeligena consita</i>	Perija Starfrontlet	II	VU	EN	U	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Coeligena orina</i>	Glittering Starfrontlet	II	CR	EN	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Discosura popelairii</i>	Wire-crested Thorntail	II	NT	LC	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Eriocnemis nigrivestis</i>	Black-breasted Puffleg	II	CR	EN	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Eupherusa poliocerca</i>	White-tailed Hummingbird	II	VU	NT	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Glaucis dohrnii</i>	Hook-billed Hermit	I	EN	VU	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Heliangelus regalis</i>	Royal Sunangel	II	EN	NT	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Heliodoxa gularis</i>	Pink-throated Brilliant	II	VU	LC	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Lophornis gouldii</i>	Dot-eared Coquette	II	VU	NT	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Oreotrochilus adela</i>	Wedge-tailed Hillstar	II	NT	LC	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Phlogophilus harterti</i>	Peruvian Piedtail	II	NT	LC	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Phlogophilus hemileucurus</i>	Ecuadorian Piedtail	II	VU	LC	D	N
TROCHILIDAE	<i>Ramphodon naevius</i>	Saw-billed Hermit	II	NT	LC	D	N
CATHARTIDAE	<i>Vultur gryphus</i>	Andean Condor	I	NT	VU	U	N
FALCONIDAE	<i>Falco novaeseelandiae</i>	New Zealand Falcon	II	NT	LC	D	N
FALCONIDAE	<i>Falco vespertinus</i>	Red-footed Falcon	II	NT	VU	U	G
MEGAPODIIDAE	<i>Macrocephalon maleo</i>	Maleo	II	EN	CR	U	G
PHASIANIDAE	<i>Argusianus argus</i>	Great Argus	II	NT	VU	U	N
PHASIANIDAE	<i>Polyplectron malacense</i>	Malay Peacock-pheasant	II	VU	EN	U	G
PHASIANIDAE	<i>Rheinardia ocellata</i>	Vietnamese Crested Argus	I	EN	CR	U	N*
GRUIDAE	<i>Grus japonensis</i>	Red-crowned Crane	II	EN	VU	D	G
GRUIDAE	<i>Grus nigricollis</i>	Black-necked Crane	I	VU	NT	D	G

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MUSOPHAGIDAE	<i>Tauraco ruspolii</i>	Ruspoli's Turaco	II	VU	NT	D	N
OTIDIDAE	<i>Sypheotides indicus</i>	Lesser Florican	II	EN	CR	U	G
COTINGIDAE	<i>Cotinga maculata</i>	Banded Cotinga	I	EN	CR	U	G
ICTERIDAE	<i>Xanthopsar flavus</i>	Saffron-cowled Blackbird	I	VU	EN	U	N
PARADISAEIDAE	<i>Lophorina victoriae</i>	Victoria's Riflebird	II	LC	VU	U	G
PARADISAEIDAE	<i>Paradisornis rudolphi</i>	Blue Bird-of-paradise	II	VU	NT	D	N
PICATHARTIDAE	<i>Picathartes oreas</i>	Grey-necked Rockfowl	II	VU	NT	D	N
PITTIDAE	<i>Hydrornis gurneyi</i>	Gurney's Pitta	II	EN	CR	U	G
RAMPHASTIDAE	<i>Ramphastos culminatus</i>	Yellow-ridged Toucan	II	VU	LC	D	N
RAMPHASTIDAE	<i>Ramphastos sulfuratus</i>	Keel-billed Toucan	II	LC	NT	U	G
RAMPHASTIDAE	<i>Ramphastos tucanus</i>	Red-billed Toucan	II	VU	LC	D	N
RAMPHASTIDAE	<i>Ramphastos vitellinus</i>	Channel-billed Toucan	II	VU	LC	D	N
CACATUIDAE	<i>Callocephalon fimbriatum</i>	Gang-gang Cockatoo	II	LC	VU	U	G
CACATUIDAE	<i>Calyptorhynchus lathami</i>	Glossy Black-cockatoo	II	LC	VU	U	G
CACATUIDAE	<i>Zanda baudinii</i>	Baudin's Black-cockatoo	II	EN	CR	U	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Amazona aestiva</i>	Turquoise-fronted Amazon	II	LC	NT	U	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Amazona agilis</i>	Black-billed Amazon	II	VU	EN	U	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Amazona auropalliata</i>	Yellow-naped Amazon	I	EN	CR	U	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Amazona barbadensis</i>	Yellow-shouldered Amazon	I	VU	NT	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Amazona bodini</i>	Northern Festive Amazon	II	NT	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Amazona diadema</i>	Diademed Amazon	II	EN	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Amazona farinosa</i>	Southern Mealy Amazon	II	NT	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Amazona festiva</i>	Southern Festive Amazon	II	NT	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Amazona imperialis</i>	Imperial Amazon	II	EN	CR	U	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Amazona kawalli</i>	White-faced Amazon	II	NT	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Amazona lilacina</i>	Lilacine Amazon	II	EN	CR	U	N

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PSITTACIDAE	<i>Ara ambiguus</i>	Great Green Macaw	I	EN	CR	U	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Aratinga auricapillus</i>	Golden-capped Parakeet	II	NT	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Brotogeris pyrrhoptera</i>	Grey-cheeked Parakeet	II	EN	VU	D	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Chamosyna diadema</i>	New Caledonian Lorikeet	II	CR	CR(PE)	U	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Cyanopsitta spixii</i>	Spix's Macaw	I	CR	EW	U	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Cyclopsitta coxeni</i>	Coxen's Fig-parrot	I	EN	CR	U	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Eos cyanogenia</i>	Black-winged Lory	II	VU	NT	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Eos semilarvata</i>	Blue-eared Lory	II	LC	NT	U	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Eupsittula canicularis</i>	Orange-fronted Parakeet	II	LC	VU	U	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Hapalopsittaca amazonina</i>	Rusty-faced Parrot	II	VU	NT	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Hapalopsittaca fuertesi</i>	Indigo-winged Parrot	II	CR	EN	D	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Hapalopsittaca pyrrhops</i>	Red-faced Parrot	II	VU	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Leptosittaca branickii</i>	Golden-plumed Parakeet	II	VU	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Loriculus exilis</i>	Pygmy Hanging-parrot	II	NT	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Loriculus flosculus</i>	Flores Hanging-parrot	II	EN	VU	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Loriculus tener</i>	Bismarck Hanging-parrot	II	NT	LC	D	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Micropsitta geelvinkiana</i>	Geelvink Pygmy-parrot	II	NT	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Myiopsitta luchsii</i>	Cliff Parakeet	II	LC	NT	U	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Nannopsittaca dachilleae</i>	Amazonian Parrotlet	II	NT	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Neophema chrysostoma</i>	Blue-winged Parrot	II	LC	VU	U	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Ognorhynchus icterotis</i>	Yellow-eared Parrot	I	EN	VU	D	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Pezoporus occidentalis</i>	Night Parrot	I	EN	CR	U	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Pionites leucogaster</i>	Green-thighed Parrot	II	EN	VU	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Pionites xanthurus</i>	Yellow-tailed Parrot	II	VU	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Pyrilia barrabandi</i>	Orange-cheeked Parrot	II	NT	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Pyrilia caica</i>	Caica Parrot	II	NT	LC	D	N

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PSITTACIDAE	<i>Pyrilia vulturina</i>	Vulturine Parrot	II	VU	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Pyrrhura amazonum</i>	Santarem Parakeet	II	EN	NT	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Pyrrhura devillei</i>	Blaze-winged Parakeet	II	NT	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Pyrrhura eisenmanni</i>	Azuero Parakeet	II	EN	VU	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Pyrrhura perlata</i>	Crimson-bellied Parakeet	II	VU	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Pyrrhura rupicola</i>	Black-capped Parakeet	II	NT	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Pyrrhura snethlageae</i>	Madeira Parakeet	II	VU	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Touit costaricensis</i>	Red-fronted Parrotlet	II	VU	NT	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Touit huetii</i>	Scarlet-shouldered Parrotlet	II	VU	LC	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Touit melanonotus</i>	Brown-backed Parrotlet	II	VU	NT	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Touit stictopterus</i>	Spot-winged Parrotlet	II	VU	NT	D	N
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Trichoglossus forsteni</i>	Scarlet-breasted Lorikeet	II	VU	EN	U	G
PSITTACIDAE	<i>Triclaria malachitacea</i>	Blue-bellied Parrot	II	NT	LC	D	N
STRIGIDAE	<i>Bubo sumatranus</i>	Barred Eagle-owl	II	LC	NT	U	G
STRIGIDAE	<i>Glaucidium albertinum</i>	Albertine Owlet	II	VU	NT	D	N
STRIGIDAE	<i>Glaucidium mooreorum</i>	Pernambuco Pygmy-owl	II	CR	CR(PE)	U	G
STRIGIDAE	<i>Megascops barbarus</i>	Bearded Screech-owl	II	VU	LC	D	N
STRIGIDAE	<i>Ninox ios</i>	Cinnabar Boobook	II	VU	LC	D	N
STRIGIDAE	<i>Ninox leventisi</i>	Camiguin Boobook	II	EN	VU	D	N
STRIGIDAE	<i>Ninox rumseyi</i>	Cebu Boobook	II	EN	VU	D	N
STRIGIDAE	<i>Otus insularis</i>	Seychelles Scops-owl	II	EN	CR	U	N
STRIGIDAE	<i>Strix butleri</i>	Omani Owl	II	DD	LC	D	N
STRIGIDAE	<i>Strix hylophila</i>	Rusty-barred Owl	II	NT	LC	D	N
STRIGIDAE	<i>Xenoglaux loweryi</i>	Long-whiskered Owlet	II	EN	VU	D	N
FREGATIDAE	<i>Fregata andrewsi</i>	Christmas Island Frigatebird	I	CR	VU	D	N

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<b>SHARKS &amp; RAYS (Elasmobranchi)</b>							
CARCHARHINIDAE	<i>Carcharhinus longimanus</i>	Oceanic Whitetip Shark	II	VU	CR	U	N
SPHYRNIDAE	<i>Sphyrna lewini</i>	Scalloped Hammerhead	II	EN	CR	U	N
SPHYRNIDAE	<i>Sphyrna mokarran</i>	Great Hammerhead	II	EN	CR	U	N
ALOPIIDAE	<i>Alopias pelagicus</i>	Pelagic Thresher	II	VU	EN	U	N
CETORHINIDAE	<i>Cetorhinus maximus</i>	Basking Shark	II	VU	EN	U	N
MOBULIDAE	<i>Mobula birostris</i>	Oceanic Manta Ray	II	VU	EN	U	N
MOBULIDAE	<i>Mobula eregoodoo</i>	Longhorned Pygmy Devil Ray	II	NT	EN	U	N
MOBULIDAE	<i>Mobula hypostoma</i>	Atlantic Pygmy Devil Ray	II	DD	EN	U	N*
MOBULIDAE	<i>Mobula kuhlii</i>	Shorthorned Pygmy Devil Ray	II	DD	EN	U	N
MOBULIDAE	<i>Mobula munkiana</i>	Munk's Pygmy Devil Ray	II	NT	VU	U	N
MOBULIDAE	<i>Mobula tarapacana</i>	Sicklefin Devil Ray	II	VU	EN	U	N
MOBULIDAE	<i>Mobula thurstoni</i>	Bentfin Devil Ray	II	NT	EN	U	N
<b>MAMMALS (Mammalia)</b>							
FELIDAE	<i>Otocolobus manul</i>	Pallas's Cat	II	NT	LC	D	N
BALAENIDAE	<i>Eubalaena glacialis</i>	North Atlantic Right Whale	II	EN	CR	U	G
BOVIDAE	<i>Capricornis rubidus</i>	Burmese Red Serow	I	NT	VU	U	N
DELPHINIDAE	<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	Tucuxi	II	DD	EN	U	N
DELPHINIDAE	<i>Tursiops aduncus</i>	Indo-Pacific Bottlenose Dolphin	II	DD	NT	U	N
KOGIIDAE	<i>Kogia breviceps</i>	Pygmy Sperm Whale	II	DD	LC	D	N
KOGIIDAE	<i>Kogia sima</i>	Dwarf Sperm Whale	II	DD	LC	D	N
SUIDAE	<i>Porcula salvania</i>	Pygmy Hog	II	CR	EN	D	G
ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Berardius arnuxii</i>	Arnoux's Beaked Whale	II	DD	LC	D	N
ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Berardius bairdii</i>	Baird's Beaked Whale	II	DD	LC	D	N

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ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Hyperoodon ampullatus</i>	Northern Bottlenose Whale	II	DD	NT	U	N
ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Indopacetus pacificus</i>	Indo-pacific Beaked Whale	II	DD	LC	D	N
ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Mesoplodon bidens</i>	Sowerby's Beaked Whale	II	DD	LC	D	N
ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Mesoplodon densirostris</i>	Blainville's Beaked Whale	II	DD	LC	D	N
ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Mesoplodon europaeus</i>	Gervais' Beaked Whale	II	DD	LC	D	N
ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Mesoplodon grayi</i>	Gray's Beaked Whale	II	DD	LC	D	N
ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Mesoplodon layardii</i>	Strap-toothed Whale	II	DD	LC	D	N
ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Mesoplodon mirus</i>	True's Beaked Whale	II	DD	LC	D	N
ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Mesoplodon perrini</i>	Perrin's Beaked Whale	II	DD	EN	U	N
ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Mesoplodon peruvianus</i>	Pygmy Beaked Whale	II	DD	LC	D	N
ZIPHIIDAE	<i>Mesoplodon stejnegeri</i>	Stejneger's Beaked Whale	II	DD	NT	U	N
PTEROPODIDAE	<i>Pteropus aldabrensis</i>	Aldabra Flying-fox	II	VU	EN	U	G
PTEROPODIDAE	<i>Pteropus capistratus</i>	New Britain Masked Flying Fox	II	NT	VU	U	N*
PTEROPODIDAE	<i>Pteropus conspicillatus</i>	Spectacled Flying Fox	II	LC	EN	U	N
PTEROPODIDAE	<i>Pteropus faunulus</i>	Nicobar Flying Fox	II	VU	EN	U	N
PTEROPODIDAE	<i>Pteropus gilliardorum</i>	Gilliard's Flying Fox	II	DD	VU	U	N
PTEROPODIDAE	<i>Pteropus griseus</i>	Gray Flying Fox	II	DD	VU	U	N
PTEROPODIDAE	<i>Pteropus howensis</i>	Ontong Java Flying Fox	II	DD	CR	U	N
PTEROPODIDAE	<i>Pteropus hypomelanus</i>	Island Flying Fox	II	LC	NT	U	N
PTEROPODIDAE	<i>Pteropus molossinus</i>	Pohnpei Flying Fox	II	VU	EN	U	N
PTEROPODIDAE	<i>Pteropus tuberculatus</i>	Vanikoro Flying Fox	II	CR(PE)	EN	D	N
PTEROPODIDAE	<i>Pteropus ualanus</i>	Kosrae Flying Fox	II	VU	EN	U	N
PTEROPODIDAE	<i>Pteropus vetulus</i>	New Caledonia Flying Fox	II	VU	NT	D	N
MANIDAE	<i>Manis culionensis</i>	Philippine Pangolin	II	EN	CR	U	N
MANIDAE	<i>Phataginus tricuspis</i>	White-bellied Pangolin	II	VU	EN	U	N
MANIDAE	<i>Smutsia gigantea</i>	Giant Ground Pangolin	II	VU	EN	U	N

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AOTIDAE	<i>Aotus zonalis</i>	Panamanian Night Monkey	II	DD	NT	U	N
ATELIDAE	<i>Alouatta caraya</i>	Black-and-gold Howler Monkey	II	LC	NT	U	G
ATELIDAE	<i>Alouatta guariba</i>	Brown Howler Monkey	II	LC	VU	U	G
ATELIDAE	<i>Alouatta palliata</i>	Mantled Howler Monkey	II	LC	VU	U	N
ATELIDAE	<i>Alouatta puruensis</i>	Purús Red Howler Monkey	II	LC	VU	U	G
ATELIDAE	<i>Alouatta sara</i>	Bolivian Red Howler Monkey	II	LC	NT	U	G
ATELIDAE	<i>Ateles fusciceps</i>	Brown-headed Spider Monkey	II	CR	EN	D	N
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Callithrix aurita</i>	Buffy-tufted-ear Marmoset	II	VU	EN	U	G
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Callithrix flaviceps</i>	Buffy-headed Marmoset	II	EN	CR	U	G
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Callithrix kuhlii</i>	Wied's Marmoset	II	NT	VU	U	G
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Cebuella niveiventris</i>	Eastern Pygmy Marmoset	II	LC	VU	U	G
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Cebuella pygmaea</i>	Western Pygmy Marmoset	II	LC	VU	U	G*
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Leontocebus illigeri</i>	Illiger's Saddle-back Tamarin	II	LC	NT	U	G
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Leontopithecus caissara</i>	Black-faced Lion Tamarin	II	CR	EN	D	N
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Mico humeralifer</i>	Black And White Tassel-ear Marmoset	II	DD	NT	U	N
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Mico leucippe</i>	Golden-white Bare-ear Marmoset	II	VU	LC	D	N
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Mico marcai</i>	Marca's Marmoset	II	DD	VU	U	N
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Mico melanurus</i>	Black-tailed Marmoset	II	LC	NT	U	G
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Mico nigriceps</i>	Black-headed Marmoset	II	DD	NT	U	N
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Saguinus bicolor</i>	Pied Tamarin	II	EN	CR	U	G
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Saguinus geoffroyi</i>	Geoffroy's Tamarin	II	LC	NT	U	G
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Saguinus leucopus</i>	Silvery-brown Tamarin	II	EN	VU	D	N
CALLITRICHIDAE	<i>Saguinus martinsi</i>	Martin's Ochraceous Bare-face Tamarin	II	LC	NT	U	G
CEBIDAE	<i>Cebus brunneus</i>	Venezuelan Brown Capuchin	II	LC	EN	U	N*

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CEBIDAE	<i>Cebus cesarae</i>	Río Cesar White-fronted Capuchin	II	DD	EN	U	N
CEBIDAE	<i>Cebus imitator</i>	Panamanian White-throated Capuchin	II	LC	VU	U	N*
CEBIDAE	<i>Saimiri oerstedii</i>	Black-crowned Central American Squirrel Monkey	II	VU	EN	U	N
CEBIDAE	<i>Saimiri vanzolinii</i>	Black Squirrel Monkey	II	VU	EN	U	N
CEBIDAE	<i>Sapajus cay</i>	Azara's Capuchin	II	LC	VU	U	G
CEBIDAE	<i>Sapajus flavius</i>	Blonde Capuchin	II	CR	EN	D	N
CEBIDAE	<i>Sapajus libidinosus</i>	Bearded Capuchin	II	LC	NT	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Cercocebus atys</i>	Sooty Mangabey	II	NT	VU	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Cercocebus chrysogaster</i>	Golden-bellied Mangabey	II	DD	EN	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Cercocebus galeritus</i>	Tana River Mangabey	II	EN	CR	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Cercopithecus campbelli</i>	Campbell's Monkey	II	LC	NT	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Cercopithecus diana</i>	Diana Monkey	II	VU	EN	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Cercopithecus erythrogaster</i>	Red-bellied Monkey	II	VU	EN	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Cercopithecus mona</i>	Mona Monkey	II	LC	NT	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Cercopithecus nictitans</i>	Putty-nosed Monkey	II	LC	NT	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Cercopithecus petaurista</i>	Spot-nosed Monkey	II	LC	NT	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Colobus angolensis</i>	Angolan Colobus	II	LC	VU	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Colobus polykomos</i>	King Colobus	II	VU	EN	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Colobus vellerosus</i>	White-thighed Colobus	II	VU	CR	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Erythrocebus patas</i>	Patas Monkey	II	LC	NT	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Lophocebus albigena</i>	Grey-cheeked Mangabey	II	LC	VU	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Lophocebus aterrimus</i>	Black Mangabey	II	NT	VU	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Macaca fascicularis</i>	Long-tailed Macaque	II	LC	EN	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Macaca nemestrina</i>	Southern Pig-tailed Macaque	II	VU	EN	U	G



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CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Macaca radiata</i>	Bonnet Macaque	II	LC	VU	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Macaca siberu</i>	Siberut Macaque	II	VU	EN	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Miopithecus ogouensis</i>	Northern Talapoin Monkey	II	LC	NT	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Miopithecus talapoin</i>	Southern Talapoin Monkey	II	LC	VU	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Ptilocolobus bouvieri</i>	Bouvier's Red Colobus	II	CR	EN	D	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Ptilocolobus gordonorum</i>	Udzungwa Red Colobus	II	EN	VU	D	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Ptilocolobus oustaleti</i>	Oustalet's Red Colobus	II	LC	VU	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Ptilocolobus pennantii</i>	Pennant's Red Colobus	II	EN	CR	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Ptilocolobus rufomitratus</i>	Tana River Red Colobus	II	EN	CR	U	G*
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Ptilocolobus tholloni</i>	Tshuapa Red Colobus	II	NT	VU	U	G
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Presbytis comata</i>	Javan Surili	II	EN	VU	D	N*
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Presbytis femoralis</i>	Raffles' Banded Langur	II	NT	CR	U	N*
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Presbytis fredericae</i>	Javan Fuscous Leaf Monkey	II	DD	VU	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Presbytis melalophos</i>	Yellow-handed Mitered Langur	II	NT	EN	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Presbytis mitrata</i>	Southern Mitered Langur	II	EN	VU	D	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Presbytis percura</i>	East Sumatran Banded Langur	II	DD	CR	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Presbytis rubicunda</i>	Red Langur	II	LC	VU	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Pygathrix nemaeus</i>	Red-shanked Douc Langur	II	EN	CR	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Pygathrix nigripes</i>	Black-shanked Douc Langur	II	EN	CR	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Rhinopithecus brelichi</i>	Grey Snub-nosed Monkey	II	EN	CR	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Rungwecebus kipunji</i>	Kipunji	II	CR	EN	D	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Semnopithecus hypoleucos</i>	Black-footed Gray Langur	II	VU	LC	D	N*
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Trachypithecus barbei</i>	Tenasserim Lutung	II	DD	VU	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Trachypithecus cristatus</i>	Silvery Lutung	II	NT	VU	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Trachypithecus laotum</i>	Laotian Langur	II	VU	EN	U	N
CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Trachypithecus margarita</i>	Elliot's Silver Langur	II	DD	EN	U	N

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CERCOPITHECIDAE	<i>Trachypithecus obscurus</i>	Dusky Langur	II	NT	EN	U	N
CHEIROGALEIDAE	<i>Allocebus trichotis</i>	Hairy-eared Dwarf Lemur	II	VU	EN	U	G
CHEIROGALEIDAE	<i>Cheirogaleus crossleyi</i>	Crossley's Dwarf Lemur	II	DD	VU	U	N*
CHEIROGALEIDAE	<i>Cheirogaleus major</i>	Geoffroy's Dwarf Lemur	II	DD	VU	U	N
CHEIROGALEIDAE	<i>Cheirogaleus medius</i>	Fat-tailed Dwarf Lemur	II	LC	VU	U	N*
CHEIROGALEIDAE	<i>Microcebus arnholdi</i>	Arnhold's Mouse Lemur	II	EN	VU	D	N
CHEIROGALEIDAE	<i>Microcebus berthae</i>	Madame Berthe's Mouse Lemur	II	EN	CR	U	G
CHEIROGALEIDAE	<i>Microcebus danfossi</i>	Danfoss' Mouse Lemur	II	EN	VU	D	N
CHEIROGALEIDAE	<i>Microcebus lehilahytsara</i>	Goodman's Mouse Lemur	II	VU	NT	D	N*
CHEIROGALEIDAE	<i>Microcebus mampiratra</i>	Claire's Mouse Lemur	II	CR	EN	D	N
CHEIROGALEIDAE	<i>Microcebus ravelobensis</i>	Golden-brown Mouse Lemur	II	EN	VU	D	N
CHEIROGALEIDAE	<i>Mirza zaza</i>	Northern Giant Mouse Lemur	II	EN	VU	D	N
CHEIROGALEIDAE	<i>Phaner furcifer</i>	Masoala Fork-marked Lemur	II	VU	EN	U	N
GALAGIDAE	<i>Euoticus pallidus</i>	Northern Needle-clawed Galago	II	LC	NT	U	G
GALAGIDAE	<i>Paragalago orinus</i>	Mountain Dwarf Galago	II	NT	VU	U	G
GALAGIDAE	<i>Paragalago rondoensis</i>	Rondo Dwarf Galago	II	CR	EN	D	N
GALAGIDAE	<i>Paragalago zanzibaricus</i>	Tanzania Coast Dwarf Galago	II	LC	NT	U	N
GALAGIDAE	<i>Sciurocheirus alleni</i>	Allen's Galago	II	LC	NT	U	G
HYLOBATIDAE	<i>Nomascus siki</i>	Southern White-cheeked Gibbon	II	EN	CR	U	N
INDRIIDAE	<i>Avahi cleesei</i>	Bemaraha Woolly Lemur	II	EN	CR	U	N
INDRIIDAE	<i>Avahi occidentalis</i>	Lorenz Von Liburnau's Woolly Lemur	II	EN	VU	D	N
INDRIIDAE	<i>Avahi unicolor</i>	Sambirano Woolly Lemur	II	EN	CR	U	N
INDRIIDAE	<i>Propithecus coquereli</i>	Coquerel's Sifaka	II	EN	CR	U	G
INDRIIDAE	<i>Propithecus coronatus</i>	Crowned Sifaka	II	EN	CR	U	G
INDRIIDAE	<i>Propithecus deckenii</i>	Van der Decken's Sifaka	II	EN	CR	U	G

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INDRIIDAE	<i>Propithecus verreauxi</i>	Verreaux's Sifaka	II	EN	CR	U	G
LEMURIDAE	<i>Eulemur albifrons</i>	White-fronted Lemur	II	EN	VU	D	N
LEMURIDAE	<i>Eulemur fulvus</i>	Brown Lemur	II	NT	VU	U	G
LEMURIDAE	<i>Eulemur macaco</i>	Black Lemur	II	VU	EN	U	G
LEMURIDAE	<i>Eulemur rufifrons</i>	Red-fronted Brown Lemur	II	NT	VU	U	G
LEPILEMURIDAE	<i>Lepilemur aeeclis</i>	Antafia Sportive Lemur	II	VU	EN	U	N
LEPILEMURIDAE	<i>Lepilemur dorsalis</i>	Gray's Sportive Lemur	II	VU	EN	U	N*
LEPILEMURIDAE	<i>Lepilemur fleuretae</i>	Madame Fleurette's Sportive Lemur	II	CR	EN	D	N
LEPILEMURIDAE	<i>Lepilemur grewcockorum</i>	Grewcock's Sportive Lemur	II	EN	CR	U	G
LEPILEMURIDAE	<i>Lepilemur hollandorum</i>	Holland's Sportive Lemur	II	EN	CR	U	N
LEPILEMURIDAE	<i>Lepilemur mustelinus</i>	Weasel Sportive Lemur	II	NT	VU	U	N
LEPILEMURIDAE	<i>Lepilemur petteri</i>	Petter's Sportive Lemur	II	VU	EN	U	G
LEPILEMURIDAE	<i>Lepilemur ruficaudatus</i>	Red-tailed Sportive Lemur	II	VU	CR	U	G
LORISIDAE	<i>Loris lydekkerianus</i>	Grey Slender Loris	II	LC	NT	U	G
LORISIDAE	<i>Nycticebus bengalensis</i>	Bengal Slow Loris	II	VU	EN	U	G
LORISIDAE	<i>Nycticebus coucang</i>	Greater Slow Loris	II	VU	EN	U	N*
LORISIDAE	<i>Nycticebus pygmaeus</i>	Pygmy Slow Loris	II	VU	EN	U	G
LORISIDAE	<i>Perodicticus potto</i>	West African Potto	II	LC	NT	U	G
PITHECIIDAE	<i>Cacajao ayresi</i>	Ayres Black Uakari	II	VU	LC	D	N
PITHECIIDAE	<i>Chiropotes albinasus</i>	White-nosed Saki	II	EN	VU	D	N
PITHECIIDAE	<i>Chiropotes satanas</i>	Black Bearded Saki	II	CR	EN	D	N
PITHECIIDAE	<i>Chiropotes utahickae</i>	Uta Hick's Bearded Saki	II	EN	VU	D	N
PITHECIIDAE	<i>Pithecia hirsuta</i>	Hairy Saki	II	DD	LC	D	N
PITHECIIDAE	<i>Pithecia milleri</i>	Miller's Saki	II	DD	VU	U	N
PITHECIIDAE	<i>Plecturocebus brunneus</i>	Brown Titi Monkey	II	LC	VU	U	G

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PITHECIIDAE	<i>Plecturocebus olallae</i>	Olalla Brothers' Titi	II	EN	CR	U	G
PITHECIIDAE	<i>Plecturocebus vieirai</i>	Vieira's Titi Monkey	II	DD	CR	U	N
TARSIIDAE	<i>Tarsius pumilus</i>	Pygmy Tarsier	II	DD	EN	U	N
TARSIIDAE	<i>Tarsius wallacei</i>	Wallace's Tarsier	II	DD	VU	U	N
ELEPHANTIDAE	<i>Loxodonta africana</i>	African Savanna Elephant	I/II	VU	EN	U	N*
<b>REPTILES (Reptilia)</b>							
AGAMIDAE	<i>Ceratophora aspera</i>	Rough Nose Horned Lizard	II	VU	EN	U	N
AGAMIDAE	<i>Lyriocephalus scutatus</i>	Lyre Head Lizard	II	NT	VU	U	G
BOIDAE	<i>Chilabothrus angulifer</i>	Cuban Boa	II	LR/nt	LC	D	N
BOIDAE	<i>Chilabothrus monensis</i>	Mona Island Boa	II	EN	NT	D	G
BOIDAE	<i>Eunectes deschauenseei</i>	Dark Spotted Anaconda	II	DD	LC	D	N
CHAMAELEONIDAE	<i>Bradypodion kentanicum</i>	Kentani Dwarf Chameleon	II	NT	EN	U	N
CHAMAELEONIDAE	<i>Bradypodion nemorale</i>	Qudeni Dwarf Chameleon	II	NT	VU	U	G
CHAMAELEONIDAE	<i>Bradypodion ngomeense</i>	Ngome Dwarf Chameleon	II	NT	VU	U	G
CHAMAELEONIDAE	<i>Bradypodion setaroi</i>	Setaro's Dwarf Chameleon	II	LC	NT	U	G
CHAMAELEONIDAE	<i>Rhampholeon chapmanorum</i>	Chapman's Pygmy Chameleon	II	CR(PE)	CR	D	N
CHAMAELEONIDAE	<i>Rhampholeon gorongosae</i>	Mount Gorongosa Pygmy Chameleon	II	LC	EN	U	G
CHAMAELEONIDAE	<i>Rhampholeon tilburyi</i>	Mount Namuli Pygmy Chameleon	II	CR	EN	D	N
CORDYLIDAE	<i>Cordylus macropholis</i>	Large-scaled Girdled Lizard	II	LC	NT	U	G
CORDYLIDAE	<i>Cordylus meculae</i>	Mecula Girdled Lizard	II	EN	LC	D	N
CORDYLIDAE	<i>Cordylus rivae</i>	Ethiopian Girdled Lizard	II	LC	DD	U	N
CORDYLIDAE	<i>Namazonurus campbelli</i>	Campbell's Girdled Lizard	II	DD	LC	D	N
CORDYLIDAE	<i>Ouroborus cataphractus</i>	Armadillo Girdled Lizard	II	LC	NT	U	N
ELAPIDAE	<i>Naja oxiana</i>	Central Asian Cobra	II	DD	NT	U	N

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GEKKONIDAE	<i>Phelsuma comorensis</i>	Comoros Day Gecko	II	LC	NT	U	N
GEKKONIDAE	<i>Phelsuma robertmertensi</i>	Robert Mertens' Day Gecko	II	EN	NT	D	N
IGUANIDAE	<i>Ctenosaura flavidorsalis</i>	Yellow-backed Spiny-tailed Iguana	II	EN	NT	D	N
IGUANIDAE	<i>Ctenosaura quinquecarinata</i>	Five-keeled Spiny-tailed Iguana	II	EN	DD	D	N
IGUANIDAE	<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	Turks and Caicos Rock Iguana	I	CR	EN	D	G
IGUANIDAE	<i>Cyclura stejnegeri</i>	Mona Rhinoceros Iguana	I	EN	CR	U	N
PYTHONIDAE	<i>Python regius</i>	Ball Python	II	LC	NT	U	N
TROPIDOPHIIDAE	<i>Tropidophis hendersoni</i>	Cuban Khaki Trope	II	CR	EN	D	N
VARANIDAE	<i>Varanus bengalensis</i>	Bengal Monitor Lizard	I	LC	NT	U	N
VARANIDAE	<i>Varanus flavescens</i>	Yellow Monitor	I	LR/lc	EN	U	G
VARANIDAE	<i>Varanus komodoensis</i>	Komodo Dragon	I	VU	EN	U	G
VIPERIDAE	<i>Pseudocerastes urarachnoides</i>	Spider-tailed Viper	II	DD	NT	U	N
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Cuora amboinensis</i>	Southeast Asian Box Turtle	II	VU	EN	U	G
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Hardella thurjii</i>	Crowned River Turtle	II	VU	EN	U	G
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Heosemys annandalii</i>	Yellow-headed Temple Turtle	II	EN	CR	U	N
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Heosemys grandis</i>	Giant Asian Pond Turtle	II	VU	CR	U	G
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Malayemys subtrijuga</i>	Mekong Snail-eating Turtle	II	VU	NT	D	N
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Mauremys mutica</i>	Yellow Pond Turtle	II	EN	CR	U	G
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Melanochelys tricarinata</i>	Tricarinate Hill Turtle	I	VU	EN	U	G
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Melanochelys trijuga</i>	Indian Black Turtle	II	LR/nt	LC	D	N
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Morenia ocellata</i>	Burmese Eyed Turtle	I	VU	EN	U	G
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Morenia petersi</i>	Indian Eyed Turtle	II	VU	EN	U	G
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Orlitia borneensis</i>	Malaysian Giant Turtle	II	EN	CR	U	G
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Pangshura sylhetensis</i>	Assam Roofed Turtle	II	EN	CR	U	G
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Pangshura tecta</i>	Indian Roofed Turtle	I	LR/lc	VU	U	N
GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Sacalia quadriocellata</i>	Four-eyed Turtle	II	EN	CR	U	G

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GEOEMYDIDAE	<i>Siebenrockiella crassicollis</i>	Black Marsh Turtle	II	VU	EN	U	G
PLATYSTERNIDAE	<i>Platysternon megacephalum</i>	Big-headed Turtle	I	EN	CR	U	G
TESTUDINIDAE	<i>Centrochelys sulcata</i>	African Spurred Tortoise	II	VU	EN	U	G
TESTUDINIDAE	<i>Gopherus agassizii</i>	Mojave Desert Tortoise	II	VU	CR	U	N*
TESTUDINIDAE	<i>Indotestudo forstenii</i>	Forsten's Tortoise	II	EN	CR	U	G
TESTUDINIDAE	<i>Kinixys homeana</i>	Home's Hinge-back Tortoise	II	VU	CR	U	G
TESTUDINIDAE	<i>Manouria impressa</i>	Impressed Tortoise	II	VU	EN	U	G
TRIONYCHIDAE	<i>Lissemys punctata</i>	Indian Flapshell Turtle	II	LR/lc	VU	U	N*
TRIONYCHIDAE	<i>Lissemys scutata</i>	Burmese Flapshell Turtle	II	DD	LC	D	N
TRIONYCHIDAE	<i>Nilssonina formosa</i>	Burmese Peacock Softshell	II	EN	CR	U	N
TRIONYCHIDAE	<i>Nilssonina gangetica</i>	Indian Softshell Turtle	I	VU	EN	U	G
TRIONYCHIDAE	<i>Nilssonina hurum</i>	Indian Peacock Softshell Turtle	I	VU	EN	U	G
TRIONYCHIDAE	<i>Nilssonina leithii</i>	Leith's Softshell Turtle	II	VU	CR	U	G
TRIONYCHIDAE	<i>Nilssonina nigricans</i>	Black Softshell Turtle	I	EW	CR	D	N
TRIONYCHIDAE	<i>Palea steindachneri</i>	Wattle-necked Softshell Turtle	II	EN	CR	U	G
TRIONYCHIDAE	<i>Pelochelys cantorii</i>	Asian Giant Softshell Turtle	II	EN	CR	U	N*
<b>PLANTS (FLORA)</b>							
<b>CYCADS (Cycadopsida)</b>							
CYCADACEAE	<i>Cycas zeylanica</i>		II	VU	CR	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Ceratozamia euryphyllidia</i>		I	CR	EN	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Ceratozamia fuscoviridis</i>		I	CR	EN	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Ceratozamia hildae</i>	Bamboo Cycad	I	EN	CR	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Ceratozamia latifolia</i>		I	EN	VU	D	N*
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Ceratozamia mexicana</i>	Costilla de León	I	VU	CR	U	N*
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Ceratozamia miqueliana</i>	Palmita	I	CR	EN	D	N*

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ZAMIACEAE	<i>Ceratozamia zaragozae</i>		I	CR	EN	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Dioon holmgrenii</i>	Sun Palm	II	EN	VU	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Dioon mejiae</i>		II	LC	EN	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Dioon purpusii</i>	Palma Real	II	VU	EN	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Encephalartos concinnus</i>	Runde Cycad	I	EN	CR	U	G
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Encephalartos dolomiticus</i>	Wolkberg Cycad	I	CR	CR(PEW)	U	G
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Encephalartos heenanii</i>	Heenan's Cycad	I	CR	EW	U	G
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Encephalartos inopinus</i>	Lydenburg Cycad	I	CR(PEW)	CR	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Encephalartos ituriensis</i>	Ituri Forest Cycad	I	NT	VU	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Encephalartos lanatus</i>	Olifants River Cycad	I	NT	VU	U	G
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Encephalartos lehmannii</i>	Karoo Cycad	I	NT	VU	U	G
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Encephalartos natalensis</i>	Natal Giant Cycad	I	NT	VU	U	G
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Encephalartos transvenosus</i>	Modjadji Cycad	I	LC	NT	U	G
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Macrozamia flexuosa</i>		II	EN	NT	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Macrozamia humilis</i>		II	VU	CR	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Macrozamia johnsonii</i>		II	LC	VU	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Macrozamia parcifolia</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Macrozamia platyrhachis</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia amazonum</i>		II	NT	LC	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia amplifolia</i>		II	CR	EN	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia boliviana</i>		II	NT	LC	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia cunaria</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia disodon</i>		II	CR	EN	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia encephalartoides</i>	Cacao de Indio	II	VU	EN	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia gentryi</i>	Piña de Monte	II	CR	EN	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia hymenophyllidia</i>		II	CR	LC	D	N

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ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia katzeriana</i>		II	EN	CR	U	N*
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia lecointei</i>		II	NT	LC	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia lucayana</i>		II	EN	CR	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia macrochiera</i>		II	CR	EN	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia muricata</i>		II	NT	LC	D	N*
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia neurophyllidia</i>		II	VU	LC	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia obliqua</i>	Chigua	II	NT	LC	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia oligodonta</i>		II	DD	CR	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia oreillyi</i>	Camotillo	II	VU	CR	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia poeppigiana</i>		II	NT	LC	D	N*
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia prasina</i>		II	CR	LC	D	N*
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia pseudomonticola</i>		II	NT	LC	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia pumila</i>	Guáyara	II	NT	VU	U	G
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia pygmaea</i>	Yuquilla de Ratón	II	CR	EN	D	N*
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia roezlii</i>	Chigua	II	NT	LC	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia sandovalii</i>	Yuca de Ratón	II	NT	EN	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia soconuscensis</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia standleyi</i>	Yuca de Ratón	II	VU	LC	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia ulei</i>		II	NT	LC	D	N
ZAMIACEAE	<i>Zamia urep</i>		II	CR	EN	D	N
<b>FLOWERING PLANTS - MONOCOTS (Liliopsida)</b>							
ASPHODELACEAE	<i>Aloe benishangulana</i>		II	DD	CR	U	N
ASPHODELACEAE	<i>Aloe clarkei</i>		II	LC	DD	U	N
ASPHODELACEAE	<i>Aloidendron ramosissimum</i>	Maiden's Quiver Tree	II	VU	EN	U	G



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ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Bulbophyllum platybulbum</i>		II	CR	VU	D	N
ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Bulbophyllum porphyrostachys</i>		II	LR/nt	VU	U	N
ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Cynorkis henrici</i>		II	CR	EN	D	N
ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Dinklageella scandens</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Disperis kamerunensis</i>		II	EN	CR	U	G
ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Disperis mildbraedii</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Disperis nitida</i>		II	EN	VU	D	N
ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Gastrodia africana</i>		II	CR	EN	D	N
ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Genyorchis macrantha</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Gonatostylis vieillardii</i>		II	NT	LC	D	N
ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Goodyera perrieri</i>		II	CR	EN	D	N
ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Habenaria maitlandii</i>		II	CR	EN	D	N
ORCHIDACEAE	<i>Habenaria obovata</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
<b>FLOWERING PLANTS - DICOTS (Magnoliopsida)</b>							
EBENACEAE	<i>Diospyros anosivolensis</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
EBENACEAE	<i>Diospyros implexicalyx</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
EBENACEAE	<i>Diospyros subtrinervis</i>		II	CR(PE)	CR	D	N
FABACEAE	<i>Dalbergia aurea</i>		II	VU	CR	U	N
FABACEAE	<i>Dalbergia bracteolata</i>		II	LR/nt	LC	D	N
FABACEAE	<i>Dalbergia calycina</i>		II	LC	VU	U	N*
FABACEAE	<i>Dalbergia cochinchinensis</i>	Siamese Rosewood	II	VU	CR	U	N*
FABACEAE	<i>Dalbergia glomerata</i>	Granadillo	II	VU	CR	U	G
FABACEAE	<i>Dalbergia oliveri</i>	Burmese Rosewood	II	EN	CR	U	N*
FABACEAE	<i>Dalbergia retusa</i>	Cocobolo Prieto	II	VU	CR	U	N

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FABACEAE	<i>Pterocarpus santalinus</i>	Red Sanders	II	NT	EN	U	N
JUGLANDACEAE	<i>Oreomunnea pterocarpa</i>	Gavilán Blanco	II	EN	NT	D	N
APOCYNACEAE	<i>Pachypodium namaquanum</i>	Elephant's Trunk	II	LR/nt	LC	D	N
EUPHORBIACEAE	<i>Euphorbia alcicornis</i>		II	CR(PE)	EN	D	N
EUPHORBIACEAE	<i>Euphorbia analalavensis</i>		II	VU	LC	D	N
EUPHORBIACEAE	<i>Euphorbia bwambensis</i>		II	VU	LC	D	N
EUPHORBIACEAE	<i>Euphorbia capuronii</i>		II	VU	CR(PEW)	U	N
EUPHORBIACEAE	<i>Euphorbia cedrorum</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
EUPHORBIACEAE	<i>Euphorbia francoisii</i>		I	CR	EN	D	N
EUPHORBIACEAE	<i>Euphorbia lividiflora</i>		II	VU	LC	D	N
EUPHORBIACEAE	<i>Euphorbia martinae</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
EUPHORBIACEAE	<i>Euphorbia milii</i>		II	DD	LC	D	N
EUPHORBIACEAE	<i>Euphorbia neoarborescens</i>		II	VU	CR	U	N
EUPHORBIACEAE	<i>Euphorbia pachysantha</i>		II	LC	VU	U	N
THYMELAEACEAE	<i>Gonystylus calophylloides</i>		II	VU	NT	D	N
THYMELAEACEAE	<i>Gonystylus costalis</i>		II	VU	NT	D	N
THYMELAEACEAE	<i>Gonystylus decipiens</i>		II	VU	CR	U	N
THYMELAEACEAE	<i>Gonystylus lucidulus</i>		II	VU	LC	D	N
THYMELAEACEAE	<i>Gonystylus nobilis</i>		II	VU	EN	U	N
THYMELAEACEAE	<i>Gonystylus pendulus</i>		II	VU	CR	U	N
THYMELAEACEAE	<i>Gonystylus stenosepalus</i>		II	VU	NT	D	N
MELIACEAE	<i>Swietenia humilis</i>	Pacific Coast Mahogany	II	VU	EN	D	N
MELIACEAE	<i>Swietenia mahagoni</i>	Small-leaved Mahogany	II	EN	NT	D	N