Implementation report format

The format below follows the structure of the *CITES Strategic Vision: 2021-2030* and aims to collect information to enable the Strategic Vision indicators to be monitored.

CITES vision statement

By 2030, all international trade in wild fauna and flora is legal and sustainable, consistent with the long-term conservation of species, and thereby contributing to halting biodiversity loss, to ensuring its sustainable use, and to achieving the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

Article VIII, paragraph 7 (b), of the Convention requires each Party to submit to the CITES Secretariat a report on legislative, regulatory and administrative measures taken to enforce the provisions of the Convention.

The report format allows Parties to present information in a standard manner, so that it can be easily collated, with three main objectives:

- i) To enable monitoring of the implementation and effectiveness of the Convention;
- ii) To facilitate the identification of major achievements, significant developments, or trends, gaps or problems and possible solutions; and
- iii) Provide a basis for substantive and procedural decision-making by the Conference of the Parties and various subsidiary bodies.

The questions of the implementation report follow the structure of the *Strategic Vision 2021-2030* and its indicators that are mapped against the Sustainable Development Goals and the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework to ensure synergies and consistent reporting.

Information on the nature and extent of CITES trade should be incorporated into the annual report [Article VIII paragraph 7 (a)], whereas the report provided under Article VIII paragraph 7 (b) should focus on measures taken to implement the Convention.

The report should cover the period indicated in <u>Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19)</u> which urges that the report should be submitted to the Secretariat on 31 October of the year before each meeting of the Conference of the Parties (CoP). The reason for setting the report to be due a year in advance of the following CoP is to allow information to be collated so it can be considered by the Standing Committee in advance of CoP, and enable publication of the Strategic Vision indicators in advance of CoP.

Reports should be prepared in one of the three working languages of the Convention (English, French, Spanish).

Parties are *strongly* encouraged to prepare and submit their reports in electronic form and to **answer at a minimum all questions in bold**. This will facilitate timely integration of information from Parties into publication of the Strategic Vision Indicators. If reports are only provided in hard copy, resources will be needed at the Secretariat to make an electronic copy, and this is not good use of Secretariat resources.

The completed report should be sent to:

CITES Secretariat
Palais des Nations
Avenue de la Paix 8-14
CH-1211 Geneva
Switzerland

Email: info@cites.org

Tel: +41-(0)22-917-81-39/40 Fax: +41-(0)22-797-34-17

If a Party requires further guidance on completing their report, please contact the CITES Secretariat at the address above.

Party	ROMANIA
Period covered in this report	2021-2023
Department or agency preparing this report	CITES Management Authority of Romania (Ministry of Environment, Waters and Forests)
Contributing departments, agencies and organizations	National Environmental Guard Romanian Customs Authority National Institute for Research and Development in Forestry "Marin Dracea" "Danube Delta" National Institute for Research and Development The General Inspectorate of Romanian Police-Animal Protection Directorate

GOAL 1 TRADE IN CITES-LISTED SPECIES IS CONDUCTED IN FULL COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONVENTION IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE THEIR CONSERVATION AND SUSTAINABLE USE

Objective 1.1 Parties comply with their obligations under the Convention through the adoption and implementation of appropriate legislation, policies, and procedures.

SDG Goals 12, 14 & 15 GBF Goal A & Targets 4, 5, 9 & 10

Indicator 1.1.1: Number of Parties that are in category 1 under the national legislation project. (Data source: National Legislation Project)

1.1.1a	Have any CITES relevant policies or legislation been developed during the period covered in this report? Yes ⊠ No □
	If 'Yes', have you shared information with the Secretariat? Yes ☐ No ☐Not Applicable ☒ If 'No', please provide details to the Secretariat with this report:
	<u>2021</u>
	Following CITES CoP18 (Geneva, 2019), the European Commission adopted on 16/12/2021 Commission Regulation (EU) 2021/2280 ¹ to incorporate the changes flowing from the decisions taken in the relevant legislation at the EU level. The Regulation entails changes to the Annexes to Council Regulation (EC) 338/97 as well as Commission Regulation (EC) No 865/2006.
	To implement Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP18), the EU introduced a more restrictive ivory trade regime. In this context, the exemption for internal trade with antiques containing ivory without a certificate was repealed. Accordingly, a certificate is now required for trade of ivory in any case. To allow stricter control of internal trade in objects consisting of ivory, an expiry date for certificates issued for all ivory objects was introduced. In addition, the European Commission revised the Guidance document on the EU regime governing trade in ivory ² . As a result, import and export of raw ivory
	to and from the EU are prohibited entirely, whereas internal trade is only allowed for specific purposes

¹ Regulation - 2021/2280 - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

² EUR-Lex - 52021XC1230(03) - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

(repairing pre-1975 musical instruments and pre-1947 antiques of high cultural, artistic or historical importance held by a museum). Regarding worked ivory, export and import are only allowed for pre-1975 musical instruments and pre-1947 antiques sold to museums, internal trade only with objects acquired before 1947 and pre-1975 musical instruments.

2022

On 11/08/2022, the Commission adopted a Guidance **document on live animals bred in captivity**¹ under the EU Wildlife Trade Regulations.

On 09/11/2022, the European Commission adopted a revised EU Action Plan against wildlife trafficking² to strengthen the EU action against the illegal trade in wildlife, both in the EU and internationally. The revised action plan is built around four priorities including 17 objectives and 69 actions: (1) Preventing wildlife trafficking and addressing its root causes; (2) strengthening the legal and policy framework against wildlife trafficking; (3) enforcing regulations and policies to fight wildlife trafficking effectively; (4) strengthening the global partnership of source, consumer and transit countries against wildlife trafficking.

2023

Following CITES CoP19 (Panama, 2022), the Commission adopted on 15/05/2023 the revised **Annexes to Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97**³.

On 12/12/2023, the Commission adopted **Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 2023/2770 (Suspension Regulation)**⁴, amending the list of species of which import to the EU is prohibited.

Moreover, the European Commission adopted on 18/04/2023 a **Guidance document on the export, re-export and intra-EU trade of captive-born and bred live tigers and their parts and derivatives**⁵ (2023/C 135/01). The objective of the Guidance is to increase controls on the commercial trade of live captive-bred tigers and their parts and derivatives. The EU Member States are encouraged not to grant export, re-export or intra-EU trade certificates. Exemptions are only possible under specific circumstances if the purposes are not detrimental to the conservation of the species.

At national level, Law no. 90/2021 for the amendment and completion of some normative acts, in order to transpose some legal acts of the European Union in the field of environmental protection entered into force with following amendment at art. V: Emergency Ordinance no. 57/ 2007 regarding the regime of natural protected areas, conservation of natural habitats, flora and fauna, will be completed as follows:

At art. no. 52, alin. (1), a new provision will be introduced:

1)Committing any of the following constitutes a crime and is punishable by imprisonment from 3 months to one year or a fine:

(...)

h^1) trade in specimens of the species provided for in annexes A and B to Regulation (EC) no. 338/97 of the Council of December 9, 1996 on the protection of wild species, fauna and flora by controlling trading in them, published in the Official Journal of the European Community no. L61 of March 3, 1997, with subsequent amendments and additions, or in parts or derivatives thereof, in violation of the legal provisions in the field, except in cases where the act affects a small amount of such specimens and has an insignificant impact on the state of preservation of species. (...)

^{1 &}lt;u>EUR-Lex - 52022XC0811(01) - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)</u>

² EUR-Lex - 52022DC0581 - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

Regulation - 2023/966 - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

Implementing regulation - EU - 2023/2770 - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

⁵ EUR-Lex - 52023XC0418(01) - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

1.1.1b	change guidelin If 'No',	rour legislation or legislative process allow easy amendment of your national law(s) to reflect es in the CITES Appendices (e.g. to meet the 90 day implementation) nes)? Yes No No please provide details of the constraints faced: actualizarea se face prin modificarile aduse R
	legisla challe level.	every CITES CoP, the EU incorporates the changes in the CITES Appendices in the relevant at EU level (Council Regulation (EC) 338/97). Albeit a simplified procedure, it is night to meet the 90 days deadline given lengthy and punctual internal procedures at EU
		the interim period and prior to the entry into force of the amended Regulation, EU Member issue export and import permits directly based on the relevant provisions of the Convention
Indicator '	1.1.2:	Number of Parties subject to CITES recommendations to suspend trade. (Data source: Notifications to the Parties and reference list of countries subject to a recommendation to suspend trade)
Objective	1.2	Parties have established CITES Management and Scientific Authorities and enforcement focal points that effectively carry out the duties required of them under the Convention and relevant Resolutions.
Indicator 1	1.2.1:	Number of Parties that have designated at least one Management Authority, independent Scientific Authority and enforcement focal points in place. (Data source: CITES online directory)
Objective	1.3	Implementation of the Convention at the national level is consistent with Resolutions and Decisions adopted by the Conference of the Parties. SDG Goals 12, 14 & 15 GBF Goal A & Targets 4, 5, 9, 10 & 15
Indicator 1	1.3.1:	Number of Parties that have implemented relevant reporting under Resolutions and Decisions of the Conference of the Parties and/or Standing Committee recommendations.
1.3.1a	durin of the issue R R	rour country responded to all relevant special reporting requirements that are active g the period covered in this report, including those in the Resolutions and Decisions e Conference of the Parties, Standing Committee recommendations, and Notifications ed by the Secretariat (see https://cites.org/eng/parties/country-profiles/ro/reports)? esponses provided to ALL relevant reporting requirements esponses provided to SOME of the relevant reporting requirements ospecial reporting requirements applicable
1.3.1b	imple	any difficulties encountered during the period covered in this report in menting specific Resolutions or Decisions adopted by the Conference Parties? Yes ☐ No ☒
	difficu	s', please provide details of which Resolution(s) or Decision(s), and, for each, what lities / are being encountered?
Objective	1.4	The Appendices correctly reflect the conservation status and needs of species. SDG Goal 15 GBF Goal A & Targets 4 & 5
Indicator 1	1.4.1:	The number and proportion of species listed in Appendices that have been found to meet the criteria for each Appendix contained in Resolution Conf. 9.24 (Rev. CoP17) or its successors as part of the Periodic Review process or of amendment proposals

Objective 1.5 Parties improve the conservation status of CITES-listed specimens, put in place national conservation actions, support their sustainable use and promote cooperation in managing shared wildlife resources.

SDG Goals 2, 12, 14 & 15 GBF Goals A & B & Targets 4, 5, 9 & 10

Indicator 1.5.1: The conservation status of species listed on the CITES Appendices has stabilized or improved. (Data source: IUCN Red List conservations status categories)

1.5.1a (previously 3.4.1a)	Does your country have data which shows that the conservation status of naturally occurring species in your country listed on the CITES Appendices has			
	stabilized or improved?	Yes	No	Not Applicable
	Appendix I		\boxtimes	
	Appendix II		\boxtimes	
	Appendix III		\boxtimes	
	If there are such studies that you are willing to share, please provi	de:		
	Species name (scientific) Link to the data, or a brief summar	у		
1.5.1b (previously 3.4.1b)	Do you have examples of specific examples of success stories or emerging problems with any CITES listed species? If 'Yes', please provide details: The sturgeons stocking programmes started in Romania in year 2006 proved successfully	No No	=	
	based on the observation on returning of stocked fish which strengthened the wild population and helped the critically endangered species to restart their natural spawning in the river.			

Indicator 1.5.2: Number of CITES-listed species for which Parties have put in place actions that support sustainable use.

1.5.2 (previously 1.6.2a)	Does your country have any cooperative management plans, including recovery plans in place for shared populations of CITES-listed species? Yes ⊠ No.						
	If 'Yes', please list the species to a published plan for each s	s for which these plans are in place and provide a link or reference species.					
	Species Name (scientific)	Link or reference to a published plan					
	Branta ruficollis	Sor.ro/proiect/conservarea-gastelor-cu-gat-rosu/plan_de_actiune/					
	Aquila pomarina	https://ananp.gov.ro/ariile-naturale-protejate-ale-romaniei/planuri-actiune-specii/					
	Pelecanus crispus	https://ananp.gov.ro/ariile-naturale-protejate-ale-romaniei/planuri-actiune-specii/					
	Tursiops truncates Phocoena Phocoena Delphinus delphis	https://legislatie.just.ro/public/DetaliiDocument/283770					
	Acipenseridae	https://legislatie.just.ro/Public/DetaliiDocument/241093					

Ursus arctos	https://legislatie.just.ro/Public/DetaliiDocumentAfis/202150
Canis lupus	https://lege5.ro/App/Document/gi4dqmjxgmyq/ordinul-nr-626-2018-privind-aprobarea-planului-national-de-actiune-pentru-specia-canis-lupus
Lynx lynx	https://www.lifelynx.eu/despre-proiect/?lang=ro

GOAL 2 PARTIES' DECISIONS ARE SUPPORTED BY THE BEST AVAILABLE SCIENCE AND INFORMATION

Objective 2.1 Parties' non-detriment findings are based on best available scientific information and their determination of legal acquisition is based on the best available technical and legal information. SDG Goals 12, 14 & 15 GBF Targets 4, 5, 9 & 20

Indicator 2.1.1: Number of Parties that have adopted standard procedures for making non-detriment findings (NDFs).

2.1.1a (previously 1.5.2a)			Yes	No	No informatio	on
ŕ	Does your country have standard procedures for making detriment findings in line with Resolution Conf. 16.7 (Rev. CoP17)?	non-				
	If 'Yes', please briefly describe your procedures for making non-detriment findings, or attach as an annex to this report, or provide a link to where the information can be found on the internet:					
	No standard procedures approved but RO follows Recommen Conf. 16.7.	dations in	line w	ith Re	solution	
2.1.1b (previously 1.5.2b)	When establishing non-detriment findings, have any of the folloguidance been used?	owing	Plea	se tick	all that app	oly
,	Virtual	College				
	IUCN C	hecklist		[\boxtimes	
	Resolution Conf. 16.7					
	2008 NDF wo	orkshop		[
	Species specific g	uidance		[\boxtimes	
		Other		[
	If 'Other' or 'Species specific guidance', please specify details:					
2.1.1c (previously	How often do <u>es</u> you <u>r country</u> review and/or change your non-detriment findings?	Case by Annually	case			$\mathbb{X} \sqcup \square \sqcup \mathbb{X}$
1.5.2c)		Every two	o year	s	Ī	
		Less free	uently	/		
		A mix of t	the ab	ove		\boxtimes
	Please describe the circumstances under which non-detrimen New information regarding population status and trends, volun- opinion	_			_	

Indicator 2.1.2: Number of written NDFs submitted and number of Parties submitting NDFs for posting in the CITES online database.

(Data source: NDF webpage on the CITES website)

Indicator 2.1.3: Number of Parties that have included the legal acquisition finding obligation in their national regulatory framework, as recommended by Resolution Conf. 18.7 (Rev. CoP19).

2.1.3		Yes	No	No information
	Is the legal acquisition finding obligation included in your national regulatory framework, as recommended by Resolution Conf. 18.7 (Rev. CoP19)?			
	If 'Yes', please briefly include the name of the regulatory instrument, information can be found on the internet:	or provid	e a link	to where the
	-Order no. 255 of March 1, 2007 regarding some measures for Union regulations on trade in wild species of fauna and flora, which is the contract of the contra			

Objective 2.2 Parties cooperate in sharing information and tools relevant to the implementation of CITES. SDG Goal 12 GBF Goal B & Targets 20 & 21

Indicator 2.2.1: Number of surveys, studies or other analyses undertaken by exporting countries based on the sources of information cited in Resolution Conf. 16.7 (Rev. CoP17) on *Non-detriment findings* related to: - the population status of Appendix-II species; - the trends and impact of trade upon Appendix-II species; and - the status of and trend in naturally occurring Appendix I species and the impact of any recovery plans.

Have any surveys, studies or other analy undertaken in your country in relation to:		Yes	No	Not Applicable	If Yes, How many?
- the population status of Appendix II spe	cies?	\boxtimes			
- the trends and impact of trade on Apper species?	ndix II				
- the status of and trend in naturally-occu Appendix I species?	ırring				
- the impact of any recovery plans on App species?	pendix I				
			\boxtimes		
If there are such studies that you are willing	to share, ple	ase prov	/ide:		
Species name (scientific)	or other and stable / incr	alysis (e ease, o	.g. popu ff-take le	lation status, de vels etc), or pro	ecline /
Acipenser gueldenstaedtii; Acipenser stellatus, Huso huso	fish: sturg	geon a	nd poi	ntic shad –	migratory Isaccea
Lynx lynx Felis silvestris	distribution coast http:// Identifying I measures a https://www manageme safeguardir Study to id passage, passage re EU/Client-S Study regard populations i silvestris), in conservation and wild cat	of the your work www.str key habit along the vicpdr.or or o	oung stuurioni.ug tats and e Danub rg/tasks- eon-cons easible con h prote n https:// estimatic ania (Urs to main establisl in Roma	rigeons at the Eal.ro/ initiating protecte and its main topics/tasks/riveservation/meas retions for upstoction and do//www.cdmsmitls/WePass2 on of bear, lynx aus arctos, Lynx tain a favorable of the number of the selection and the selection	ributaries er-basin- ures- ream fish wnstream n.com/en- and wild cat t lynx, Felis e staus of f bear, lynx
	- the population status of Appendix II sperate trends and impact of trade on Apper species? - the status of and trend in naturally-occurappendix I species? - the impact of any recovery plans on Appropriate and expertise of local indigenous communities? If there are such studies that you are willing species name (scientific) Acipenser gueldenstaedtii; Acipenser stellatus, Huso huso Ursus arctos Lynx lynx Felis silvestris	- the population status of Appendix II species? - the trends and impact of trade on Appendix II species? - the status of and trend in naturally-occurring Appendix I species? - the impact of any recovery plans on Appendix I species? - the impact of any recovery plans on Appendix I species? - Have the surveys, studies or analyses integrated relevant knowledge and expertise of local and indigenous communities? - If there are such studies that you are willing to share, ple - A brief sum or other and stable / included in the propose of the state of the propose of the state of the propose o	- the population status of Appendix II species? - the trends and impact of trade on Appendix II species? - the status of and trend in naturally-occurring Appendix I species? - the impact of any recovery plans on Appendix I species? - the impact of any recovery plans on Appendix I species? - Have the surveys, studies or analyses integrated relevant knowledge and expertise of local and indigenous communities? If there are such studies that you are willing to share, please provous Abrief summary of or other analysis (estable / increase, or links to published restellatus, Huso huso Acipenser gueldenstaedtii; Acipenser stellatus, Huso huso Stocking activities adistribution of the yecoast http://www.str.ldentifying key habit measures along the https://www.icpdr.oomanagement/sturgusafeguarding-sturgusafe	- the population status of Appendix II species? - the trends and impact of trade on Appendix II species? - the status of and trend in naturally-occurring Appendix I species? - the impact of any recovery plans on Appendix I species? - the impact of any recovery plans on Appendix I species? - the the surveys, studies or analyses integrated relevant knowledge and expertise of local and indigenous communities? If there are such studies that you are willing to share, please provide: A brief summary of the resu or other analysis (e.g. popus stable / increase, off-take le links to published reference Jevelopment of the monitor fish: sturgeon and por (https://ddni.ro/wps/ro/proie) Stocking activities and the adistribution of the young stucoast http://www.sturioni.ug ldentifying key habitats and measures along the Danub https://www.icpdr.org/tasks-management/sturgeon-consafeguarding-sturgeons Study to identify feasible opassage, and fish prote passage, and fish prote passage restoration https://EU/Client-Solutions/Project Ursus arctos Lynx lynx Felis silvestris Study regarding the estimatic populations in Romania (Urs silvestris), in order to main conservation and to establist	- the trends and impact of trade on Appendix II species? - the status of and trend in naturally-occurring Appendix I species? - the status of and trend in naturally-occurring Appendix I species? - the impact of any recovery plans on Appendix I species? - the impact of any recovery plans on Appendix I species? - Have the surveys, studies or analyses integrated relevant knowledge and expertise of local and indigenous communities? If there are such studies that you are willing to share, please provide: A brief summary of the results of the surve or other analysis (e.g. population status, destable / increase, off-take levels etc), or profish sturgeon and pontic shad — (https://ddni.ro/wps/ro/proiecte-nationale/) Species name (scientific) Acipenser gueldenstaedtii; Acipenser stellatus, Huso huso Stocking activities and the analyse of the distribution of the young sturgeons at the Ecoast http://www.sturioni.ugal.ro/ Identifying key habitats and initiating proted measures along the Danube and its main the https://www.icpdr.org/tasks-topics/tasks/fivmanagement/sturgeon-conservation/meassafeguarding-sturgeons Study to identify feasible options for upst passage, and fish protection and do passage restoration https://www.cdmsmittle/U/Cilent-Solutions/Projects/WePass2 Ursus arctos Lynx lynx Felis silvestris Study regarding the estimation of bear, lynx apopulations in Romania (Ursus arctos, Lynx silvestris), in order to maintain a favorable conservation and to establish the number of and wild cat species in Romania that can be

2.2.1b (previously	How are the results of such surveys, studies or other analy findings (NDFs)? Please tick all that apply	ses used in making non-detriment			
1.5.1b)		Revised harvest or export quotas	; 🖂		
		Banning export	t 🗌		
	Stricter domestic measures				
		Changed management of the species	; 🖂		
	Disc	cussion with Management Authorities	; 🛛		
		Discussion with other stakeholders?	, 🖂		
	Other (please pro	ovide a short summary):			
2.2.1c	Does your country have specific conservation measures	Yes			
(previously 1.5.1c	or recovery plans for naturally occurring Appendix-I listed	No			
	species?	Not Applicable			
		No information			
	If 'Yes', please provide a brief summary, including, if possil impact:	ole, an evaluation of their			
2.2.1d (previously 1.5.1d)	Ha <u>ve</u> you <u>r country</u> published any non-detriment findings the fired in the secretarial fired in				

2.2.1e (previously 1.5.1e)	Which of the following [A to F of paragraph 1 a) x) of Resolution Conf. 16.7 (Rev. CoP17)] does your country use in making non-detriment findings?	Yes	No
,	A. relevant scientific literature concerning species biology, life history, distribution and population trends.		
	B. details of any ecological risk assessments conducted.	\boxtimes	
	C. scientific surveys conducted at harvest locations and at sites protected from harvest and other impacts.	\boxtimes	
	D. relevant knowledge and expertise of local and indigenous communities.	\boxtimes	
	E. consultations with relevant local, regional and international experts.	\boxtimes	
	F. national and international trade information such as that available via the CITES trade database maintained by UNEP World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC), publications on trade, local knowledge on trade and investigations of sales at markets or through the Internet for example.		

Indicator 2.2.2: Number and proportion of annual export quotas based on population surveys. (Data source: Quotas webpage on the CITES website)

2.2.2a (previously 1.5.3a)	Does your country set annual export quotas?	Yes No		
	If 'Yes', does your country set quotas based on population survey, or by other means? Please specify, for each species, how quotas are set:	Powel for	Other,	
	Species Name (scientific)	Population Survey?	please specify	
	Hirudo verbana	Survey?	opeony	
2.2.2b	Have annual export quotas been set at levels which will	Yes	\boxtimes	
(previously 1.5.3b)	ensure sustainable production and consumption?	No		
	If 'Yes', please describe how this fits into your non-detriment	finding process:		
	Conservation status and harvest characteristics are considered in the NDF process. The harvest quota established are not exceeding the annual growth of population concerned. The export quotas are lower than harvest quota approved.			

Indicator 2.2.3: Number of workshops and other capacity-building activities that bring range States together to address the conservation and management needs of shared CITES listed species.

2.2.3a (previously 1.6.3a)	building activities provided by external sources?							
	Please tick boxes to indicate which target group and which activity. Target group	Oral or written advice/guidance	Technical assistance	Financial assistance	Training	Other (specify)	What were the external sources ¹ ?	
					~			
	Staff of Management Authority							
	Staff of Scientific Authority							

Please provide the names of Parties, and any non-Parties, involved.

p. 10

Staff of enforcement authorities	\boxtimes					
Traders						
NGOs						
Public						
Other (please specify):	П	П	П	П	П	

2.2.3b (previously 1.6.3b)	Have the CITES authorities been the <i>providers</i> of any of the following capacity-building activities to other range States?						
	Please tick boxes to indicate which target group and which activity.	Oral or written advice/guidance	Technical assistance	Financial assistance	Training	Other (specify)	
	Target group	O b	as:	as:	Tra		Details
-	Staff of Management Authority						
	Staff of Scientific Authority Staff of enforcement authorities						
	Traders						
-	NGOs						
	Public						
	Other Parties/International meetings						
	Other (please specify)						
2.2.3c (previously 1.6.3c)	In what ways does your country colla	aborate	with othe	er CITES	S Partio	es?	
				nes	en		
		Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Very Often	Always	Further detail / examples
	Information exchange						https://www.icpdr.org/ tasks- topics/tasks/river- basin- management/sturgeo n- conservation/measur es-safeguarding- sturgeons
	Monitoring / survey						https://www.icpdr.org/ tasks- topics/tasks/river- basin- management/sturgeo n- conservation/measur es-safeguarding- sturgeons
	Habitat management						https://www.icpdr.org/ tasks- topics/tasks/river- basin- management/sturgeo n- conservation/measur es-safeguarding- sturgeons

	Species management						https://www.icpdr.org/t asks-topics/tasks/river- basin- management/sturgeon - conservation/measure s-safeguarding- sturgeons
	Law enforcement			\boxtimes			
	Capacity building		\boxtimes			Е	
	Other (please provide details)			•			***************************************
2.2.3d (previously 2.3.1a)	How many training and capacity building country run during the period covered in		oort?	fr	/ithout om the ecreta)	stance Conducted or assisted by the Secretariat
	Please list the Resolutions or Decisions		1 More tha	2-5 6-10 1-20			
2.2.3e (previously 2.3.1b)	What sorts of capacity building activities	have ta	aken pla	ce?			
2.2.3f (previously 2.3.1c)	What capacity building needs does you	r country	y have?	ī	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	
	Please tick all boxes which apply to indicate which target group and which activity. Target group	Oral or written advice/guidance	Technical assistance	Financial assistance	Training	Other (specify)	Details
	Staff of Management Authority	\boxtimes	\boxtimes			\boxtimes	Human resources
	Staff of Scientific Authority	\boxtimes	\boxtimes		\boxtimes		Human resources
	Staff of enforcement authorities	\boxtimes	\boxtimes		\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Human resources
	Traders / other user groups						
	NGOs						
	Public						
	Other (please specify)				Ш	Ш	

Indicator 2.2.4: Number of reports shared by the Parties in compliance with the Resolutions of the Convention. (Data source: CITES Secretariat)

Indicator 2.2.5: Number of Parties sharing information relevant to the implementation of CITES (e.g. shared databases, data visualization/software, information-sharing focused tools, etc.).

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An activity might be a single day training e.g. for a group of staff from the Management Authority, or a longer course / project undertaken by an individual.

2.2.5	imp visu	your country shared information relevant to the lementation of CITES (e.g. shared databases, data alization/software, information-sharing focused s, etc.)?	Yes D	\boxtimes
Indicator 2.	2.6:	Number of CoP side-events where Parties present informing implementation of CITES (Data source: CoP side-event schedule and descriptions)		
Objective 2	.3	Parties have sufficient information to enforce the Conver SDG Goal 12 GBF Goal D & Targets 15 & 21	ntion.	
Indicator 2.3.1:		Proportion of Parties that are making use of the available at Google Analytics for the number of site visits to the CI Species+ or the number of downloads from the CITES T of shared tools. (Data source: CITES Secretariat – Number of visits to the CITES Checklist and Species+; number of downloads.)	TES website, CITES Checklist, or rade Database as a proxy for usage of CITES website; number of visits	ge to
Indicator 2.	3.2:	Percentage of Parties reporting having sufficient information	ation to enforce the Convention.	
2.3.2		ou consider that your country has sufficient rmation to enforce the Convention?	Yes D	\boxtimes

Objective 2	2.4	Parties have sufficient information to make listing decisions that are reformation needs. SDG Goal 12 GBF Goals A & D & Targets 5, 20 & 21	lective of species
Indicator 2	4.1:	Percentage of Parties reporting having sufficient information to make listing reflective of species conservation needs.	decisions that are
2.4.1	info	vou consider that your country has sufficient rmation to make listing decisions that are ective of species conservation needs?	
Objective 2	2.5	Information gaps and needs for key species are identified and addressed. SDG Goal 12 GBF Target 21	
Indicator 2.	5.1:	Number of Parties that have undertaken research (including for non-detr their identified key species most relevant to the implementation of the Conv	
2.5.1a	iden of th	research (including for non-detriment findings) on your tified key species most relevant to the implementation e Convention been undertaken in your country?	Yes ☐ No ⊠
	If 'Ye	es', please indicate how you identify key species:	
2.5.1b (previously 1.4.1a)		your country undertaken any reviews of whether species would benefit from ne CITES Appendices?	listing Yes ☐ No ⊠
		es', please provide a summary here, or a link to the report of the work copy of that report to the Secretariat if the work is not available online):	
Indicator 2.	5.2:	Number of Parties that currently lack information for their identified key spe to the implementation of the Convention and need assistance to address the	
2.5.2	speci	ou consider that your country currently lacks information on your ident es most relevant to the implementation of the Convention and assistance to address them?	ified key Yes □ No ⊠
	If 'Yes	s', please specify for which key species and the type of assistance need	ded:

- GOAL 3 PARTIES (INDIVIDUALLY AND COLLECTIVELY) HAVE THE TOOLS, RESOURCES AND CAPACITY TO EFFECTIVELY IMPLEMENT AND ENFORCE THE CONVENTION, CONTRIBUTING TO CONSERVATION, SUSTAINABLE USE AND THE REDUCTION OF ILLEGAL TRADE IN CITES-LISTED WILDLIFE SPECIES
- Objective 3.1 Parties have in place administrative procedures that are transparent, practical, coherent and user-friendly, and reduce unnecessary administrative burdens.

 SDG Goal 16
 GBF Goal D

Indicator 3.1.1: Number of Parties that have adopted standard transparent procedures for the timely issuance of permits in accordance with Article VI of the Convention.

		Yes	No	No information
3.1.1 (previously 1.2.1a)	Does your country have standard operating procedures for application for and issuance of permits?	\boxtimes		
Í	Are the procedures publicly available?	\boxtimes		

Indicator 3.1.2: Number of Parties making use of the simplified procedures provided for in Resolution Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP19).

3.1.2 (previously 1.2.2a)	Has your country developed simplified procedures for any of	f the follo	wing?				
		Т	Tick all applicable				
		Yes	No	No information			
	Where biological samples of the type and size specified in Annex 4 to Resolution Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP19) are urgently required.		\boxtimes				
	For the issuance of pre-Convention certificates or equivalent documents in accordance with Article VII, paragraph 2.		\boxtimes				
	For the issuance of certificates of captive breeding or artificial propagation in accordance with Article VII, paragraph 5.		\boxtimes				
	For the issuance of export permits or re-export certificates in accordance with Article IV for specimens referred to in Article VII, paragraph 4.		\boxtimes				
	Are there other cases judged by a Management Authority to merit the use of simplified procedures? If 'Yes', please provide details:						

Indicator 3.1.3: Number of Parties that have adopted an electronic system for the issuance of permits.

		Yes	No	No information
3.1.3 (previously 1.2.1b)	Does your country have:			
	Electronic data management and a paper-based permit issuance system?			
	Electronic permit information exchange between Management Authorities of some countries If 'Yes', please list countries		\boxtimes	

Electronic permit information exchange to Management Authorities of all countries?		\boxtimes	
Electronic permit data exchange between Management Authorities and customs?		\boxtimes	
Electronic permit used to cross border with electronic validation by customs?		\boxtimes	
If 'Yes' to any of the above, please provide information on c overcome:	hallenges	faced or i	ssues
If 'No', do you have any plans to move towards e- permitting ¹ ?			
If you are planning to move towards e-permitting, please ex	plain what	might he	elp you to do

programmes.

SDG Goal 17

GBF Goal D & Targets 20 & 21

Indicator 3.2.1: Number of Parties with training programmes and information resources in place to implement CITES, including the making of non-detriment and legal acquisition findings, issuance of permits and enforcement.

3.2.1a (previously 1.8.1a)	Does your country have information resources or training in place. The making of non-detriment findings? □ ☒ Permit officers? ☒ □ Enforcement officers? ☒ □	e to support: YesNo	
3.2.1b (previously 1.8.1b)	Is the CITES Virtual College used as part of your capacity building work? What improvements could be made in using the Virtual College for capacity building?	Yes No No information	
3.2.1c (previously 1.8.1c)	Is the ICCWC Wildlife and Forest Crime Toolkit used in the development of capacity-building programmes, or does it form part of the curriculum of such programmes? What improvements could be made in using the ICCWC Toolkit for capacity building?	Yes No No information	

Indicator 3.2.2: Number of workshops and other capacity-building activities that bring range States together to address the conservation and management needs of shared CITES listed species.

See questions for indicator 2.2.3

Objective 3.3 Sufficient resources are available at the national and international levels to support necessary capacity-building programmes and ensure compliance with and full implementation and enforcement of the Convention.

SDG Goals 15 & 17

GBF Goal D & Targets 20 & 21

Number of Parties meeting their obligations with regard to their assessed contributions to the Indicator 3.3.1: Trust Fund.

(Data source: CITES Secretariat)

e-permitting refers to the electronic (paperless) management of the permit business process, including permit application, Management Authority - Scientific Authority consultations, permit issuance, notification to customs and reporting.

Indicator 3.3.2: Percentage of the total funds required to implement the work programme agreed by the Conference of the Parties that is fully funded.

(Data source: CITES Secretariat)

Objective 3.4 Parties recognize illegal trade in wildlife as serious crime and have adequate systems in place to detect and deter it.

SDG Goal 15

Indicator 3.4.1: Number of Parties where criminal offences relating to illegal trade in wildlife (such as illegal hunting/harvest and wildlife trafficking) are recognized as a serious crime.

3.4.1a (previously 1.7.3b)	Are criminal offences such as poaching and wildlife trafficking recognized as serious crime ¹ in your country?	Yes No No information	
	If 'Yes', please explain what criteria must be met for poaching or w treated as serious crimes:	ildlife trafficking offen	ces to be
3.4.1b (previously 1.7.3a)	Does your country have law and procedures in place for investigating, prosecuting, and penalizing CITES offences as a crime?	Yes No	
	If 'Yes', please provide the title of the legislation and a summary of the penalties available	No information	
	- Romania's Criminal Code, respectively LAW 286/2009 - different provisions		
	-Emergency Ordinance no. 195/2005 regarding environmental protection		
	Art. 98: (5) The following acts constitute crimes and are punishable by imprisonment from 2 to 7 years:		
	d)refusal of control upon the introduction and removal from the country of dangerous substances and preparations or upon the introduction into the country, of cultures of microorganisms, plants and live animals from wild flora and fauna, without the consent issued by the central public authority for environmental protection. ()		
	- Emergency Ordinance no. 57/ 2007 regarding the regime of natural protected areas, conservation of natural habitats, flora and fauna		
	Art. no. 52:		
	1)Committing any of the following constitutes a crime and is punishable by imprisonment from 3 months to one year or a fine:		
	()		
	h^1) trade in specimens of the species provided for in annexes A and B to Regulation (EC) no. 338/97 of the Council of December 9, 1996 on the protection of wild species, fauna and flora by controlling trading in them, published in the Official Journal of the European Community no. L61 of March 3, 1997, with subsequent amendments and additions, or in parts or derivatives thereof, in violation of the legal provisions in the field, except in cases where		

The United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime defines serious crime as conduct constituting an offence punishable by imprisonment for at least four years or a more serious penalty.

	the act affects a small amount of such specimens and has an insignificant impact on the state of preservation of species. ()						
	Emergency Ordinance no. 23/2008 regarding fishing and aquaculture						
	Art. 64:						
	The following acts constitute crimes and are punishable by a fine and the prohibition of the right to fish for a period between one and three years:						
	h) possession, transport or sale, without legal papers, of fish and other aquatic animals obtained from fishing or fish products. The documents of origin will accompany the goods, regardless of where they are, during transport, storage or marketing. Documents of origin mean, as the case may be, the fiscal invoice, the invoice, the goods accompanying notice, the customs documents, the foreign invoice or any other documents established by law. ()						
	Art. 65:						
	The following acts constitute crimes and are punishable by a fine and the prohibition of the right to fish for a period between one and three years:						
	c)fishing, possession, transport, marketing of sturgeons caught on the territory of Romania from natural fish habitats, as well as the products and by-products obtained from them, without complying with the legal provisions in force, with the exception of those from aquaculture, for which proof of origin is provided by legal supporting documents and markings. ()						
3.4.1c (previously 1.7.3c)	Does your country have capacity to use forensic technology ¹ to support the investigation of CITES offences?	Yes 🖂 No 🖂 No information					
	If 'Yes', please provide a brief summary of any samples from CITES-listed species that were collected and submitted to an appropriate forensic analysis facility (located in your country and/or another country) during the period covered in this report:						
	If 'Yes', and your country has an appropriate forensic analysis facili please indicate which species it applies to:	ity for CITES-listed species,					
3.4.1d (previously 1.7.3d)	Did your authorities participate in or initiate any multi-disciplinary ² law enforcement operation(s) targeting CITES-listed species during the period covered in this report?	Yes 🖂 No 🖂 No information					
	If 'Yes', please provide a brief summary, including any lessons lear other Parties: Cooperation between enforcement authorities as Na Romanian Police – common operations at fish farms, fair and mark provisions related to environmental authorization.	tional Environmental Guard and					
3.4.1e (previously	Does your country have a standard operating procedure among relevant agencies for submitting information related to CITES	Yes					

Capacity to use forensic technology means the ability to collect, handle and submit samples from crime scenes involving CITES-listed species to an appropriate forensic analysis facility, located either in your country or in another country(ies).

A multi-disciplinary law enforcement operation is one that involves officers from all relevant enforcement disciplines as appropriate, for example officers from Police, Customs and the wildlife regulatory authority. It could be either sub-national, national or international in scope.

3.4.1f (previously 1.7.3f)	any of	your country have legislative provisions for the following that can be applied to the igation, prosecution and/or sentencing of 6 offences as appropriate?	Yes	No	No information	If yes, how many times was this used during the period covered by this report?
	Gener	General crime ¹				
	Predic	ate offences ²				
	Asset	forfeiture ³				
	Corru	otion ⁴				
	Interna	ational cooperation in criminal matters ⁵				
	Organ	ized crime ⁶				
	Specia	alized investigation techniques ⁷				
		'to any of the above, please explain how each ummary, including any lessons learned which				
3.4.1g (previously 1.7.3g)	Does your country have institutional capacity to implement the legislative provisions listed in the question above against CITES offences? If 'No', please provide a brief summary of your major capacity-building the company of your major capacity-building the capacity of your major capacity of your major capacity of your major capacity of your major capacity.			Yes No No information	□ on □	
Objective 3.5 Parties work collaboratively across range, transit and destination states, to address entire illegal trade chains, including through strategies to reduce both the supply of and demand for illegal products, in order for trade to be legal and sustainable. SDG Goals 15 & 17 GBF Targets 5, 16, 20 & 21						
Indicator 3.5.1: Number of seizures made through Parties collaboration across range, transit and destination States, to address entire illegal trade chains.						
3.5.1	Partie States	authorities in your country made seizures to collaboration across range, transit and does, to address entire illegal trade chains?	estinat		Yes No No informat	tion

offences to INTERPOL and/or the World Customs Organization? No information

General crime laws relate to offences such as fraud, conspiracy, possession of weapons, and other matters as set out in the national criminal code.

² Article 2, paragraph (h) of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime defines a predicate offence is an offence whose proceeds may become the subject of any of the money-laundering offences established under the Convention.

³ Asset forfeiture is the seizure and confiscation of assets obtained from criminal activities to ensure that criminals do not benefit from the proceeds of their crimes.

Provisions against corruption include national laws to implement the United Nations Convention against Corruption covering offences such as bribery of officials, embezzlement or misappropriation of public funds, trading in influence and abuse of functions by public officials.

⁵ International cooperation in criminal matters includes legislation through which a formal request for mutual legal assistance and/or extradition of a person for criminal prosecution can be forwarded to another country.

Article 2, paragraph (a) of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime defines an organized criminal group as a structured group of three or more persons, existing for a period of time and acting in concert with the aim of committing one or more serious crimes or offences established in accordance with the Convention, in order to obtain, directly or indirectly, a financial or other material benefit.

Specialized investigation techniques are techniques that are deployed against serious and/or organized crime when conventional law enforcement techniques fail to adequately address the activities of crime groups. Examples include controlled deliveries and covert operations.

Objective 3.6		Parties take measures to prohibit, prevent, detect and sanction corruption. SDG Goal 16					
Indicator 3	3.6.1:	Number of Parties reporting in impleme	ementation reports of activities taken to address corruption				
3.6.1	respo mana	rour country undertaken activities to uption, in particular with regard to nat onsible for wildlife law enforcement a agement? s', please elaborate on the types of ac	ional agencies nd protected areas	Yes No No information			
		, p					
Objective 3.7		Investments in building capacity of 0 monitored to ensure stepwise improve SDG Goals 15 & 17 GBF Goal D & Target 20		coordinated, and t	neir success		
Indicator 3	3.7.1:	Number of capacity-building activities (Data source: See questions for indicate)					
Indicator 3	3.7.2:	Number of Parties who report impr capacity-building efforts.	ovements in their im	plementation follow	ing targeted		
3.7.2		ou report improvements in the imple ur country following targeted capacit		Yes No No capacity- building			
		', please elaborate on the reasons whovements in your implementation:	y targeted capacity-	building did not lea	ıd to		
Indicator 3	3.7.3:	Total investments into capacity-building (Data source: Reports from capacity-b					
Objective	3.8	Parties take full advantage of emerging technological developments to improve the effective implementation and enforcement of the Convention. SDG Goal 17 GBF Goal D & Targets 20 &21					
Indicator 3	3.8.1:	Number of CITES Parties using the CITES Checklist API. (Data source: CITES Secretariat)					
GOAL 4		CITES POLICY DEVELOPMENT ALSO CONTRIBUTES TO AND LEARNS FROM INTERNATIONAL EFFORTS TO ACHIEVE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT					
Objective	4.1	Parties support sustainable wildlife trade policies, especially those that increase the capacity of Indigenous peoples and local communities to pursue livelihoods. SDG Goals 8, 12, 14, 15 & 17 GBF Goals B & C & Targets 5 & 22					
Indicator 4	4.1.1:	Number of CITES-listed species for sustainable wildlife management polic		designed/implemen	ited relevant		
4.1.1	Has	your country designed or implement	ed relevant	Yes			
		tainable wildlife management policies cies?	for CITES-listed	No No information			
			enocios:	NO IIIIOIIIIatioii			
		es', please indicate the names of the on (scientific name)	Total number of Cl	TES_listed species	covered		
		us arctos	iotal number of Cl	i Lo-iisteu species	COVEIEU		
		x lynx					
1	_y,,,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

	Cani	s lupus					
Indicator 4.	1.2:	Percentage of Parties that co-develop peoples and local communities to purs		orted	the capacity of i	ndigenous	
4.1.2	capa	your country co-developed or otherwise supported the acity of indigenous peoples and local communities to sue livelihoods?			nformation		
Objective 4	.2	The importance of achieving CITES Sustainable Development Goals, as virecognized. SDG Goals 12, 15 & 17 GBF Targets 4 & 5					
Indicator 4.2.1:		Number of Parties incorporating CITE Plan (NBSAP), also included in the glol CBD programme.					
4.2.1a (previously 3.4.2a)	Biod	CITES been incorporated into your c iversity Strategy and Action Plan (NI IBSAP?		n of	Yes No No information		
4.2.1b (previously 3.4.2b)	Envir	our country been able to obtain funds on country been able to obtain funds on ment Facility (GEF) or other sources ots of NBSAP implementation?			Yes No No information		
Objective 4	.3	Awareness of the role, purpose and ac SDG Goals 12 & 17 GBF Targets 4, 5 & 21	chievements of CITES	is inc	reased globally.		
Indicator 4.	3.1:	Number of new, unique visits to the CI (Data source: CITES Secretariat – nur		e CITI	ES website)		
Indicator 4.	3.2:	Number of Parties with information on CITES and its requirements on their official websites. (Data source: CITES Secretariat – number of Management Authorities with a website)					
Indicator 4.	3.3:	Number of followers on CITES social media platforms. (Data source: CITES Secretariat – number of followers of CITES and WWD on social media, i.e., Instagram, LinkedIn, Facebook, Youtube, Wechat and Weibo)					
Indicator 4.	3.4:	Number of key identified hashtags (e.g social media. (Data source: CITES Secretariat)	g. #cites, #citescop19	#world	dwildlifeday, etc.)	on CITES	
Indicator 4.	3.5:	Number of events submitted to the Wo (Data source: CITES Secretariat)	orld Wildlife Day websi	te.			
Objective 4	.4	CITES Parties are informed of internati a bearing on achieving the goal of CIT SDG Goal 17 GBF Target 21		nable	development that	may have	

(Data source: CITES Secretariat)

Indicator 4.4.1:

Number of meetings/CoP where representatives of other international bodies report on relevant activities to CITES Parties.

Indicator 4.4.2:		Events, documents and presentations, etc. delivered to fora in meetings convened by the CITES Secretariat. (Data source: CITES Secretariat)	by other intergove	rnmental bodies and		
Indicator 4.	.4.3:	Number of Notifications to the Parties issued by the C international actions for sustainable development that goal of CITES. (Data source: CITES Secretariat)				
GOAL 5		DELIVERY OF THE CITES STRATEGIC VI COLLABORATION	ISION IS IMPI	ROVED THROUGH		
Objective 5	5.1	Parties and the Secretariat support and enhance exist achieve their identified objectives. SDG Goal 17 GBF Goal D & Target 20	ting cooperative p	artnerships in order to		
Indicator 5.	.1.1:	Number of Parties which report that they have achiev CITES, other biodiversity-related conventions and other trade and development agreements.	, ,	•		
5.1.1 (previously 3.3.1a)	dup and agre CBE part	es', please give a brief description:	thorities No nental No i ions: ry is	nformation		
Indicator 5.	.1.2:	Number of Parties cooperating / collaborating with int organizations to participate in and/or fund CITES work building activities.				
5.1.2 (previously 3.3.3a)	CITE	funding been provided or received to facilitate ES workshops, training or other capacity building vities to / from:	Tick if applicable	Which organizations?		
	Inte	r-governmental organizations?				
	Non	-governmental organizations?	\boxtimes	DSTF, ICPDR,WWF		
Indicator 5.1.3: Number of cooperative actions taken under established bilateral or multilateral agreements to prevent species from being unsustainably exploited through international trade.						
5.1.3 (previously 3.5.1a)	(previously multilateral agreements other than CITES to prevent species No.					
Indicator 5.	.1.4:	Number of times other relevant international organ natural resources are consulted on issues relevant to				

CBD = Convention on Biological Diversity; CMS = Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals, ITPGR = International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture, Ramsar = The Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, WHC = World Heritage Convention.

5.1.4 (previously 3.5.2a)	Average number of times per year that international organizations or agreements have been consulted by CITES Authorities Management Authority(ies)		Authorities		No consultation	nment ch s and ted on				
		ntific Authority(ies) rcement Authority(ies)								
Indicator 5.1.5: Number of implemented cooperation agreements between the Secretariat and Multilater Environmental Agreements (MEAS), including the Biodiversity Liaison Group (BLG) and other biodiversity-related Conventions. (Data source: CITES Secretariat)										
Objective 5.2 Parties encourage the form between CITES and relevar objective and mainstream co SDG Goal 17 GBF Goal D & Target 20			nternatio	onal par	tners,	where	appro	opriate to advance		
Indicator 5.2.1: Number of alliances between objective and mainstream con (Data source: CITES Secreta			rvation						TES	
institutions and enforc SDG Goals		Cooperation between CITES a institutions is enhanced in order and enforcement. SDG Goals 15 & 17 GBF Goal D								
Indicator 5.3.1: Number of Parties funded by international financial mechanisms and other related institut to develop activities that include CITES-related conservation and sustainable develop elements.										
5.3.1a (previously 3.1.1a)	relat CITE elem	funding from international final ed institutions been used to de S-related conservation and surents? s', please provide brief details: En Norway Grants.	velop a stainab	activitie: le deve	s that lopme	includ nt	е	Yes No Not applicable No information nvestment Bank, EE		
5.3.1b (previously 3.1.1a)	Durir	ng the period covered in this repo international funding mechanism								

Indicator 5.3.2: Number of countries and institutions that have provided additional funding from CITES Authorities to another country or activity for conservation and sustainable development projects in order to further the objectives of the Convention.

5.3.2 (previously 3.1.2a)	Has your country provided technical or financial assistance to another country or countries in relation to CITES?						Yes No No	□ ⊠ information □
	If 'Yes', please tick boxes to indicate type of assistance provided Country(ies)	Species Management¹	Habitat Management²	Sustainable use	Law Enforcement	Livelihoods	Other (specify)	Details (provide more information in an Appendix if necessary)

٠

Use species conservation column for work directly related to species – e.g. population surveys, education programmes, conflict resolution, etc.

Use habitat conservation column for work that will indirectly support species conservation – e.g. habitat management, development of policy frameworks for how land is managed, etc.

Questions that are not directly linked to the CITES Strategic Vision indicators but provide useful information about the implementation of the Convention

COOPERATION AND SYNERGIES

C1 (previously 1.6.1a) Is your country a signatory to any bilateral and/or multilateral agreements for co-management of shared species?Yes No If 'Yes', please provide brief details, including the names of the agreements, and which other countries are involved:
--

C2a (previously 3.3.2a)	How many international projects which integrate CITES issues has yo contributed towards?	our country	
C2b (previously 3.3.2b)	In addition to C2a, how many national level projects has your country implemented which integrate CITES issues?		
C2c (previously 3.3.2c)	Have there been any efforts at a national scale for your CITES Management or Scientific Authorities to collaborate with:	Yes	No
	Agencies for development?	\boxtimes	
	Agencies for trade?		\boxtimes
	Provincial, state or territorial authorities?	\boxtimes	
	Local authorities or communities?	\boxtimes	
	Indigenous or local peoples?	\boxtimes	
	Trade or other private sector associations?	\boxtimes	
	NGOs?	\boxtimes	
	Other (please specify)		
C2d (previously 3.3.2d)	Are CITES requirements integrated into?	Yes	No
	National and local development strategies?	\boxtimes	
	National and local poverty reduction strategies?	\boxtimes	
	Planning processes?		\boxtimes
	National accounting?		\boxtimes

ENFORCEMENT

E1 (previously 1.7.1a)	Do <u>es</u> you <u>r country</u> have, <u>is</u> are you <u>r country</u> engaged in, or covered by:		No	No Information			
	– an international enforcement strategy and/or action plan?	\boxtimes					
	– formal international cooperation, such as an international enforcement network?						
	– a national enforcement strategy and/or action plan?						
	 formal national interagency cooperation, such as a national interagency enforcement committee? 						
	If 'Yes' to any of the above, please specify the level of engagement and provide additional details:						

enforcement strategy(ies) and the activities taken to No, but review is under	
е	enforcement strategy(ies) and the activities taken to No, but review is under

		No			J	
		No ii	nformation			
	If 'Yes', what do you do? Review of results and					
	If 'Yes' or 'No, but review is under consideration', which tools do	o you find	of value?			
E2b (previously 1.7.2b)	Has your country used the International Consortium on Combating Wildlife Crime (ICCWC) Wildlife and Forest Crime Analytic Toolkit, or equivalent tools?	cons	No, but toolkit use is consideration			
	If 'Yes', please provide feedback on the parts of the toolkit used equivalent tools have been. Please specify improvements that			toolkit or		
	If 'No', please provide feedback on why not or what is needed tools useful to you:	to make th	ne toolkit or	equivalent		
E3a (previously	Does your country use risk assessment to target CITES enforcement effort?	Alway				
1.7.4a)	enforcement enort?	Very	otten etimes			
			Rarely Never			
			formation			
E3b	Does your country have capacity to analyse information gathered		Yes			
(previously	on illegal trade in CITES-listed species?	No				
1.7.4b)	3		formation			
E3c	Does your country use criminal intelligence ¹ to inform	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
(previously	investigations into illegal trade in CITES-listed species?	-	Always Very often			
1.7.4c)	3	-	etimes			
		Rarel				
		Neve	•			
		No in	No information			
E3d	Has your country implemented any supply-side activities to	Yes				
(previously	address illegal trade in CITES-listed species during the period		out activitie	s are □		
1.7.4d)	covered in this report?		developme			
		No				
		No in	No information			
E3e	Has your country implemented any demand-side activities to	Yes				
(previously	address illegal trade in CITES-listed species during the period	No, k	out activitie	s are		
covered in this report?			developme	_		
			formation			
During t	he period covered in this report:	Yes	No	No Information	1	
E4a	Have any administrative measures (e.g. fines, bans,	\boxtimes				
(previously 1.7.5a)		K7	Ш			
ĺ	If 'Yes', please indicate how many and for what types of offence	es. If avai	able, pleas	e attach		

Criminal intelligence is information that is compiled, analyzed and disseminated in an effort to anticipate, prevent and/or monitor criminal activity. Examples include information on potential suspects held in a secure database and inferences about the methods, capabilities and intentions of specific criminal networks or individuals that are used to support effective law enforcement action.

	details:	
E4b (previously 1.7.5b)	Have there been any criminal prosecutions of CITES-related offences?	
	If 'Yes', how many and for what types of offences? If available, please attach detail	ls:
E4c (previously 1.7.5c)	Have there been any other court actions against CITES-related offences?	
	If 'Yes', what were the offences involved and what were the results? Please attach det	ails:
E4d (previously 1.7.5d)	How were any confiscated specimens disposed of?	ck all that apply
	Return to country of export	
	 Public zoos or botanical gardens 	\boxtimes
	 Designated rescue centres 	\boxtimes
	 Approved private facilities 	\boxtimes
	– Euthanasia	
	Other (please specify):	
	Have you encountered any challenges in disposing of confiscated specimens? No	1
	Do you have good practice that you would like to share with other Parties? No	

RESOURCES

R1a (previously	Does your country have an approved service standard(s) ¹ for your Management Authority(ies)?		Yes No	
2.2.1a)	If 'No', please go to Question R1d.			
	If 'Yes', for which services are there standards, and what are those standards?	Issuance of permits, certificates		
	If 'Yes', does your country have performance targets for these standards ² ?		Yes No	
	If 'Yes', what are your country's performance targets?			_
	Does your country publish your performance against service standard targets?		Yes No	
	If possible, please provide your country's performance against service standards during the period covered in this report:			
	If your country did not meet its performance targets then was this shortfall a result of:	Yes		No
	availability of funding?			\boxtimes
	– number of staff?			
	– a shortage of skills?			\boxtimes
	If 'Yes' to a shortage of skills, which skills does your country need more of?			
R1b (previously 2.2.1b)	Does your country have an approved service standard(s) ⁴⁷ for your Scientific Authority(ies)?		Yes No	
2.2.10)	If 'No', please go to Question R1d.			
	If 'Yes', for which services are there standards, and what are those standards?			

For example, a time frame in which you are required to provide a response on a decision to issue or not issue a permit, certificate, or re-export certificate.

² For example, 85% of all decisions will take place within the service standard.

	standards ⁴⁸ ?	your country have performate your country's performate your country your your your country your your your your your your your yo	•		Yes No	
		ease provide your country's				
	If your country shortfall a res	/ did not meet its performa ult of:	nce targets then was this	Yes		No
	availability	of funding?				
	number of	staff?				
	a shortage					
	If 'Yes' to a sh more of?	ortage of skills, which skills	s does your country need			
R1c (previously 2.2.1c)	enforcement a	untry have an approved se authority(ies)? go to Question R1d.	ervice standard(s) ⁴⁷ for your		Yes No	
	The state of the s		ndards, and what are those			
	If 'Yes', does y standards ⁴⁸ ?	your country have perform	ance targets for these		Yes No	
	If 'Yes', what a	are your country's performa	ance targets?			
		ease provide your country's ards during the period cove				
	If your country shortfall a res	/ did not meet its performa ult of:	nce targets then was this	Yes		No
	availability	of funding?				
	number of	staff?				
	a shortage	of skills?				
	If 'Yes' to a sh more of?	ortage of skills, which skills	s does your country need			
R1d (previously 2.2.1d)	R1c. relating to the existence of approved service standards for your authorities:					1b, or
	Does your cou	untry have sufficient of the	following for your authorities to	o function effe	ectively	?
		Management Authority(ies)	Scientific Authority(ies)	Enforc Author	ement ity(ies)	
	Funding?	Yes ⊠ No 🗌	Yes ☐ No 🛚	Yes ⊠	No 🗌	
	Staff?	Yes ☐ No 🏻	Yes ☐ No 🏻	Yes 🗌	No 🖂	
	Skills?	Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
R2a (previously 2.2.2a)	covered in this	ne following activities been s report to enhance the effen n at the national level?	undertaken during the period ectiveness of CITES	Tio	ck if app	olicable
	Hiring of more	staff			\boxtimes	
Development of implementation tools						
	Purchase of te enforcement	echnical equipment for imp	lementation, monitoring or			
	Other (please	specify):				

R2b (previously 2.2.2b)	During the period covered in this report the budget for your:	ort, was	Increased	Stable	Decreased	
	Management Authority(ies)					
	Scientific Authority(ies)					
	Enforcement authorities					
R2c (previously 2.2.2c)	Has your country been able to use in development funding assistance to in the level of implementation of your		Yes	No	Not applicable	
	Management Authority(ies)?			\square		
	Scientific Authority(ies)?					
	Enforcement authorities?					
R2d (previously 2.2.2d)	What is the respective level of priority the national level through the followin			iveness of CITES	3 implementation at	
	Activity	High	Medium	Low	Not a Priority	
	Hiring of more staff					
	Development of implementation tools	\boxtimes				
	Purchase of new technical equipment for implementation, monitoring or enforcement	\boxtimes				
	e-permitting		\boxtimes			
	Other (please specify):				\boxtimes	
R2e (previously 2.2.2e)	Does your country have an operation (e.g. electronic database) for managing		Yes	Under development	No	
	Species information		\boxtimes			
	Trade information					
	Non-detriment findings					
R3a	Does the Management Authority char	rge fees for:				
(previously 2.2.3a)	J	9-		Tick al	ll that are applicable	
	Administrative procedures					
	Issuance of CITES documents (e the sea)	g. for impo	rt, exports, re	-export, or introd	uction from 🛚	
	Shipment clearance (e.g. for the i of CITES-listed species)	mport, expo	ort, re-export,	or introduction fro	om the sea	
	Licensing or registration of operate	tions that pr	oduce CITES	species	\boxtimes	
	 Harvesting of CITES-listed specie 	es				
	 Use of CITES-listed species 					
	 Assignment of quotas for CITES- 	 Assignment of quotas for CITES-listed species 				
	Other (please specify): Is a fee schedule publicly available?				 Yes ⊠ No □	

R3c (previously	Has your country used revenues from fees for the implementation of CITES or wildlife conservation?				
2.2.3c)		Entirely			
		Partly			
		Not at all			
	No	ot relevant			
R3d (previously 2.2.3d)		Yes	No		
	Does your country raise funds for CITES management through charging user fee	s? 🗌	\boxtimes		
	Do your country's fees recover the full economic cost of issuing permits?		\boxtimes		
	Does your country have case studies on charging or using fees?		\boxtimes		
	If 'Yes' to any of the above, please provide brief details:				
	Does your country use innovative financial mechanisms to raise funds for CITES implementation?		\boxtimes		
	If 'Yes', please provide brief details:				
R4a	Does your country use incentive measures¹ such as those described in document ⊆	coP14 Doc	14.32		
(previously 2.2.4a)	to implement the Convention? YesNo				
2.2.40)	Due diligence				
	Compensatory mechanisms				
	Certification				
	Communal property rights				
	Auctioning of quotas				
	Enforcement incentives				
	If 'Yes' to any of the above, or if your country uses other measures, please provide a link to further information:	a summary	or		
R4b	Have incentives harmful to biodiversity been eliminated?				
(previously	Not at all				
2.2.4b)	Very little				
	Somewhat 🖂				
	Completely				
	AWARENESS				
A1	Have CITES authorities been involved in any of the following	Relev	vant		
(previously 3.2.1a)	activities to bring about better awareness of the Convention's	Us			
	requirements by the wider public and relevant user groups? Wider pub	lic Grou	ups		
	- Press conferences	L	_		
	- Press releases		<u></u>		
	 Newspaper articles, brochures, leaflets 	\succeq			
	- Television appearances				
	- Radio appearances				
	- Presentations	\boxtimes			
	- Public consultations / meetings]		
	- Market surveys]		

Defined as 'Social and economic incentives that promote and regulate sustainable management of and responsible trade in, wild flora and flora and promote effective enforcement of the Convention'. The intent of such measures is not to promote wildlife trade as such, but rather to ensure that any wildlife trade undertaken is conducted in a sustainable manner.

- Displays	\boxtimes	
Information at border crossing points	\boxtimes	
Telephone hotline		
Website(s) – if so please provide link(s)	\boxtimes	\boxtimes
Other (specify):		
Please attach copies of any items or describe examples:		
Cazacu R., Ionescu O., Mirea I., 2021: CITES - importanță, viziune strategică și implementare în România, Revista de Silvicultură și Cinegetică, Anul XXVI/nr. 48: 5-15. (http://progresulsilvic.ro/wp-content/uploads/2021.48-WEB.pdf)		

A2a (previously 3.2.2a)	busly						
	Please tick boxes to indicate the most frequent usage (decide on an average amongst staff if necessary). Target group	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Less frequently	Not known	
	Staff of Management Authority		\boxtimes				
	Staff of Scientific Authority		\boxtimes				
	Staff of enforcement authorities		\boxtimes				
A2b (previously 3.2.2b)	What has been your experience with using the Any further comments on the CITES Website? which authorities find which functions/tools mos	e.g. use	eful aspects				

General feedback

Please provide any additional comments you would like to make, including comments on this format.

Item		
Copy of full text of CITES-relevant legislation if changed	Enclosed	
Web link(s)	Not available	\boxtimes
	Previously provided	
Please list any materials annexed to the report, e.g. fee schedules,	, awareness raising materi	ials, etc:
Have any constraints to implementation of the Convention arisen in	n Yes	
your country requiring attention or assistance?	No	\boxtimes
	No Information	
If 'Yes', please describe the constraint and the type of attention or a	assistance that is required	
Are there examples of good practice you would like to share with o	ther Yes	
Parties?	No	
	No Information	
If 'Yes' please provide details / links:		
How could this report format be improved?		

Thank you for completing the report. Please remember to include relevant attachments referred to in the report when it is submitted to the Secretariat.