Implementation report format

The format below follows the structure of the *CITES Strategic Vision: 2021-2030* and aims to collect information to enable the Strategic Vision indicators to be monitored.

CITES vision statement

By 2030, all international trade in wild fauna and flora is legal and sustainable, consistent with the long-term conservation of species, and thereby contributing to halting biodiversity loss, to ensuring its sustainable use, and to achieving the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

Article VIII, paragraph 7 (b), of the Convention requires each Party to submit to the CITES Secretariat a report on legislative, regulatory and administrative measures taken to enforce the provisions of the Convention.

The report format allows Parties to present information in a standard manner, so that it can be easily collated, with three main objectives:

- i) To enable monitoring of the implementation and effectiveness of the Convention;
- ii) To facilitate the identification of major achievements, significant developments, or trends, gaps or problems and possible solutions; and
- iii) Provide a basis for substantive and procedural decision-making by the Conference of the Parties and various subsidiary bodies.

The questions of the implementation report follow the structure of the *Strategic Vision 2021-2030* and its indicators that are mapped against the Sustainable Development Goals and the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework to ensure synergies and consistent reporting.

Information on the nature and extent of CITES trade should be incorporated into the annual report [Article VIII paragraph 7 (a)], whereas the report provided under Article VIII paragraph 7 (b) should focus on measures taken to implement the Convention.

The report should cover the period indicated in <u>Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP19)</u> which urges that the report should be submitted to the Secretariat on 31 October of the year before each meeting of the Conference of the Parties (CoP). The reason for setting the report to be due a year in advance of the following CoP is to allow information to be collated so it can be considered by the Standing Committee in advance of CoP, and enable publication of the Strategic Vision indicators in advance of CoP.

Reports should be prepared in one of the three working languages of the Convention (English, French, Spanish).

Parties are *strongly* encouraged to prepare and submit their reports in electronic form and to **answer at a minimum all questions in bold**. This will facilitate timely integration of information from Parties into publication of the Strategic Vision Indicators. If reports are only provided in hard copy, resources will be needed at the Secretariat to make an electronic copy, and this is not good use of Secretariat resources.

The completed report should be sent to:

CITES Secretariat
Palais des Nations
Avenue de la Paix 8-14
CH-1211 Geneva
Switzerland

Email: info@cites.org

Tel: +41-(0)22-917-81-39/40 Fax: +41-(0)22-797-34-17

If a Party requires further guidance on completing their report, please contact the CITES Secretariat at the address above.

Party	Finland
Period covered in this report	2021-2023
Department or agency preparing this report	Finnish Environment Institute Ministry of the Environment
Contributing departments, agencies and organizations	Ministry of the Environment (MA), Finnish Environment Institute (MA competent to grant permits), Museum of Natural History/Helsinki University (SA), Customs

GOAL 1 TRADE IN CITES-LISTED SPECIES IS CONDUCTED IN FULL COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONVENTION IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE THEIR CONSERVATION AND SUSTAINABLE USE

Objective 1.1 Parties comply with their obligations under the Convention through the adoption and implementation of appropriate legislation, policies, and procedures.

SDG Goals 12, 14 & 15

GBF Goal A & Targets 4, 5, 9 & 10

Indicator 1.1.1: Number of Parties that are in category 1 under the national legislation project. (Data source: National Legislation Project)

1.1.1a	Have any CITES relevant policies or legislation been developed during the period covered in this report? Yes ⊠ No □
	If 'Yes', have you shared information with the Secretariat? Yes No Not Applicable
	If 'No', please provide details to the Secretariat with this report:
	<u>2021</u>
	Following CITES CoP18 (Geneva, 2019), the European Commission adopted on 16/12/2021 Commission Regulation (EU) 2021/2280 ¹ to incorporate the changes flowing from the decisions taken in the relevant legislation at the EU level. The Regulation entails changes to the Annexes to
	Council Regulation (EC) 338/97 as well as Commission Regulation (EC) No 865/2006.
	To implement Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP18), the EU introduced a more restrictive ivory trade regime. In this context, the exemption for internal trade with antiques containing ivory without a certificate was repealed. Accordingly, a certificate is now required for trade of ivory in any case. To allow stricter control of internal trade in objects consisting of ivory, an expiry date for certificates issued for all ivory objects was introduced. In addition, the European Commission revised the Guidance document on the EU regime governing trade in ivory ² . As a result, import and export of raw ivory to and from the EU are prohibited entirely, whereas internal trade is only allowed for specific purposes (repairing pre-1975 musical instruments and pre-1947 antiques of high cultural, artistic or historical importance held by a museum). Regarding worked ivory, export and import are only allowed for pre-1975 musical instruments and pre-1947 antiques sold to museums, internal trade only with objects acquired before 1947 and pre-1975 musical instruments.
	<u>2022</u>
	On 11/08/2022, the Commission adopted a Guidance document on live animals bred in captivity ³ under the EU Wildlife Trade Regulations.

¹ Regulation - 2021/2280 - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

² EUR-Lex - 52021XC1230(03) - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

³ EUR-Lex - 52022XC0811(01) - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

On 09/11/2022, the European Commission adopted a revised EU Action Plan against wildlife trafficking¹ to strengthen the EU action against the illegal trade in wildlife, both in the EU and internationally. The revised action plan is built around four priorities including 17 objectives and 69 actions: (1) Preventing wildlife trafficking and addressing its root causes; (2) strengthening the legal and policy framework against wildlife trafficking; (3) enforcing regulations and policies to fight wildlife trafficking effectively; (4) strengthening the global partnership of source, consumer and transit countries against wildlife trafficking.

2023

Following CITES CoP19 (Panama, 2022), the Commission adopted on 15/05/2023 the revised **Annexes to Council Regulation (EC) No 337/97**².

On 12/12/2023, the Commission adopted **Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 2023/2770 (Suspension Regulation)**³, amending the list of species of which import to the EU is prohibited.

Moreover, the European Commission adopted on 18/04/2023 a **Guidance document on the export, re-export and intra-EU trade of captive-born and bred live tigers and their parts and derivatives**⁴ (2023/C 135/01). The objective of the Guidance is to increase controls on the commercial trade of live captive-bred tigers and their parts and derivatives. The EU Member States are encouraged not to grant export, re-export or intra-EU trade certificates. Exemptions are only possible under specific circumstances if the purposes are not detrimental to the conservation of the species.

Nationally, the revised **Nature Conservation Act 9/2023** entered into force 1 June 2023. Provisions related to implementation of CITES were updated, but remain substantially the same as in the previous Act. Furthermore, stricter domestic measures were incorporated by banning the import of live diurnal birds of prey, falcons and owls, and by limiting the import of hunting trophies.

1.1.1b Does your legislation or legislative process allow easy amendment of your national law(s) to reflect changes in the CITES Appendices (e.g. to meet the 90 day implementation guidelines)? Yes No I If 'No', please provide details of the constraints faced:

- Indicator 1.1.2: Number of Parties subject to CITES recommendations to suspend trade.

 (Data source: Notifications to the Parties and reference list of countries subject to a recommendation to suspend trade)
- Objective 1.2 Parties have established CITES Management and Scientific Authorities and enforcement focal points that effectively carry out the duties required of them under the Convention and relevant Resolutions.
- Indicator 1.2.1: Number of Parties that have designated at least one Management Authority, independent Scientific Authority and enforcement focal points in place.

 (Data source: CITES online directory)
- Objective 1.3 Implementation of the Convention at the national level is consistent with Resolutions and Decisions adopted by the Conference of the Parties.

 SDG Goals 12, 14 & 15
 GBF Goal A & Targets 4, 5, 9, 10 & 15
- Indicator 1.3.1: Number of Parties that have implemented relevant reporting under Resolutions and Decisions of the Conference of the Parties and/or Standing Committee recommendations.

¹ EUR-Lex - 52022DC0581 - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

² Regulation - 2023/966 - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

Implementing regulation - EU - 2023/2770 - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

⁴ EUR-Lex - 52023XC0418(01) - EN - EUR-Lex (europa.eu)

I	1.3.1a		our country responded to all relevant specia g the period covered in this report, including					
		of the	Conference of the Parties, Standing Commit by the Secretariat (see [link to location on the commitments are listed])?	ttee recomn	nendat	ions, ar	d Notif	ications
		•	esponses provided to ALL relevant reporting	requiremen	nts 🗌			
			esponses provided to SOME of the relevant r		-			
			esponses provided to NONE of the relevant r o special reporting requirements applicable [quirem	ents 🔝		
		IN	o special reporting requirements applicable [
		maini	nd has fulfilled all reporting requirements, but has because some of the notifications has not been times also because of lack of resources.					
	1.3.1b	Were	any difficulties encountered during the period co	vered in this	report	in		
			nenting specific Resolutions or Decisions adopto Parties?	ed by the Co	onferenc	ce	Yes 🗆	No ⊠
	•		', please provide details of which Resolution(s)	or Decision(s	s), and,	for each		
		difficu	Ities are being encountered?					
		Were	are being encountered:					
	Objective	1.4	The Appendices correctly reflect the conservation	on status an	d needs	s of spec	ies.	
			SDG Goal 15 GBF Goal A & Targets 4 & 5					
	Indicator 1	/ 1·	The number and proportion of species listed in	Annendices	that ha	ve heen	found t	o meet the
	indicator i	.4.1.	criteria for each Appendix contained in Resoluti as part of the Periodic Review process or of am	ion Conf. 9.2	24 (Rev.	. CoP17		
(Objective	1.5	Parties improve the conservation status of C	ITES-listed	specime	ens, put	in plac	e national
	-		conservation actions, support their sustainable shared wildlife resources.	e use and p	romote	cooper	ation in	managing
			SDG Goals 2, 12, 14 & 15					
			GBF Goals A & B & Targets 4, 5, 9 & 10					
	Indicator 1	.5.1:	The conservation status of species listed on the (Data source: IUCN Red List conservations state			has stab	ilized or	improved.
Ī	1.5.1a	Does	your country have data which shows that the	 e				
	(previously 3.4.1a)	cons	rvation status of naturally occurring species					
			country listed on the CITES Appendices has ized or improved?	Y	es/	No	Not A	pplicable
			Apper	ndix I	\boxtimes			
			Appen	dix II	\boxtimes			
			Append	III xit				\boxtimes
		i	e are such studies that you are willing to share, p					
			es name (scientific) Link to the data, or a br	•			_	
		Halia	eetus albicilla The population has con	itinued to inc	rease a	ind is at	a favoui	rable level
	151h	Davi	u baya ayamplaa af anasifia ayamplaa af ayam		V			
	1.5.1b (previously		ou have examples of specific examples of succestigging problems with any CITES listed species?	ss stories or	Yes No	5		\square
	3.4.1b)	16.0				informa	tion	
		1 It 'Va	' place provide details:					

Indicator 1.5.2: Number of CITES-listed species for which Parties have put in place actions that support sustainable use.

1.5.2 (previously 1.6.2a)		ny cooperative management plans, including reco tions of CITES-listed species?	very plans, Yes
	If 'Yes', please list the specie to a published plan for each	es for which these plans are in place and provide a link species.	or reference
	Species Name (scientific)	Link or reference to a published plan	

GOAL 2 PARTIES' DECISIONS ARE SUPPORTED BY THE BEST AVAILABLE SCIENCE AND INFORMATION

Objective 2.1 Parties' non-detriment findings are based on best available scientific information and their determination of legal acquisition is based on the best available technical and legal information. SDG Goals 12, 14 & 15 GBF Targets 4, 5, 9 & 20

Indicator 2.1.1: Number of Parties that have adopted standard procedures for making non-detriment findings (NDFs).

2.1.1a (previously 1.5.2a)		`	Yes	No	No information		
,	Does your country have standard procedures for making no detriment findings in line with Resolution Conf. 16.7 (Rev. CoP17)?	n-	\boxtimes				
	If 'Yes', please briefly describe your procedures for making non-detriment findings, or attach as an annex to this report, or provide a link to where the information can be found on the internet:						
	If and when needed, we make use of procedures developed by the However, Finland is essentially not exporting any of its CITES list commercially export specimens of wild origin of any of the CITES of wild taken CITES listed plants have taken place between 2021	ted wildi S listed a	life: it	is proh	ibited to		
2.1.1b	When establishing non-detriment findings, have any of the follow	ring					
(previously 1.5.2b)	guidance been used?		Pleas	se tick	all that apply		
	Virtual Co	llege		[
	IUCN Che	cklist			\boxtimes		
	Resolution Conf.	16.7			\boxtimes		
	2008 NDF work	shop		[
ļ	Species specific guid	lance			\boxtimes		
		Other			\boxtimes		
	If 'Other' or 'Species specific guidance', please specify details: G plans for bear, wolf and lynx. [But in 2021 – 2023 no other source scientific research/age determination and personal use not for sa No source code R activities in the country.]	e code V	V exp	orts tha	an for		
2.1.1c		ase by	case				
(previously 1.5.2c)		nnually					
		very two	•				
		ess freq	•				
		mix of t			_		
	Please describe the circumstances under which non-detriment file	-			•		
	For example, if the population status changes significantly based on the yearly population survey.						

Indicator 2.1.2:	Number of written NDFs submitted and number of Parties submitting NDFs for posting in the CITES online database. (Data source: NDF webpage on the CITES website)
	(Data Source: NDF Webpage Off the OFFES Website)

Indicator 2.1.3: Number of Parties that have included the legal acquisition finding obligation in their national regulatory framework, as recommended by Resolution Conf. 18.7 (Rev. CoP19).

2.1.3		Yes	No	No information
	Is the legal acquisition finding obligation included in your national regulatory framework, as recommended by Resolution Conf. 18.7 (Rev. CoP19)?			
	If 'Yes', please briefly include the name of the regulatory instrument, information can be found on the internet:	or provid	e a link	to where the
	https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:0/https://eur-lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.europa.eur/lex.e			

Objective 2.2 Parties cooperate in sharing information and tools relevant to the implementation of CITES. SDG Goal 12 GBF Goal B & Targets 20 & 21

Indicator 2.2.1: Number of surveys, studies or other analyses undertaken by exporting countries based on the sources of information cited in Resolution Conf. 16.7 (Rev. CoP17) on *Non-detriment findings* related to: - the population status of Appendix-II species; - the trends and impact of trade upon Appendix-II species; and - the status of and trend in naturally occurring Appendix I species and the impact of any recovery plans.

2.2.1a (previously 1.5.1a)	Have any surveys, studies or other analyse undertaken in your country in relation to:	es been	Yes	No	Not Applicable	If Yes, How many?
	- the population status of Appendix II spec	cies?	\boxtimes			annual survey
	- the trends and impact of trade on Append species?	dix II			\boxtimes	
	- the status of and trend in naturally-occur Appendix I species?	ring	\boxtimes			annual survey
	 the impact of any recovery plans on Appe species? 	endix I	\boxtimes			annual survey
	Have the surveys, studies or analyses inte relevant knowledge and expertise of local indigenous communities?					
	If there are such studies that you are willing to	share, plea	ase prov	ride:		
		or other and	alysis (e. ease, of	g. popul f-take le	Its of the survey lation status, de vels etc), or pro material.	ecline /
2.2.1b (previously	How are the results of such surveys, studies of findings (NDFs)? Please tick all that apply		lyses us	ed in m	aking non-detrii	ment
"1.5.1b) ["]	indings (itel 5):	,	Re	vised ha	rvest or export	quotas ⊠
					Banning	export [
					er domestic me	
		D:	_		gement of the s	_
		Di			anagement Aut th other stakeho	
		Othe			ın oiner stakend le a short sumn	·
	Background:	Our	or (piece	e provid	C a short sairii	iai y <i>j</i> .
	Animals. Of all CITES animal species naturally as 'game species' may be hunted, sold or exthese only few species could be hunted (in-cuthat allow possession of said species). Commallowed. Plants. There is no known exploitation of CITE	xported (eac ountry) and mercial expo	ch activi sold (in ort outsid	ty requii -country de the E	ring specific pe + to those EU U of such spec	rmits). Of countries cies is not

2.2.1c (previously 1.5.1c	Does your country have specific conservation measures or recovery plans for naturally occurring Appendix-I listed species?	Yes No Not Applicable No information
	If 'Yes', please provide a brief summary, including, if possible impact: There are only five Appendix I listed species occurring nature of prey (all of them strictly protected by the national Nature by the national Hunting Act), and one orchid species (strict Conservation Act and the Nature Conservation Decree).	urally in Finland: three species of birds Conservation Act), the otter (protected
2.2.1d (previously 1.5.1d)	Ha <u>sve</u> you <u>r country</u> published any non-detriment findings t If 'Yes', please provide links or examples to the Secretariat	

2.2.1e (previously 1.5.1e)	Which of the following [A to F of paragraph 1 a) x) of Resoluti (Rev. CoP17)] does your country use in making non-detriment		Yes	No			
1.3.10)	A. relevant scientific literature concerning species biology, life distribution and population trends.	history,					
	B. details of any ecological risk assessments conducted.		\boxtimes				
	C. scientific surveys conducted at harvest locations and at sit from harvest and other impacts.						
	D. relevant knowledge and expertise of local and indigenous	communities.		\boxtimes			
	E. consultations with relevant local, regional and international	experts.	\boxtimes				
	F. national and international trade information such as that available via the CITES trade database maintained by UNEP World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC), publications on trade, local knowledge on trade and investigations of sales at markets or through the Internet for example.						
	Note: CITES specimens taken from the wild in Finland are seldom exported (for any purposes). Furthermore, <u>commercial</u> export is practically prohibited for all CITES-listed animal species and for around half of the plant species (orchids) naturally occurring in the wild in Finland. These prohibitions are based either on EU level legislation or on national level legislation, depending on the species and species category.						
Indicator 2.	2.2: Number and proportion of annual export quota (Data source: Quotas webpage on the CITES website)	as based on	population	surveys.			
2.2.2a	·	s based on	population				
	(Data source: Quotas webpage on the CITES website)		population	surveys.			
2.2.2a (previously	(Data source: Quotas webpage on the CITES website) Does your country set annual export quotas? If 'Yes', does your country set quotas based on population survey, or by other means? Please specify, for each	Yes	population				
2.2.2a (previously	(Data source: Quotas webpage on the CITES website) Does your country set annual export quotas? If 'Yes', does your country set quotas based on population	Yes No	population	Other,			
2.2.2a (previously	(Data source: Quotas webpage on the CITES website) Does your country set annual export quotas? If 'Yes', does your country set quotas based on population survey, or by other means? Please specify, for each	Yes	population				
2.2.2a (previously 1.5.3a)	(Data source: Quotas webpage on the CITES website) Does your country set annual export quotas? If 'Yes', does your country set quotas based on population survey, or by other means? Please specify, for each species, how quotas are set: Species Name (scientific) Have annual export quotas been set at levels which will	Yes No Population	population	Other, please			
2.2.2a (previously 1.5.3a)	(Data source: Quotas webpage on the CITES website) Does your country set annual export quotas? If 'Yes', does your country set quotas based on population survey, or by other means? Please specify, for each species, how quotas are set: Species Name (scientific)	Yes No Population Survey?	population	Other, please			
(previously 1.5.3a) 2.2.2b (previously	(Data source: Quotas webpage on the CITES website) Does your country set annual export quotas? If 'Yes', does your country set quotas based on population survey, or by other means? Please specify, for each species, how quotas are set: Species Name (scientific) Have annual export quotas been set at levels which will	Yes No Population Survey? The state of the		Other, please			

Have the CITES authorities *received or benefited* from any of the following capacity-building activities provided by external sources?

2.2.3a (previously 1.6.3a)

Not applicable

Please tick boxes to indic which target group and wh activity. Target group		Technical assistance	Financial assistance	Training	Other (specify)	What were the external sources ¹ ?
Staff of Management Authorit	у 🗆					
Staff of Scientific Authority						
Staff of enforcement authoriti	es 🗌					
Traders						
NGOs						
Public						
Other (please specify):						

.

¹ Please provide the names of Parties, and any non-Parties, involved.

2.2.3b (previously 1.6.3b)	activities to other range States?							
	Please tick boxes to indicate which target group and which activity. Target group	Oral or written advice/guidance	Technical assistance	Financial assistance	Training	Other (specify)		
	rarget group	o p	as	Fir	ř	ŏ	Details	
	Staff of Management Authority							
	Staff of Scientific Authority							
	Staff of enforcement authorities							
	Traders							
	NGOs							
	Public							
	Other Parties/International meetings							
	Other (please specify)							
2.2.3c (previously 1.6.3c)	In what ways does your country colla	iborate v	with othe			ies?		
		Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Very Often	Always	Further detail / examples	
	Information exchange				\boxtimes			
	Monitoring / survey							
	Habitat management	\boxtimes						
	Species management							
	Law enforcement							
	Capacity building	Ш						
	Other (please provide details)			 				
	How many training and capacity building country run during the period covered in			fro	ithout om the ecreta)	ance Conducted or assisted by the Secretariat	
		N	6	one 1 2-5 6-10 1-20				

An activity might be a single day training e.g. for a group of staff from the Management Authority, or a longer course / project undertaken by an individual.

	Please list the Resolutions or Decisions involved:							
2.2.3e (previously 2.3.1b)	What sorts of capacity building activities have taken place? Training of Customs personnel, other enforcement authorities and prosecutors							
2.2.3f (previously 2.3.1c)	What o	capacity building needs does your	r country	y have?				
		e tick all boxes which apply to te which target group and which y. Target group	Oral or written advice/guidance	Technical assistance	Financial assistance	Training	Other (specify)	Details
	Staff o	of Management Authority						
	i	of Scientific Authority						
	ł	of enforcement authorities						
	Traders / other user groups							
	NGOs	;						
	Public							
	Other	(please specify)						
2.2.5	imp visu	your country shared informati lementation/software, information s, etc.)?	on rele	vant to	the data	Yes		d tools, etc.).
Indicator 2.2.6: Number of CoP side-events where Parties present information and tools relevant to the implementation of CITES (Data source: CoP side-event schedule and descriptions)								
Objective	Dbjective 2.3 Parties have sufficient information to enforce the Convention. SDG Goal 12 GBF Goal D & Targets 15 & 21							
Indicator 2	ndicator 2.3.1: Proportion of Parties that are making use of the available tools. For instance, one could loo at Google Analytics for the number of site visits to the CITES website, CITES Checklist, or Species+ or the number of downloads from the CITES Trade Database as a proxy for usage of shared tools. (Data source: CITES Secretariat – Number of visits to the CITES website; number of visits the CITES Checklist and Species+; number of downloads from the CITES Trade Database.						site, CITES Checklist, or base as a proxy for usage website; number of visits to	
Indicator 2	2.3.2:	Percentage of Parties reporting	having	sufficier	nt inform	ation	to enf	force the Convention.
2.3.2		you consider that your country rmation to enforce the Conven		fficient		Yes No	_	

Objective 2.4 Parties have sufficient information to make listing decisions that are reflective of conservation needs. SDG Goal 12 GBF Goals A & D & Targets 5, 20 & 21						
Indicator 2.4.1: Percentage of Parties reporting having sufficient information to make listing decisions that ar reflective of species conservation needs.						
2.4.1	Do you consider that your country has sufficient Yes information to make listing decisions that are No reflective of species conservation needs?					
Objective 2	2.5 Information gaps and needs for key species are identified and addressed. SDG Goal 12 GBF Target 21					
Indicator 2.5.1: Number of Parties that have undertaken research (including for non-detriment findings) their identified key species most relevant to the implementation of the Convention.						
2.5.1a Has research (including for non-detriment findings) on your identified key species most relevant to the implementation of the Convention been undertaken in your country? Yes No Research has been undertaken on many species, but not for non-detriment findings as there is no trade in those species.						
	If 'Yes', please indicate how you identify key species:					
2.5.1b (previously 1.4.1a)	Has your country undertaken any reviews of whether species would benefit from listion the CITES Appendices?	ing Yes				
	In Finland such reviews have not been undertaken whereas at EU level work has be undertaken.	een				
	If 'Yes', please provide a summary here, or a link to the report of the work (or a copy of that report to the Secretariat if the work is not available online):					
Indicator 2.	2.5.2: Number of Parties that currently lack information for their identified key species to the implementation of the Convention and need assistance to address them					
2.5.2	Do you consider that your country currently lacks information on your identified species most relevant to the implementation of the Convention and needs assistance to address them?	d key es □ No ⊠				
	If 'Yes', please specify for which key species and the type of assistance needed	:				

- GOAL 3 PARTIES (INDIVIDUALLY AND COLLECTIVELY) HAVE THE TOOLS, RESOURCES AND CAPACITY TO EFFECTIVELY IMPLEMENT AND ENFORCE THE CONVENTION, CONTRIBUTING TO CONSERVATION, SUSTAINABLE USE AND THE REDUCTION OF ILLEGAL TRADE IN CITES-LISTED WILDLIFE SPECIES
- Objective 3.1 Parties have in place administrative procedures that are transparent, practical, coherent and user-friendly, and reduce unnecessary administrative burdens.

 SDG Goal 16
 GBF Goal D

Indicator 3.1.1: Number of Parties that have adopted standard transparent procedures for the timely issuance of permits in accordance with Article VI of the Convention.

		Yes	No	No information
3.1.1 (previously 1.2.1a)	Does your country have standard operating procedures for application for and issuance of permits?	\boxtimes		
,	Are the procedures publicly available?	\boxtimes		

Indicator 3.1.2: Number of Parties making use of the simplified procedures provided for in Resolution Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP19).

3.1.2 (previously 1.2.2a)	Has your country developed simplified procedures for any of the following? Tick all applicable								
		Yes	іск ан ар _і No	No information					
	Where biological samples of the type and size specified in Annex 4 to Resolution Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP19) are urgently required.		\boxtimes						
	For the issuance of pre-Convention certificates or equivalent documents in accordance with Article VII, paragraph 2.		\boxtimes						
	For the issuance of certificates of captive breeding or artificial propagation in accordance with Article VII, paragraph 5.		\boxtimes						
	For the issuance of export permits or re-export certificates in accordance with Article IV for specimens referred to in Article VII, paragraph 4.		\boxtimes						
	Are there other cases judged by a Management Authority to merit the use of simplified procedures? If 'Yes', please provide details:								

Indicator 3.1.3: Number of Parties that have adopted an electronic system for the issuance of permits.

		Yes	No	No information
3.1.3 (previously 1.2.1b)	Does your country have:			
	Electronic data management and a paper-based permit issuance system?			
	Electronic permit information exchange between Management Authorities of some countries If 'Yes', please list countries		\boxtimes	

	onic permit information exchange to Management orities of all countries?		\boxtimes		
	ronic permit data exchange between Management prities and customs?		\boxtimes		
	Electronic permit used to cross border with electronic validation by customs?				
	If 'Yes' to any of the above, please provide information on challenges faced or issues overcome:				
	If 'No', do you have any plans to move towards e- permitting ¹ ?				
so: T system option	If you are planning to move towards e-permitting, please explain what might help you to do so: The MA competent to grant permits will in 2024 launch an electronic permit management system, with an electronic user interphase for the applicants. The next phase will be to explore the options for electronic permit data exchange between the MA/permits and the customs, and/or making use of the EU electronic permit data exchange hub (work in progress).				
ive 3.2	Parties and the Secretariat develop, adopt and imples programmes. SDG Goal 17 GBF Goal D & Targets 20 & 21	lement ac	lequate c	apacity-building	
	2.2.1. Number of Derties with training programmes and information resources in place to imple				

Indicator 3.2.1: Number of Parties with training programmes and information resources in place to implement CITES, including the making of non-detriment and legal acquisition findings, issuance of permits and enforcement.

3.2.1a (previously 1.8.1a)	Does your country have information resources or training in place. The making of non-detriment findings? Permit officers? Enforcement officers?	e to support: YesNo	
3.2.1b (previously 1.8.1b)	Is the CITES Virtual College used as part of your capacity building work? What improvements could be made in using the Virtual College for capacity building?	Yes No No information	
3.2.1c (previously 1.8.1c)	Is the ICCWC Wildlife and Forest Crime Toolkit used in the development of capacity-building programmes, or does it form part of the curriculum of such programmes? What improvements could be made in using the ICCWC Toolkit for capacity building?	Yes No No information	

Indicator 3.2.2: Number of workshops and other capacity-building activities that bring range States together to address the conservation and management needs of shared CITES listed species.

See questions for indicator 2.2.3

Objective 3.3

Sufficient resources are available at the national and international levels to support necessary capacity-building programmes and ensure compliance with and full implementation and enforcement of the Convention.

SDG Goals 15 & 17

GBF Goal D & Targets 20 & 21

Indicator 3.3.1: Number of Parties meeting their obligations with regard to their assessed contributions to the Trust Fund.

(Data source: CITES Secretariat)

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e-permitting refers to the electronic (paperless) management of the permit business process, including permit application, Management Authority – Scientific Authority consultations, permit issuance, notification to customs and reporting.

Indicator 3.3.2:	Percentage of the total funds required to implement the work programme agreed by the
	Conference of the Parties that is fully funded.
	(Data source: CITES Secretariat)

Objective 3.4 Parties recognize illegal trade in wildlife as serious crime and have adequate systems in place to detect and deter it.

SDG Goal 15

Indicator 3.4.1: Number of Parties where criminal offences relating to illegal trade in wildlife (such as illegal hunting/harvest and wildlife trafficking) are recognized as a serious crime.

3.4.1a (previously 1.7.3b)	Are criminal offences such as poaching and wildlife trafficking recognized as serious crime ¹ in your country? If 'Yes', please explain what criteria must be met for poaching or w	Yes No No information iddife trafficking offences to be				
	treated as serious crimes: Aggravated nature conservation offence: serious damage or dangle economic offence is sought or the offence is committed in a particular offence is aggravated also when assessed as a whole.	er to rare species, considerable				
	Aggravated hunting offence: the offence is committed in a particularly brutal or cruel manner, the object of the offence is a large amount of game, considerable economic offence is sought or the offence is committed in a particularly planned manner, or a wolverine, lynx, bear, Finnish forest reindeer, otter or wolf is killed or injured and the offence is aggravated also when assessed as a whole.					
3.4.1b (previously 1.7.3a)	Does your country have law and procedures in place for investigating, prosecuting, and penalizing CITES offences as a crime?	Yes 🖂				
	If 'Yes', please provide the title of the legislation and a summary of the penalties available Nature Conservation Act; Criminal Code; Decrees with directive values (sums of money) for protected species covered in both the Nature Conservation Act and the Hunting Act (to help the Courts in defining the compensations the offender is deemed to pay) Summary of penalties: day-fines or imprisonment for maximum 2 years (offences), imprisonment minimum 4 months and maximum 4 years (felony/serious crime), forfeiture of the specimens, forfeiture of means and assets, compensations (the offender to pay for the lost 'conservation value')	No				
3.4.1c (previously 1.7.3c)	Does your country have capacity to use forensic technology ² to support the investigation of CITES offences?	Yes \Box \Box \Box \Box \Box \Box \Box \Box				
	If 'Yes', please provide a brief summary of any samples from CITE collected and submitted to an appropriate forensic analysis facility another country) during the period covered in this report:					
	If 'Yes', and your country has an appropriate forensic analysis facil please indicate which species it applies to:	ity for CITES-listed species,				
3.4.1d (previously 1.7.3d)	Did your authorities participate in or initiate any multi-disciplinary ³ law enforcement operation(s) targeting CITES-listed species	Yes				

The United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime defines serious crime as conduct constituting an offence punishable by imprisonment for at least four years or a more serious penalty.

² Capacity to use forensic technology means the ability to collect, handle and submit samples from crime scenes involving CITES-listed species to an appropriate forensic analysis facility, located either in your country or in another country(ies).

A multi-disciplinary law enforcement operation is one that involves officers from all relevant enforcement disciplines as appropriate, for example officers from Police, Customs and the wildlife regulatory authority. It could be either sub-national, national or international in scope.

	during the period covered in this report? No information							
	If 'Yes', pleas other Parties	se provide a brief sur :	nmary, including any	/ lesso	ns lear	ned which migl	nt be help	ful for
3.4.1e (previously 1.7.3e)								
3.4.1f (previously 1.7.3f)	any of the fol investigation,	ountry have legislativ lowing that can be a prosecution and/or ces as appropriate?	pplied to the	Yes	No	No information	times v	
	General crim	e ¹		\boxtimes				
	Predicate off	ences ²		\boxtimes				
	Asset forfeitu	ıre ³						
	Corruption ⁴							
	International	cooperation in crimin	nal matters ⁵					
	Organized crime ⁶							
	Specialized i	nvestigation techniqu	ues ⁷					
		of the above, pleas ry, including any less						rovide a
3.4.1g (previously 1.7.3g)		ountry have institution ovisions listed in the				Yes No No information	on	
	If 'No', please	e provide a brief sum	nmary of your major	capaci	ty-build	ı		
Objective :	illegal illegal SDG	es work collaborative trade chains, includ products, in order fo Goals 15 & 17 Targets 5, 16, 20 & 2	ing through strategion or trade to be legal a	es to re	duce b	ooth the supply		
Indicator 3		per of seizures made s, to address entire il		laborat	ion acı	ross range, trar	nsit and de	estination
3.5.1	3.5.1 Have authorities in your country made seizures through Parties collaboration across range, transit and destination States, to address entire illegal trade chains?				Yes No No informat	ion		
1 Genera	al crime laws relat	te to offences such as fra	ud, conspiracy, possessi	on of we	apons, a	and other matters a	as set out in	the national

Article 2, paragraph (h) of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime defines a predicate offence is an offence whose proceeds may become the subject of any of the money-laundering offences established under the Convention.

Asset forfeiture is the seizure and confiscation of assets obtained from criminal activities to ensure that criminals do not benefit from the proceeds of their crimes.

Provisions against corruption include national laws to implement the United Nations Convention against Corruption covering offences such as bribery of officials, embezzlement or misappropriation of public funds, trading in influence and abuse of functions by public

International cooperation in criminal matters includes legislation through which a formal request for mutual legal assistance and/or extradition of a person for criminal prosecution can be forwarded to another country.

Article 2, paragraph (a) of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime defines an organized criminal group as a structured group of three or more persons, existing for a period of time and acting in concert with the aim of committing one or more serious crimes or offences established in accordance with the Convention, in order to obtain, directly or indirectly, a financial or other material benefit.

Specialized investigation techniques are techniques that are deployed against serious and/or organized crime when conventional law enforcement techniques fail to adequately address the activities of crime groups. Examples include controlled deliveries and covert operations.

If 'Yes', please indicate the number of seizures made:

Objective 3.6		SDG Goal 16					
Indicator 3	3.6.1:	Number of Parties reporting in impleme	entation reports of activ	vities taken to addres	ss corruption.		
3.6.1	respo mana	rour country undertaken activities to a ption, in particular with regard to nationsible for wildlife law enforcement angement? s', please elaborate on the types of actively monitored to prevent any corruption	ional agencies nd protected areas ctivities taken: Nation	Yes No No information nal agencies are regu	□ □ ularly and		
Objective :	ı	Investments in building capacity of C monitored to ensure stepwise improve SDG Goals 15 & 17 GBF Goal D & Target 20	CITES are prioritized,	coordinated, and the	heir success		
Indicator 3	3.7.1:	Number of capacity-building activities of (Data source: See questions for indication)					
Indicator 3.7.2: Number of Parties who report improvements in their implementation capacity-building efforts.				iplementation follow	ring targeted		
3.7.2	in you	you report improvements in the imple ur country following targeted capacity	y-building efforts?	Yes No No capacity- building			
		', please elaborate on the reasons whovements in your implementation:	y targeted capacity-	building did not lea	id to		
Indicator 3	3.7.3:	Total investments into capacity-building (Data source: Reports from capacity-b					
Objective	3.8	Parties take full advantage of emerging technological developments to improve the effective implementation and enforcement of the Convention. SDG Goal 17 GBF Goal D & Targets 20 &21					
Indicator 3	3.8.1:	Number of CITES Parties using the Cl (Data source: CITES Secretariat)	TES Checklist API.				
GOAL 4		CITES POLICY DEVELOPMENT A INTERNATIONAL EFFORTS TO ACH			RNS FROM		
Objective 4.1 Parties support sustainable wildlife trade policies, especially those that increased indigenous peoples and local communities to pursue livelihoods. SDG Goals 8, 12, 14, 15 & 17 GBF Goals B & C & Targets 5 & 22				the capacity			
Indicator 4	l.1.1:	Number of CITES-listed species for sustainable wildlife management polici		designed/implemen	ited relevant		
4.1.1	sust	your country designed or implement tainable wildlife management policies cies?		Yes No No information			
	If 'Y	es', please indicate the names of the	species:				
		on (scientific name)	Total number of CITES-listed species covered				
	Lynx lynx		1				

Ursus arctos	1
Canis lupus	1

Indicator 4.1.2: Percentage of Parties that co-developed or otherwise supported the capacity of indigenous peoples and local communities to pursue livelihoods.

4.1.2	Has your country co-developed or otherwise supported the	Yes	
	capacity of indigenous peoples and local communities to	No	\boxtimes
	pursue livelihoods?	No information	
	Not in relation to CITES-listed species.		_

Objective 4.2 The importance of achieving CITES' aim as a contribution to achieving the relevant Sustainable Development Goals, as well as the post-2020 global biodiversity framework, is recognized.

SDG Goals 12, 15 & 17 GBF Targets 4 & 5

Indicator 4.2.1: Number of Parties incorporating CITES into their National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (NBSAP), also included in the global and national Strategies for Plant Conservation under CBD programme.

4.2.1a (previously 3.4.2a)	Has CITES been incorporated into your country's National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (NBSAP) or any revision of the NBSAP?	Yes No No information	
4.2.1b (previously 3.4.2b)	Has your country been able to obtain funds from the Global Environment Facility (GEF) or other sources to support CITES aspects of NBSAP implementation?	Yes No No information	

Objective 4.3 Awareness of the role, purpose and achievements of CITES is increased globally.

SDG Goals 12 & 17 GBF Targets 4, 5 & 21

Indicator 4.3.1: Number of new, unique visits to the CITES website.

(Data source: CITES Secretariat – number of site visits to the CITES website)

Indicator 4.3.2: Number of Parties with information on CITES and its requirements on their official websites. (Data source: CITES Secretariat – number of Management Authorities with a website)

Indicator 4.3.3: Number of followers on CITES social media platforms.

(Data source: CITES Secretariat – number of followers of CITES and WWD on social media, i.e., Instagram, LinkedIn, Facebook, Youtube, Wechat and Weibo)

Indicator 4.3.4: Number of key identified hashtags (e.g. #cites, #citescop19 #worldwildlifeday, etc.) on CITES

social media. (Data source: CITES Secretariat)

Indicator 4.3.5: Number of events submitted to the World Wildlife Day website.

(Data source: CITES Secretariat)

Objective 4.4 CITES Parties are informed of international actions for sustainable development that may have

a bearing on achieving the goal of CITES.

SDG Goal 17 GBF Target 21

5.1.2 (previously 3.3.3a) Indicator 5. 5.1.3 (previously 3.5.1a)	Has CITE active Inter Non-	Ministries (and other authorities as applicable) and nation information and discuss on ongoing activities under different information in the organizations to participate in and/or fund CITES works building activities. In the provided or received to facilitate in the second information in the provided or received to facilitate in the second in th	rick i applica dibilateral o ough intern	is. Intal and other tra if ble r multilat	v orgar teral agrade.	overnmenta nd capacity- Which nizations?
5.1.2 (previously 3.3.3a)	Has CITE activ	Number of Parties cooperating / collaborating with integranizations to participate in and/or fund CITES works building activities. funding been provided or received to facilitate so workshops, training or other capacity building rities to / from: No regovernmental organizations? Number of cooperative actions taken under established.	rgovernme shops and Tick i applica	is. Intal and other tra if ble r multilat	non-goining a Vorgar	overnmenta nd capacity- Vhich nizations?
5.1.2 (previously	1.2: Has CITE activ	Number of Parties cooperating / collaborating with integranizations to participate in and/or fund CITES works building activities. funding been provided or received to facilitate is workshops, training or other capacity building rities to / from: No	ergovernme shops and	ntal and other tra	non-geining a	overnmenta nd capacity- Vhich
5.1.2 (previously	1.2: Has CITE activ	Number of Parties cooperating / collaborating with inte organizations to participate in and/or fund CITES works building activities. funding been provided or received to facilitate is workshops, training or other capacity building rities to / from: No	ergovernme shops and	ntal and other tra	non-geining a	overnmenta nd capacity- Vhich
5.1.2 (previously	1.2:	Number of Parties cooperating / collaborating with integranizations to participate in and/or fund CITES works building activities. funding been provided or received to facilitate sworkshops, training or other capacity building	ergovernme shops and	ntal and other tra	non-geining a	overnmenta nd capacity- Vhich
Indicator 5.	shar	Number of Parties cooperating / collaborating with inte	ferent MEA	ntal and	non-g	overnmenta
					et regui	larly to
		s', please give a brief description:	nal focal no		. 4	
5.1.1 (previously 3.3.1a)	dupl and agre CBD part		orities ental ons:	Yes No No info	ormatic	⊠ □ on □
Indicator 5.	.1.1:	Number of Parties which report that they have achieve CITES, other biodiversity-related conventions and other trade and development agreements.				
Objective 5	5.1	Parties and the Secretariat support and enhance existing achieve their identified objectives. SDG Goal 17 GBF Goal D & Target 20	ng coopera	tive partı	nership	s in order to
GOAL 5		DELIVERY OF THE CITES STRATEGIC VIS	SION IS	IMPRO	VED	THROUGH
Indicator 4.	.4.3:	Number of Notifications to the Parties issued by the Clainternational actions for sustainable development that in goal of CITES. (Data source: CITES Secretariat)				
	.4.2:	Events, documents and presentations, etc. delivered by fora in meetings convened by the CITES Secretariat. (Data source: CITES Secretariat)	y other inte	rgovernr	mental	bodies and
Indicator 4.						

CBD = Convention on Biological Diversity; CMS = Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals, ITPGR = International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture, Ramsar = The Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, WHC = World Heritage Convention.

Indicator 5.1.4: Number of times other relevant international organizations and agreements dealing with natural resources are consulted on issues relevant to species subject to unsustainable trade.

5.1.4 (previously 3.5.2a)	Average number of times per year that international organizations or agreements have been consulted by CITES Authorities	Once	2-5 times	6-20 times	More than 20 times	No consultation	Optional comment about which organizations and issues consulted on
	Management Authority(ies)					\boxtimes	
	Scientific Authority(ies)					\boxtimes	
	Enforcement Authority(ies)					\boxtimes	

Indicator 5.1.5: Number of implemented cooperation agreements between the Secretariat and Multilateral Environmental Agreements (MEAS), including the Biodiversity Liaison Group (BLG) and other biodiversity-related Conventions.

(Data source: CITES Secretariat)

Objective 5.2 Parties encourage the formation of new, innovative and mutually sustainable alliances between CITES and relevant international partners, where appropriate to advance CITES' objective and mainstream conservation and of sustainable use of biodiversity.

SDG Goal 17

GBF Goal D & Target 20

Indicator 5.2.1: Number of alliances between CITES and relevant international partners to advance CITES objective and mainstream conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity.

(Data source: CITES Secretariat)

Objective 5.3 Cooperation between CITES and international financial mechanisms and other related institutions is enhanced in order to support activities that contribute to CITES implementation and enforcement.

SDG Goals 15 & 17 GBF Goal D

Indicator 5.3.1: Number of Parties funded by international financial mechanisms and other related institutions to develop activities that include CITES-related conservation and sustainable development elements.

5.3.1a (previously 3.1.1a)	Has funding from international financial mechanisms and other related institutions been used to develop activities that include CITES-related conservation and sustainable development elements?	Yes No Not applicable No information	
	If 'Yes', please provide brief details:		
5.3.1b	During the period covered in this report, has funding for your country	Increased	
(previously 3.1.1a)	from international funding mechanisms and other related institutions:	Remained stable	
5.1.1a)		Decreased	

Indicator 5.3.2: Number of countries and institutions that have provided additional funding from CITES Authorities to another country or activity for conservation and sustainable development projects in order to further the objectives of the Convention.

5.3.2 (previously 3.1.2a)	Has your country provided technic another country or countries in rela				ance to	O	Yes No No	□ ⊠ information □
	If 'Yes', please tick boxes to indicate type of assistance provided Country(ies)	Species Management¹	Habitat Management²	Sustainable use	Law Enforcement	Livelihoods	Other (specify)	Details (provide more information in an Appendix if necessary)

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Use species conservation column for work directly related to species – e.g. population surveys, education programmes, conflict resolution, etc.

Use habitat conservation column for work that will indirectly support species conservation – e.g. habitat management, development of policy frameworks for how land is managed, etc.

Questions that are not directly linked to the CITES Strategic Vision indicators but provide useful information about the implementation of the Convention

	COOPERATION AND SYNERGIES							
C1 (previously 1.6.1a)	Is your country a signatory to any bilateral and/or multilateral agreements for co-management of shared species?Yes \(\subseteq \) No \(\subseteq \) If 'Yes', please provide brief details, including the names of the ag countries are involved: <i>CMS, AEWA, Bern Convention</i>		s, and wh	ich other				
C2a (previously 3.3.2a)	How many international projects which integrate CITES issues ha contributed towards?	How many international projects which integrate CITES issues has your country contributed towards?						
C2b (previously 3.3.2b)	In addition to C2a, how many national level projects has your cou implemented which integrate CITES issues?	ntry						
C2c (previously 3.3.2c)	Have there been any efforts at a national scale for your CITES Management or Scientific Authorities to collaborate with:		Yes	No				
	Agencies for development?							
	Agencies for trade?							
	Provincial, state or territorial authorities?		\boxtimes					
	Local authorities or communities?		\boxtimes					
	Indigenous or local peoples?		\boxtimes					
	Trade or other private sector associations?		\boxtimes					
	NGOs?							
	Other (please specify)							
C2d (previously 3.3.2d)	Are CITES requirements integrated into?		Yes	No				
	National and local development strategies?		\boxtimes					
	National and local poverty reduction strategies?							
	Planning processes?							
	National accounting?							
	ENFORCEMENT	1		1				
E1 (previously 1.7.1a)	Do <u>es</u> you <u>r country</u> have, <u>is</u> are you <u>r country</u> engaged in, or covered by:	Yes	No	No Information				
	– an international enforcement strategy and/or action plan?	\square						
	– formal international cooperation, such as an international enforcement network?							
	– a national enforcement strategy and/or action plan?							
	 formal national interagency cooperation, such as a national interagency enforcement committee? 							
	If 'Yes' to any of the above, please specify the level of engagement details: EU Illegal Wildlife Trade Action Plan, National Strategy for F Offences 2021–2026							
E2a (previously	Does your country have a process or mechanism for reviewing your enforcement strategy(ies) and the activities taken to	Yes No, bu	ut review	is under \Box				

	implement your strategy(ies)?	cons	sideration	
		No		
		No i	nformation	
	If 'Yes', what do you do? EU Illegal Wildlife Trade Action Plan I Commission. National Strategy for Preventing Environmental action programme, which is reviewed and updated in two-year	Offences 2		
	If 'Yes' or 'No, but review is under consideration', which tools d	lo you find	of value?	
E2b	Has your country used the International Consortium on	Yes		П
(previously	Combating Wildlife Crime (ICCWC) Wildlife and Forest Crime		but toolkit u	se is under
1.7.2b)	Analytic Toolkit, or equivalent tools?		sideration	
		No		\boxtimes
		No i	nformation	
	If 'Yes', please provide feedback on the parts of the toolkit use equivalent tools have been. Please specify improvements that			toolkit or
	If 'No', please provide feedback on why not or what is needed tools useful to you:			
	The number of incidences is quite low. There are functioning refor investigation of illegally hunted game species.	national ne	etworks and	tools in place
F2-	Dana yayın asıyıntını yası viçik asassanı antıta tayınat CITES	Alara		
E3a (previously	Does your country use risk assessment to target CITES enforcement effort?	Alwa _y Very		
" 1.7.4a) [°]	Chilorochicht chort:	•	etimes	
		Rarel		
		Neve	•	
			formation	
E3b	Does your country have capacity to analyse information gathere		- Cillianoli	
(previously	on illegal trade in CITES-listed species?	No		
1.7.4b)			formation	
E3c	Does your country use criminal intelligence¹ to inform			
(previously	investigations into illegal trade in CITES-listed species?	Alwa _y Very		
1.7.4c)		•	etimes	
		Rarel		H
		Neve	•	
			formation	
E3d	Has your country implemented any supply-side activities to	Yes	- Ionnadon	
(previously	address illegal trade in CITES-listed species during the period		out activitie	s are □
1.7.4d)	covered in this report?		r developme	
	·	No		
			formation	
E3e	Has your country implemented any demand-side activities to	Yes		<u>_</u>
(previously	address illegal trade in CITES-listed species during the period		out activitie	s are \Box
1.7.4e)	covered in this report?		r developme	
		No		\boxtimes
		No in	formation	
		Yes	No	No
During t	he period covered in this report:	169	INU	Information

Criminal intelligence is information that is compiled, analyzed and disseminated in an effort to anticipate, prevent and/or monitor criminal activity. Examples include information on potential suspects held in a secure database and inferences about the methods, capabilities and intentions of specific criminal networks or individuals that are used to support effective law enforcement action.

E4a (previously 1.7.5a)	Have any administrative measures (e.g. fines, bans, suspensions) been imposed for CITES-related offences?						
	If 'Yes', please indicate how many and for what types of offence details: In cases involving a single item (or a few items) of App ecological value, when the offender is a private person with no offences.	II species	of low eco	nomic a			
E4b (previously 1.7.5b)	Have there been any criminal prosecutions of CITES-related offences?						
	If 'Yes', how many and for what types of offences? If available, imports, both private persons and commercial, selling or offerir without due documentation inside the EU.				S		
E4c (previously 1.7.5c)	Have there been any other court actions against CITES-related offences?						
	If 'Yes', what were the offences involved and what were the result	s? Please	attach detai	ls:			
E4d (previously 1.7.5d)	How were any confiscated specimens disposed of?		Tick	all that	apply		
	Return to country of export						
	Public zoos or botanical gardens						
	Designated rescue centres				\leq		
	Approved private facilities						
	– Euthanasia] 		
	Other (please specify):						
	Have you encountered any challenges in disposing of confisca	ted specii	mens? <i>No</i>				
	Do you have good practice that you would like to share with otl No	her Partie	s?				
	RESOURCES						
R1a (previously 2.2.1a)	Does your country have an approved service standard(s)¹ for y Management Authority(ies)? If 'No', please go to Question R1d.	our/		Yes No			

R1a (previously	Does your country have an approved service standard(s) ¹ for your Management Authority(ies)?		Yes No	\square
2.2.1a)	If 'No', please go to Question R1d.			
	If 'Yes', for which services are there standards, and what are those standards?			
	Response within one month as well as other standards according to the Administrative Procedure Act (434/2003 with amendments).			
	If 'Yes', does your country have performance targets for these		Yes	
	standards ² ?		No	\boxtimes
	If 'Yes', what are your country's performance targets?			
	Does your country publish your performance against service		Yes	
	standard targets?		No	\boxtimes
	If possible, please provide your country's performance against service standards during the period covered in this report:			
	If your country did not meet its performance targets then was this			
	shortfall a result of:	Yes		No
	availability of funding?			\boxtimes
	– number of staff?			\boxtimes

For example, a time frame in which you are required to provide a response on a decision to issue or not issue a permit, certificate, or re-export certificate.

For example, 85% of all decisions will take place within the service standard.

If 'Yes' to a shortage of skills, which skills does your country need more of? R1b Does your country have an approved service standard(s)** for your		 a shortage 	e of skills?				
Scientific Authority(ies)? If 'No', please go to Question R1d. If 'Yes', for which services are there standards, and what are those standards? If 'Yes', does your country have performance targets for these standards*9? If possible, please provide your country's performance against service standards during the period covered in this report: If your country did not meet its performance targets then was this shortfall a result of: - availability of funding? - number of staff? - a shortage of skills? If 'Yes' to a shortage of skills, which skills does your country need more of? Pata Does your country have an approved service standard(s)*7 for your enforcement authority(ies)? If 'Yes', for which services are there standards, and what are those standards*9? If 'Yes', does your country have performance targets for these standards*9? If 'Yes', what are your country's performance targets for these standards*0? If 'Yes', what are your country's performance against service standards during the period covered in this report: If your country did not meet its performance targets then was this shortfall a result of: - availability of funding? - number of staff? - a shortage of skills? If 'Yes' to a shortage of skills, which skills does your country need more of? R1d Greviously Please only complete this question if your answered 'No' to the first part of question R1a, R1i R1c, relating to the existence of approved service standards for your authorities: Does your country have sufficient of the following for your authorities to function effectively? Management Scientific Authority(ies) Enforcement			ortage of skills, which skills	does your country need			
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(previously 2.2.1d) R1c, relating to the existence of approved service standards for your authorities: Does your country have sufficient of the following for your authorities to function effectively? Management Scientific Authority(ies) Enforcement			ortage of skills, which skills	does your country need			
Management Scientific Authority(ies) Enforcement	(previously	•				R1a, R	1b, or
		Does your co	untry have sufficient of the t	following for your authorities	s to function effe	ectively?)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Management Authority(ies)	Scientific Authority(ies)			
Funding? Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐		Funding?	Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Yes ⊠ No □	Yes ⊠	No 🗌	
Staff? Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐		Staff?	Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Yes ⊠ No □	Yes ⊠	No 🗌	
Skills? Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐		Skills?	Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Yes ⊠ No □	Yes ⊠	No 🗌	

R2a (previously	Have any of the following activities been undertaken during the period covered in this report to enhance the effectiveness of CITES	
2.2.2a)	implementation at the national level?	Tick if applicable

	Hiring of more staff						
	Development of implementation tools						
	Purchase of technical equipment for implementation, monitoring or enforcement						
	Other (please specify): Electronic CITES Permit Management System has been developed and will be operational in 2024.						
R2b (previously 2.2.2b)	During the period covered in this report, was the budget for your:		Increased	Stable	Decreased		
	Management Authority(ies)						
	Scientific Authority(ies)		\boxtimes				
	Enforcement authorities		\boxtimes				
R2c (previously 2.2.2c)	Has your country been able to use international development funding assistance to increase the level of implementation of your		Yes	No	Not applicable		
	Management Authority(ies)?						
	Scientific Authority(ies)?				\boxtimes		
	Enforcement authorities?				\boxtimes		
R2d (previously 2.2.2d)	What is the respective level of priority for enhancing the effectiveness of CITES implementation at the national level through the following activities?						
	Activity	High	Medium	Low	Not a Prio	rity	
	Hiring of more staff			\boxtimes			
	Development of implementation tools						
	Purchase of new technical equipment for implementation, monitoring or enforcement			\boxtimes			
	e-permitting		\boxtimes				
	Other (please specify):						
R2e (previously 2.2.2e)	Does your country have an operational system (e.g. electronic database) for managing		Yes	Under development	No		
	Species information		\boxtimes				
	Trade information		\boxtimes				
	Non-detriment findings				\boxtimes		
R3a (previously 2.2.3a)	Does the Management Authority charge fees for: Tick all that are applicable						
	 Administrative procedures 						
	 Issuance of CITES documents (e.g. for import, exports, re-export, or introduction from the sea) 						
	 Shipment clearance (e.g. for the import, export, re-export, or introduction from the sea of CITES-listed species) 						
	 Licensing or registration of operat 	ions that pro	oduce CITES	species => cavi	ar producers	\boxtimes	
	 − Harvesting of CITES-listed species 						
	Use of CITES-listed species Issuance of intra-EU certificates for Annex A specimens					\boxtimes	
	 Assignment of quotas for CITES-I 	isted specie	es				
	- Other (please specify):						

Is a fee schedule publicly available?	Yes ⊠ No □
If 'Yes', please provide an internet link, or a copy of the schedule to the Secretariat: https://www.finlex.fi/fi/laki/alkup/2024/20240206 (in Finnish and Swedish)	

R3c (previously	Has your country used revenues from fees for the implementation of CITES or wildlift conservation?	e				
2.2.3c)		F. 6				
		Entirely				
		Partly				
		ot at all	Ш			
	There are no revenues from fees, since income from the fees does not cover the ex of issuing permits. Not i	rpenses relevant	\boxtimes			
R3d (previously 2.2.3d)		Yes	No			
	Does your country raise funds for CITES management through charging user fees?		\boxtimes			
	Do your country's fees recover the full economic cost of issuing permits?		\boxtimes			
	Does your country have case studies on charging or using fees?		\boxtimes			
	If 'Yes' to any of the above, please provide brief details:					
	Does your country use innovative financial mechanisms to raise funds for CITES					
	implementation?		\boxtimes			
	If 'Yes', please provide brief details:					
R4a	Does your country use incentive measures¹ such as those described in document CoF	P14 Doc	14.32			
(previously 2.2.4a)	to implement the Convention? YesNo					
	Due diligence □ ⊠ Compensatory mechanisms □ ⊠					
	Certification					
	Communal property rights					
	Auctioning of quotas					
	Cost recovery or environmental charges 🗌 🖂					
	Enforcement incentives					
	If 'Yes' to any of the above, or if your country uses other measures, please provide a summary or link to further information:					
R4b	Have incentives harmful to biodiversity been eliminated?					
(previously 2.2.4b)	Not at all ☐					
,	Very little ☐					
	Somewhat 🖂					
	Completely					
	AWARENESS					
A1	Have CITES authorities been involved in any of the following	Rele				
(previously 3.2.1a)	activities to bring about better awareness of the Convention's	Us				
	requirements by the wider public and relevant user groups? Wider public	Gro	ups T			
	- Press conferences	L	-			
	- Press releases	L				
	Newspaper articles, brochures, leaflets		7			
	- Television appearances		_			
	- Radio appearances		_			
	- Presentations	\triangleright				
	- Public consultations / meetings	Г	7			

Defined as 'Social and economic incentives that promote and regulate sustainable management of and responsible trade in, wild flora and flora and promote effective enforcement of the Convention'. The intent of such measures is not to promote wildlife trade as such, but rather to ensure that any wildlife trade undertaken is conducted in a sustainable manner.

	 Market surveys Displays Information at border crossing points Telephone hotline Website(s) – if so please provide link(s) https://ymparisto.fi/cites https://tulli.fi/rajoitukset/rajoituskasikirja https://tulli.fi/rajoitukset/uhanalaiset-lajit 			[
	Other (specify): Targeted information to releve Email, e.g. of CITES legislation changes. The second content of the second con					
	Please attach copies of any items or describe e	xamples	S:			
A2a (previously 3.2.2a)	How regularly do your country's Authorities consult the CITES website?					
	Please tick boxes to indicate the most frequent usage (decide on an average amongst staff if necessary). Target group	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Less frequently	Not known
	Staff of Management Authority			П		
	Staff of Scientific Authority					
	Staff of enforcement authorities			\boxtimes		
A2b (previously 3.2.2b)	What has been your experience with using the	CITES v	vebsite?	Goo Ave Poo Very	rage	

Any further comments on the CITES Website? (e.g. useful aspects, any difficulties encountered, which authorities find which functions/tools most useful, what is missing, etc):

General feedback

Please provide any additional comments you would like to make, including comments on this format.

Item					
Copy of full text of CITES-relevant legislation if changed	Enclosed				
Web link(s) Nature Conservation Act 9/2023	Not available				
In Finnish: https://www.finlex.fi/fi/laki/ajantasa/2023/20230009	Previously provided				
In Swedish: https://www.finlex.fi/sv/laki/ajantasa/2023/20230009					
In English (unofficial translation):					
https://www.finlex.fi/en/laki/kaannokset/2023/20230009					
Please list any materials annexed to the report, e.g. fee schedules, awareness raising materials, etc:					
Have any constraints to implementation of the Convention arisen in	n Yes \square				
your country requiring attention or assistance?	No 🖂				
	No Information				
If 'Yes', please describe the constraint and the type of attention or assistance that is required.					
Are there examples of good practice you would like to share with o	other Yes				
Parties?	No 🖂				
	No Information				
If 'Yes' please provide details / links:					
How could this report format be improved?					

Thank you for completing the report. Please remember to include relevant attachments referred to in the report when it is submitted to the Secretariat.