1. The attached document has been submitted by Germany on behalf of the Member States of the European Union.

2. At the 59th annual meeting of the International Whaling Commission held at Anchorage from 28th-31st May 2007 a resolution on the relationship with CITES was submitted by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and was adopted by 37 in favour and 4 against with 4 abstentions including Denmark.

3. This information document would like to bring this IWC resolution to the attention of the participants in the 14th meeting of Conference of the Parties to CITES.

4. The geographical designations employed in this document do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the CITES Secretariat concerning the legal status of any country, territory, or area, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.
DRAFT RESOLUTION CITES

Submitted by the UK

Sponsored by Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Chile, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Germany, Italy, Mexico, Peru, Spain, United Kingdom, United States of America

RECOGNISING that the International Whaling Commission (IWC) is the internationally competent organisation for the conservation and management of whale stocks;

FURTHER RECOGNISING that the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) passed Resolution Conf 11.4 (Rev COP12) which acknowledges the IWC as the major source of information on whale stocks around the world;

NOTING that the IWC Scientific Committee continuously reviews the status of all whale stocks;

NOTING that the moratorium on commercial whaling has been in effect since 1986, remains in effect and the reasons for the moratorium remain valid;

WELCOMING the continuing cooperation between CITES and the IWC on issues related to international trade in whale products, and urging all governments to continue to support IWC and CITES obligations with respect to this issue;

FURTHER NOTING the existence of CITES Resolution Conference 11.4 (Rev. CoP12) on the Conservation of cetaceans, trade in cetacean specimens and the relationship with the International Whaling Commission which interalia expresses concern that international trade in meat and other products of whales is lacking adequate international monitoring or control, recognises that the IWC is the major source of information on whale stocks around the world and recommends that the Parties to CITES agree not to issue any import or export permit, or certificate for introduction from the sea under CITES for primarily commercial purposes for any specimen of a species or stock protected from commercial whaling by the International Convention for the Regulation of Whaling;

NOW THEREFORE THE COMMISSION:

AFFIRMS that the moratorium on commercial whaling remains in place and that the reasons for the moratorium are still relevant;

EXPRESSES APPRECIATION that CITES recognises the IWC’s Scientific Committee as the universally recognised international organisation with international expertise to review and evaluate the status of the world’s whale stocks;

REAFFIRMS the important role of CITES in supporting the IWC’s management decisions with regard to the conservation of whale stocks and the importance of continued cooperation between CITES and IWC;

REAFFIRMS the importance of continued cooperation between CITES and IWC with regard to the conservation of whale stocks through the regulation and management of international trade in whale products;

CONSIDERS that the IWC has not yet completed the necessary measures to regulate commercial whaling;

CONSIDERS that any weakening of existing restrictions on trade under CITES could have significant adverse effects on the moratorium on commercial whaling and increase threats to whales;

REQUESTS Contracting Governments to respect the relationship between the two conventions and not to seek the transfer of cetacean species from CITES Appendix I while the moratorium remains in place.

FURTHER REQUESTS the secretariat to send a copy of this resolution to the CITES secretariat.