Implementation report format

The format below follows the structure of the *CITES Strategic Vision*: 2008-2020 and aims to collect information to enable the Strategic Vision indicators to be implemented.

CITES vision statement

Conserve biodiversity and contribute to its sustainable use by ensuring that no species of wild fauna or flora becomes or remains subject to unsustainable exploitation through international trade, thereby contributing to the significant reduction of the rate of biodiversity loss and making a significant contribution towards achieving the relevant Aichi Biodiversity Targets.

Article VIII, paragraph 7 (b), of the Convention requires each Party to submit to the CITES Secretariat a report on legislative, regulatory and administrative measures taken to enforce the provisions of the Convention.

The report format allows Parties to present information in a standard manner, so that it can be easily collated, with three main objectives:

- i) To enable monitoring of the implementation and effectiveness of the Convention;
- ii) To facilitate the identification of major achievements, significant developments, or trends, gaps or problems and possible solutions; and
- iii) Provide a basis for substantive and procedural decision-making by the Conference of the Parties and various subsidiary bodies.

Information on the nature and extent of CITES trade should be incorporated into the annual report [Article VIII paragraph 7 (a)], whereas the report provided under Article VIII paragraph 7 (b) should focus on measures taken to implement the Convention.

The report should cover the period indicated in <u>Resolution Conf. 11.17 (Rev. CoP16)</u> which urges that the report should be submitted to the Secretariat one year before each meeting of the Conference of the Parties (CoP). The reason for setting the report to be due a year in advance of the following CoP is to allow information to be collated so it can be considered by the Standing Committee in advance of CoP, and enable publication of the Strategic Vision indicators in advance of CoP.

Reports should be prepared in one of the three working languages of the Convention (English, French, Spanish).

Parties are *strongly* encouraged to prepare and submit their reports in electronic form. This will facilitate timely integration of information from Parties into publication of the Strategic Vision Indicators. If reports are only provided in hard copy, resources will be needed at the Secretariat to make an electronic copy, and this is not good use of Secretariat resources.

The completed report should be sent to:

CITES Secretariat International Environment House Chemin des Anémones 11-13 CH-1219 Châtelaine-Geneva Switzerland

Email: info@cites.org

Tel: +41-(0)22-917-81-39/40 Fax: +41-(0)22-797-34-17

If a Party requires further guidance on completing their report, please contact the CITES Secretariat at the address above.

Party	United Arab Emirates
Period covered in this report	1 January 2017 to 31 December 2018
Department or agency preparing this report	Ministry of Climate Change and Environment - UAE CITES MA
	Environment Agency Abu Dhabi - UAE CITES SA
Contributing departments, agencies and organizations	Ministry of Climate Change and Environment - UAE CITES MA
	Environment Agency Abu Dhabi - UAE CITES SA

GOAL 1 ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH AND IMPLEMENTATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THE CONVENTION

Objective 1.1 Parties comply with their obligations under the Convention through appropriate policies, legislation and procedures.

All Aichi Targets relevant to CITES, particularly Aichi Target 2, Target 6, Target 9, Target 12, Target 17 and Target 18.

Indicator 1.1.1: The number of Parties that are in category 1 under the national legislation project.

1.1.1a	Have any CITES relevant policies or legislation been developed during the period covered in this report? Yes No If 'Yes', have you shared information with the Secretariat? Yes No Not Applicable If 'No', please provide details to the Secretariat with this report:
1.1.1b	Does your legislation or legislative process allow easy amendment of your national law(s) to reflect changes in the CITES Appendices (e.g. to meet the 90 day implementation guidelines)? Yes No If 'No', please provide details of the constraints faced:

Objective 1.2 Parties have in place administrative procedures that are transparent, practical, coherent and user-friendly, and reduce unnecessary administrative burdens.

Aichi Target 3.

Indicator 1.2.1: The number of Parties that have adopted standard transparent procedures for the timely issuance of permits in accordance with Article VI of the Convention.

		Yes	No	No information
1.2.1a	Do you have standard operating procedures for application for and issuance of permits?	\boxtimes		
	Are the procedures publicly available?	\boxtimes		
1.2.1b	Do you have:			
	Electronic data management and a paper-based permit issuance system?	\boxtimes		
	Electronic permit information exchange between Management Authorities of some countries If 'Yes', please list countries		\boxtimes	
	Electronic permit information exchange to Management Authorities of all countries?		\boxtimes	
	Electronic permit data exchange between Management Authorities and customs?		\boxtimes	

	Electronic permit used to cross border with electronic validation by customs?		\boxtimes	
	If 'Yes' to any of the above, please provide information on challenge	ges faced	or issues	overcome:
	If 'No', do you have any plans to move towards e-permitting¹?		\boxtimes	
	If you are planning to move towards e-permitting, please explain v	what migh	t help you	ı to do so:
Indicator	1.2.2: The number of Parties making use of the simplified pro Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP17).	cedures p	provided f	or in <u>Resolution</u>
1.2.2a	Has your country developed simplified procedures for any of the f	•	Fick all ap	nlicable
		<u>'</u>	ick all ap	No
		Yes	No	information
	Where biological samples of the type and size specified in Annex 4 of Resolution Conf. 12.3 (Rev. CoP16) are urgently required.		\boxtimes	
	For the issuance of pre-Convention certificates or equivalent documents in accordance with <u>Article VII</u> , paragraph 2.		\boxtimes	
	For the issuance of certificates of captive breeding or artificial propagation in accordance with Article VII, paragraph 5.		\boxtimes	
	For the issuance of export permits or re-export certificates in accordance with Article IV for specimens referred to in Article VII, paragraph 4.			
	Are there other cases judged by a Management Authority to merit the use of simplified procedures? If 'Yes', please provide details:		\boxtimes	
Objective Indicator	the Conference of the Parties. All Aichi targets relevant to CITES, particularly Target 9, Ta	arget 14 a t_reporting	nd Target g under I	18. Resolutions and
1.3.1a	Has your country responded to all relevant special reporting requirements the period covered in this report, including those in the Resolution Conference of the Parties, Standing Committee recommendation the Secretariat (see [link to location on the CITES website where listed])?	ons and Dens, and No	ecisions o	f the s issued by
	Responses provided to ALL r Responses provided to SOME of the r Responses provided to NONE of the r No special rep	elevant re elevant re	porting reporting re	equirements equirements
1.3.1b	Were any difficulties encountered during the period covered in the implementing specific Resolutions or Decisions adopted by the 0 of the Parties?		е	∕es
	If 'Yes', please provide details of which Resolution(s) or Decision were / are being encountered?	(s), and, fo	or each, w	/hat difficulties

e-permitting refers to the electronic (paperless) management of the permit business process, including permit application, Management Authority – Scientific Authority consultations, permit issuance, notification to customs and reporting.

Objective 1.4 The Appendices correctly reflect the conservation needs of species.

Aichi Target 1, Target 14 and Target 19.

1.4.1: The number and proportion of species that have been found to meet the criteria contained in Resolution Conf. 9.24 or its successors. This includes both the periodic review and amendment proposals.

1.4.1a	Have you undertaken any reviews of whether species would benefit from listing on the CITES Appendices? Yes ⊠ No □
	If 'Yes', please provide a summary here, or a link to the report of the work (or a copy of that report to the Secretariat if the work is not available online):
	The National Red List The National Red List Project is an implementation of the country's commitments to international and regional conventions and treaties as well as national strategies and plans such as the National Climate Change Plan 2017-2050, the National Climate Change Plan of the UAE 2017–2050 and the National Biodiversity Strategy, which were released in 2014 and developed in line with international, regional and national strategies. During 2018, the mammal species and reptiles were evaluated.

Objective 1.5 Best available scientific information is the basis for non-detriment findings.

Aichi Target 2, Target 4, Target 5, Target 6, Target 7, Target 9, Target 12 and Target 14.

Indicator 1.5.1: The number of surveys, studies or other analyses undertaken by exporting countries based on the sources of information cited in Resolution Conf. 16.7 on Non-detriment findings related to:

- a) the population status of Appendix-II species;
- b) the trends and impact of trade upon Appendix-II species; and
- c) the status of and trend in naturally-occurring Appendix I species and the impact of any recovery plans.

1.5.1a	Have any surveys, studies or other analyses been undertaken in your country in relation to:	Yes	No	Not Applicable	If Yes, How many?
	- the population status of Appendix II species?				
	- the trends and impact of trade on Appendix II species?	\boxtimes			
	- the status of and trend in naturally-occurring Appendix I species?	\boxtimes			
	- the impact of any recovery plans on Appendix I species?				
	Have the surveys, studies or analyses integrated relevant knowledge and expertise of local and indigenous communities?		\boxtimes		

	If there are such studies that you are willing	g to share, please provide:		
	Species name (scientific)	A brief summary of the results or other analysis (e.g. population stable / increase, off-take levels links to published reference ma	on status, de s etc), or pro	cline /
	Various native species of UAE in App. II	These activities are carried o assessment and monitoring of	•	of routine
	sharks and rays	The conservation status sharks in the Arabian sea and adjacer		himaeras
	sharks and rays	UAE Shark Assessment		
1.5.1b	How are the results of such surveys, studie findings (NDFs)? Please tick all that ap		ng non-detrir	ment
		Revised harve	•	-
		-	•	export [
			domestic me	
		Changed manager Discussion with Mana		·
		Discussion with o	•	
		Other (please provide a short sum		лао.о. <u> </u>
1.5.1c	Do you have specific conservation measur			\boxtimes
	recovery plans for naturally occurring Appe			
	species?	Not Applicable		
		No information		
	If 'Yes', please provide a brief summary, incimpact:	cluding, if possible, an evaluation	of their	
	Arabian oryx formerly occurred in the deser Al Nahyan, former President of the UAE, for has furnished stock for reintroductions. Ou are well documented including the Arabian and the Arabian oryx reintroduction inthe A in the UAE including Al Ain Zoo, Sharja's several more private collections in Abu Dh more than 7000 Arabian oryx.	ound a valuable breeding herd of our irrently, two reintroductions of Ara oryx release in the Dubai Desert O bu Dhabi Emirate. There are othe Breeding Centre for Endangered	oryx in Abu Dabian oryx in Conservation r oryx breed Arabian Wil	Ohabi that the UAE Reserve ing herds dlife, and
1.5.1d	Have you published any non-detriment find If 'Yes', please provide links or examples to	_		
4.5.4	Maria 60 60 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1)) (D		
1.5.1e	Which of the following (A to F of paragraph do you use in making non-detriment finding		Yes	No
	A. relevant scientific literature concerning s distribution and population trends.	species biology, life history,		
	B. details of any ecological risk assessmer	nts conducted.		
	C. scientific surveys conducted at harvest from harvest and other impacts.	ocations and at sites protected		
	D. relevant knowledge and expertise of loc	al and indigenous communities.		
	E. consultations with relevant local, regiona	al and international experts.		

F. national and international trade information such as that available via the CITES trade database maintained by UNEP World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC), publications on trade, local knowledge on trade and investigations of sales at markets or through the Internet for example.		
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Indicator 1.5.2:	The number	of Parties	that h	nave	adopted	standard	procedures	for	making	non-detrime	ent
	findings.										

1.5.2a Do you have standard procedures for making non-detriment findings in line with Resolution Conf. 16.7? If 'Yes', please briefly describe your procedures for making non-detriment findings, or attach as an annex to this report, or provide a link to where the information can be found on the internet: 1.5.2b When establishing non-detriment findings, have any of the following guidance been used? Please tick all that apply						
findings in line with Resolution Conf. 16.7? If 'Yes', please briefly describe your procedures for making non-detriment findings, or attach as an annex to this report, or provide a link to where the information can be found on the internet: 1.5.2b When establishing non-detriment findings, have any of the following guidance been used? Please tick all that apply Virtual College IUCN Checklist Resolution Conf. 16.7 2008 NDF workshop Species specific guidance Other If 'Other' or 'Species specific guidance', please specify details: 1.5.2c How often do you review and/or change your non-detriment findings? Case by case Annually Every two years Less frequently A mix of the above	1.5.2a		Yes	s No		
or attach as an annex to this report, or provide a link to where the information can be found on the internet: 1.5.2b When establishing non-detriment findings, have any of the following guidance been used? Virtual College						
guidance been used? Virtual College IUCN Checklist Resolution Conf. 16.7 2008 NDF workshop Species specific guidance Other If 'Other' or 'Species specific guidance', please specify details: 1.5.2c How often do you review and/or change your nondetriment findings? How often do you review and/or change your nondetriment findings? Case by case Annually Every two years Less frequently A mix of the above		or attach as an annex to this report, or provide a link to where the			e found	
IUCN Checklist Resolution Conf. 16.7 2008 NDF workshop Species specific guidance Other If 'Other' or 'Species specific guidance', please specify details: 1.5.2c How often do you review and/or change your non-detriment findings? Case by case Annually Every two years Less frequently A mix of the above	1.5.2b	,	•	ease tick	all that apply	
Resolution Conf. 16.7 2008 NDF workshop Species specific guidance Other If 'Other' or 'Species specific guidance', please specify details: 1.5.2c How often do you review and/or change your nondetriment findings? Case by case Annually Every two years Less frequently A mix of the above		Virtual Col	lege	e 🗌		
2008 NDF workshop Species specific guidance Other If 'Other' or 'Species specific guidance', please specify details: 1.5.2c How often do you review and/or change your non-detriment findings? Case by case Annually Every two years Less frequently A mix of the above		IUCN Chec	klist			
Species specific guidance Other If 'Other' or 'Species specific guidance', please specify details: 1.5.2c How often do you review and/or change your non-detriment findings? Case by case Annually Every two years Less frequently A mix of the above		Resolution Conf.	16.7	7 🗆		
If 'Other' or 'Species specific guidance', please specify details: 1.5.2c How often do you review and/or change your non-detriment findings? Case by case Annually Every two years Less frequently A mix of the above		2008 NDF works	shop			
If 'Other' or 'Species specific guidance', please specify details: 1.5.2c How often do you review and/or change your non-detriment findings? Case by case Annually Every two years Less frequently A mix of the above		Species specific guida	ance			
1.5.2c How often do you review and/or change your non-detriment findings? How often do you review and/or change your non-detriment findings? Case by case Annually Every two years Less frequently A mix of the above		C	ther			
detriment findings? Annually Every two years Less frequently A mix of the above		If 'Other' or 'Species specific guidance', please specify details:				
Please describe the circumstances under which non-detriment findings would be changed:	1.5.2c	detriment findings? Ar Ev	inually ery two ye ss frequei	ears ntly		
		Please describe the circumstances under which non-detriment fin	dings wou	ıld be ch	anged:	

Indicator 1.5.3: The number and proportion of annual export quotas based on population surveys.

1.5.3a	Do you set annual export quotas?	Yes No	
	If 'Yes', do you set quotas based on population survey, or by other means? Please specify, for each species, how quotas are set: Species Name (scientific)	Population Survey?	Other, please specify
1.5.3b	Have annual export quotas been set at levels which will ensure sustainable production and consumption? If 'Yes', please describe how this fits into your non-detriment	Yes No finding process:	

Objective 1.6 Parties cooperate in managing shared wildlife resources.

Aichi Target 4, Target 5, Target 6, Target 7, Target 10, Target 12 and Target 19.

Indicator 1.6.1: The number of bilateral and multilateral agreements that specifically provide for comanagement of shared CITES listed species by range States.

agreements for co-management of shared species?Yes No If 'Yes', please provide brief details, including the names of the agreements, and which other countries are involved: Houbara conservation Mongolia China Jordan Kazakhstan Morocco Russia Spain Iraq	1.6.1a	countries are involved: Houbara conservation Mongolia China Jordan Kazakhstan Morocco Russia Spain
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Indicator 1.6.2: The number of cooperative management plans, including recovery plans, in place for shared populations of CITES-listed species.

1.6.2a		ny cooperative management plans, including recovery plans, ared populations of CITES-listed species? Yes ⊠ No ☐					
		If 'Yes', please list the species for which these plans are in place and provide a link or reference to a published plan for each species.					
	Species Name (scientific)	Link or reference to a published plan					
	Houbara	http://www.houbarafund.org/en/home					
	Species conservation	https://www.speciesconservation.org/					
	Arabian Oryx	https://www.arabianoryx.org/En/SitePages/Home.aspx					
	Falcon	https://www.falconhospital.com/services/falcon-service/falcon-release-programme					
	Scimitar- horned Oryx	https://www.ead.ae/Publications/ShO%20Issue%203/scimitar%20horned%20oryx-NL3%20eng.pdf					

Indicator 1.6.3: The number of workshops and other capacity-building activities that bring range States together to address the conservation and management needs of shared, CITES listed, species.

1.6.3a	Have the CITES authorities received or benefited from any of the following capacity-building
	activities provided by external sources?

	Please tick boxes to indicate which target group and which activity. Target group	Oral or written advice/guidance	Technical assistance	Financial assistance	Training	Other (specify)	What were the external sources ¹ ?
	Staff of Management Authority		\boxtimes		\boxtimes		Germany
	Staff of Scientific Authority						
	Staff of enforcement authorities		\boxtimes				Germany
	Traders						
	NGOs						
	Public						
	Other (please specify):						
1.6.3b	Have the CITES authorities been the other range States?	provide	rs of any	of the f	ollowi	ng ca	pacity-building activities to
	Please tick boxes to indicate which target group and which activity.	Oral or written advice/guidance	Technical assistance	Financial assistance	ning	Other (specify)	
	Target group	Oral advi	Tech	Fina assi	Training	Othe	Details
	Staff of Management Authority						
	Staff of Scientific Authority				\boxtimes		
	Staff of enforcement authorities				\boxtimes		
	Traders						
	NGOs						
	Public					\boxtimes	awareness
	Other Parties/International meetings						
	Other (please specify) Falconers						awareness
1.6.3c	In what ways do you collaborate with	other C	ITES P	arties?			
				nes	ten		
		Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Very Often	Alwavs	Further detail / examples
	Information exchange			\boxtimes			
	Monitoring / survey						
	Habitat management						
	Species management	\boxtimes					
	Law enforcement						
	Capacity building						
	Other (please provide details)						

Objective 1.7 Parties are enforcing the Convention to reduce illegal wildlife trade.

Aichi Target 4, Target 5, Target 6, Target 7, Target 9, Target 10, Target 12 and Target 19.

¹ Please provide the names of Parties, and any non-Parties, involved.

Indicator 1.7.1	The number of Parties that have.	are covered by or	engaged with:
muicator 1.7.1.	THE HUITIDE OF FAILES HALHAVE.	are covered by, or	endaded with.

- an international enforcement strategy and/or action plan; formal international cooperation, such as an international enforcement network;
- a national enforcement strategy and/or action plan; and formal national interagency cooperation, such as a national interagency enforcement committee.

1.7.1a	Do you have, are you engaged in, or covered by:		No	No Information			
	– an international enforcement strategy and/or action plan?						
	– formal international cooperation, such as an international enforcement network?	\boxtimes					
	a national enforcement strategy and/or action plan?	\boxtimes					
	– formal national interagency cooperation, such as a national interagency enforcement committee?	\boxtimes					
	If 'Yes' to any of the above, please specify the level of engagement and provide additional details: United for Wildlife A global initiative targeted the private sector and non-governmental organizations. Within the outcomes of the meetings of this initiative, it was agreed that it have to find ways to end the illegal trade in wildlife in the transport and ports sector. The Emirates airline, Etihad Airways flights and Dubai Ports World were part of United for Wildlife. The Declaration was signed in 2016 in Buckingham Palace.						
	National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (2014-2021) https://www.cbd.int/doc/world/ae/ae-nbsap-01-ar.pdf The National Plan of Action for the Conservation and Management https://www.moccae.gov.ae/assets/download/a39d4315/EN_NPOA_ue						

Indicator 1.7.2: The number of Parties with a process or mechanism for reviewing their enforcement strategies, and the activities taken to implement their strategies.

1.7.2a	Do you have a process or mechanism for reviewing your enforcement strategy(ies) and the activities taken to implement your strategy(ies)?	Yes No, but review is under consideration No No information		
	If 'Yes', what do you do?			
	There are committees in the country adopt and reviewing any plar the species and environment issues such as:	ns, projects, initiatives relatir	ng	
	Climate Change and EnvironmentThe National Biodiversity Committee			
	If 'Yes' or 'No, but review is under consideration', which tools do yo	ou find of value?		
1.7.2b	Have you used the International Consortium on Combating	Yes		
	Wildlife Crime (ICCWC) Wildlife and Forest Crime Analytic	No, but toolkit use is under		
	Toolkit, or equivalent tools?	consideration		
		No 🗵		
		No information		
	nd how useful the toolkit or			

equivalent tools have been. Please specify improvements that could be made:
If 'No', please provide feedback on why not or what is needed to make the toolkit or equivalent tools useful to you:

Indicator 1.7.3: The number of Parties that have criminal (penal) law and procedures, capacity to use forensic technology, and capacity to use specialized investigation techniques, for investigating, prosecuting, and penalizing CITES offences..

1.7.3a	Do you have law and procedures in place for investigating, prosecuting, and penalizing CITES offences as a crime? If 'Yes', please provide the title of the legislation and a summary of the penalties available The primary law to implement CITES in the UAE is Federal Law No. (11) for the year 2002 on "Regulating and controlling International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora". And the Resolution of the Council of Ministers	Yes No No information	
	No. 22 of 2003 for Federal Law No. (11) for the year 2002 on "Regulating and		
	controlling International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora".		
	Acceding to Federal Law No. (11) for the year 2002:		
	Appendix I import /export/ re-export/ introduce by sea without permit: fine AED 10 000 to 50 000 and/or prison maximum 6 months.		
	permit: fine AED 10,000 to 50,000 and/or prison maximum 6 months.		
	 Appendix II or III export/ re-export/ introduce by sea without permit: fine AED 5,000 to 30,000 and prison maximum 3 months. 		
	·		
	 Appendix II import without permit: fine AED 5,000 to 30,000 and/or prison maximum 3 months. 		
	 False declaration: fine AED 3,000 - 20,000 and/or prison maximum 1 month. 		
	Whoever bestowed, sold, presented for sale, or displayed any of the		
	specimens included in the appendices without permit: fine AED 5,000		
	to 30,000 and/or prison maximum 3 months.		
	Whoever changed, removed, or omitted any of the marks used by the		
	management authority to recognize the specimens individually fine		
	AED 2,000 - 10,000 and/or prison maximum 1 month.		
1.7.3b	Are criminal offences such as poaching and wildlife trafficking recognized as serious crime ¹ in your country?	Yes No No information	
	If 'Yes', please explain what criteria must be met for poaching or witreated as serious crimes:	ildlife trafficking offenc	es to be

The United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime defines serious crime as conduct constituting an offence punishable by imprisonment for at least four years or a more serious penalty.

1.7.3c	Do you have capacity to use forensic technology ¹ to support the investigation of CITES offences?			Yes No No informatio	n 🗆				
	If 'Yes', please provide a brief summary of any samples from CITES-listed species that were collected and submitted to an appropriate forensic analysis facility (located in your country and/or another country) during the period covered in this report:								
	The analysis of samples of red sandalwood, rosewood and Ivory.								
	Dubai Central Laboratory Sharjah Central Laboratory - MoCCAE								
	If 'Yes', and your country has an appropriate forensic please indicate which species it applies to: pterocarpu								
1.7.3d	Did your authorities participate in or initiate any multi- law enforcement operation(s) targeting CITES-listed s during the period covered in this report?		Yes 🖂 No 🖂 No information						
	If 'Yes', please provide a brief summary, including any other Parties:	/ lesso	ns lear	I					
1.7.3e	Do you have a standard operating procedure among agencies for submitting information related to CITES INTERPOL and/or the World Customs Organization?			Yes No No informatio	n 🗆				
1.7.3f	Do you have legislative provisions for any of the following that can be applied to the investigation, prosecution and/or sentencing of CITES offences as appropriate?	Yes	No	No information	If yes, how many times was this used during the period covered by this report?				
	General crime ³	\boxtimes							
	Predicate offences ⁴	\boxtimes							
	Asset forfeiture ⁵	\boxtimes							
	Corruption ⁶	\boxtimes							
	International cooperation in criminal matters ⁷	\boxtimes							
	Organized crime ⁸	\boxtimes							

¹ Capacity to use forensic technology means the ability to collect, handle and submit samples from crime scenes involving CITES-listed species to an appropriate forensic analysis facility, located either in your country or in another country(ies).

² A multi-disciplinary law enforcement operation is one that involves officers from all relevant enforcement disciplines as appropriate, for example officers from Police, Customs and the wildlife regulatory authority. It could be either sub-national, national or international in scope.

General crime laws relate to offences such as fraud, conspiracy, possession of weapons, and other matters as set out in the national criminal code.

⁴ Article 2, paragraph (h) of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime defines a predicate offence is an offence whose proceeds may become the subject of any of the money-laundering offences established under the Convention.

⁵ Asset forfeiture is the seizure and confiscation of assets obtained from criminal activities to ensure that criminals do not benefit from the proceeds of their crimes.

Provisions against corruption include national laws to implement the United Nations Convention against Corruption covering offences such as bribery of officials, embezzlement or misappropriation of public funds, trading in influence and abuse of functions by public officials

⁷ International cooperation in criminal matters includes legislation through which a formal request for mutual legal assistance and/or extradition of a person for criminal prosecution can be forwarded to another country.

Article 2, paragraph (a) of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime defines an organized criminal group as a structured group of three or more persons, existing for a period of time and acting in concert with the aim of committing one or more serious crimes or offences established in accordance with the Convention, in order to obtain, directly or indirectly, a financial or other material benefit.

	Specialized investigation techniques ¹		
	If 'Yes' to any of the above, please explain how each is used for C brief summary, including any lessons learned which might be help		provide a
1.7.3g	Do you have institutional capacity to implement the legislative	Yes	\boxtimes
	provisions listed in question 1.7.3f against CITES offences?	No	
		No information	
	If 'No', please provide a brief summary of your major capacity-buil	ding needs:	

Indicator 1.7.4: The number of Parties using risk assessment and intelligence to combat illegal trade in CITES-listed species.

1.7.4a	Do you use risk assessment to target CITES enforcement effort?	Always Very often Sometimes Rarely Never	
1.7.4b	Do you have capacity to analyse information gathered on illegal trade in CITES-listed species?	No information Yes No No information	
1.7.4c	Do you use criminal intelligence ² to inform investigations into illegal trade in CITES-listed species?	Always Very often Sometimes Rarely Never No information	
1.74d	Have you implemented any supply-side activities to address illegal trade in CITES-listed species during the period covered in this report?	Yes No, but activities are under development No No information	
1.7.4e	Have you implemented any demand-side activities to address illegal trade in CITES-listed species during the period covered in this report?	Yes No, but activities are under development No No information	

Specialized investigation techniques are techniques that are deployed against serious and/or organized crime when conventional law enforcement techniques fail to adequately address the activities of crime groups. Examples include controlled deliveries and covert operations.

² Criminal intelligence is information that is compiled, analyzed and disseminated in an effort to anticipate, prevent and/or monitor criminal activity. Examples include information on potential suspects held in a secure database and inferences about the methods, capabilities and intentions of specific criminal networks or individuals that are used to support effective law enforcement action.

The number of administrative measures, criminal prosecutions and other court actions for CITES-related offences. Indicator 1.7.5:

During th	e period covered in this report:	Yes	No	No Information			
1.7.5a	Have any administrative measures (e.g. fines, bans, suspensions) been imposed for CITES-related offences?	\boxtimes	\boxtimes				
	If 'Yes', please indicate how many and for what types of offences. If available, please atta details: The offences						
	Fines						
	Reject shipments						
	Cancelling operators						
	Confiscated shipments						
1.7.5b	Have there been any criminal prosecutions of CITES-related offences?	\boxtimes					
	If 'Yes', how many and for what types of offences? If available,	please at	tach details	:			
1.7.5c	Have there been any other court actions against CITES-related offences?	\boxtimes					
	If 'Yes', what were the offences involved and what were the result	s? Please	attach detai	ls:			
1.7.5d	How were any confiscated specimens disposed of? Tick all that apply						
	− Return to country of export						
	Public zoos or botanical gardens			\boxtimes			
	Designated rescue centres			\boxtimes			
	Approved private facilities						
	– Euthanasia						
	Other (please specify): storage Unit/release program	าร		\boxtimes			
	Have you encountered any challenges in disposing of confiscates, for live confiscated, there are no enough rescue centres.	ited specii	mens?				
	Do you have good practice that you would like to share with ot	her Partie	s?				
	Release of confiscated falcon through Sheikh Zayed Falcon R	elease Pro	ogram				
	Release of houbara birds through international fund for houbara conservation						
	<u>-</u>						
Objective	Parties and the Secretariat have adequate capacity-build Aichi Target 1, Target 12 and Target 19.	ing progra	ammes in pl	ace.			
Indicator 1.8.1: The number of Parties with national and regional training programmes and information resources in place to implement CITES including the making of non-detriment file transport of parties and enforcement.							

issuance of permits and enforcement.

1.8.1a	Do you have information resources or training in place to support: Yes No
	The making of non-detriment findings? \square
	Permit officers?
	Enforcement officers?

1.8.1b	Is the CITES Virtual College used as part of your capacity building work? What improvements could be made in using the Virtual College for capacity building? Identifying the species The knowledge of the CITES management and the enforcement	Yes No No information	
1.8.1c	stuff. Is the ICCWC Wildlife and Forest Crime Toolkit used in the development of capacity-building programmes, or does it form part of the curriculum of such programmes? What improvements could be made in using the ICCWC Toolkit for capacity building?	Yes No No information	

GOAL 2 SECURE THE NECESSARY FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND MEANS FOR THE OPERATION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONVENTION

Objective 2.1 Financial resources are sufficient to ensure operation of the Convention.

Information to be provided through records held by the Secretariat on financial management of the Convention.

Objective 2.2 Sufficient resources are secured at the national and international levels to ensure compliance with and implementation and enforcement of the Convention.

Aichi Target 1, Target 2, Target 3, Target 12, Target 19 and Target 20.

Indicator 2.2.1: The number of Parties with dedicated staff and funding for Management Authorities, Scientific Authorities and wildlife trade enforcement agencies.

2.2.1a	Do you have an approved service standard(s)¹ for your	Yes	\boxtimes
	Management Authority(ies)?	No	
	If 'No', please go to Question 2.2.1d.		
	If 'Yes', for which services are there standards, and what are those standards?	https://www.moca f.gov.ae/en/area- of- focus/government -service-	
		improvement	
	If 'Yes', do you have performance targets for these standards ² ?	Yes	\square
	If 'Yes', what are your performance targets?	No	
		https://www.moca f.gov.ae/en/area- of- focus/government -service-	_
		improvement	
	Do you publish your performance against service standard targets?	Yes No	
	If possible, please provide your performance against service standards during the period covered in this report:	https://www.moca f.gov.ae/en/area- of- focus/government -service- improvement	

For example, a time frame in which you are required to provide a response on a decision to issue or not issue a permit, certificate, or re-export certificate.

² For example, 85% of all decisions will take place within the service standard.

	If you did not meet your performance targets then was this shortfall	V	NI.
	a result of:	Yes	No
	- availability of funding?		
	- number of staff?		
	- a shortage of skills?		\boxtimes
	If 'Yes' to a shortage of skills, which skills do you need more of?		
2.2.1b	Do you have an approved service standard(s) ⁴⁷ for your Scientific Authority(ies)?	Yes	
	If 'No', please go to Question 2.2.1d.	No	Ш
	If 'Yes', for which services are there standards, and what are those standards?	https://www.moca f.gov.ae/en/area-	
		of- focus/government -service- improvement	
	If 'Yes', do you have performance targets for these standards ⁴⁸ ? If 'Yes', what are your performance targets?	Yes No	
		https://www .mocaf.gov.ae/en/ area-of- focus/government -service-	
	If possible, places provide your performance against service	improvement	
	If possible, please provide your performance against service standards during the period covered in this report:		
	If you did not meet your performance targets then was this shortfall a result of:	Yes	No
	availability of funding?		
	– number of staff?		
	– a shortage of skills?		
	If 'Yes' to a shortage of skills, which skills do you need more of?		
2.2.1c	Do you have an approved service standard(s) ⁴⁷ for your enforcement authority(ies)? If 'No', please go to Question 2.2.1d.	Yes No	
	If 'Yes', for which services are there standards, and what are those standards?	https://www.moca f.gov.ae/en/area- of-	
		focus/government -service- improvement	
	If 'Yes', do you have performance targets for these standards ⁴⁸ ? If 'Yes', what are your performance targets?	Yes No	
		https://www.moca f.gov.ae/en/area- of-	
		focus/government -service- improvement	
_	If possible, please provide your performance against service standards during the period covered in this report:		
	If you did not meet your performance targets then was this shortfall a result of:	Yes	No

	availability							
	number of							
	a shortage	of skills?						
	If 'Yes' to a sh							
2.2.1d	Please only complete this question if your answered 'No' to the first part of question 2.2.1a, 2.2.1b, or 2.2.1c, relating to the existence of approved service standards for your authorities:							
	Do you have s	sufficient of the following fo	r your authorities to function	effectively?				
		Management Authority(ies)	Scientific Authority(ies)	Enforcement Authority(ies)				
	Funding?	Yes ⊠ No 🗌	Yes ⊠ No 🗌	Yes ⊠ No 🗌				
	Staff?	Yes ⊠ No 🗌	Yes ⊠ No 🗌	Yes ⊠ No 🗌				
	Skills?	Yes ⊠ No 🗌	Yes ⊠ No 🗌	Yes ⊠ No 🗌				

The number of Parties that have undertaken one or more of the following activities:

- changed the budget for activities;

- hired more staff; Indicator 2.2.2:

- developed implementation tools; purchased technical equipment for implementation, monitoring or enforcement.

2.2.2a	covered in this report to enhance the effectiveness of CITES						
	implementation at the national level?	Tick if applicable					
	Hiring of more staff	\boxtimes					
	Development of implementation tools				\boxtimes		
	Purchase of technical equipment for in	nplementati	on, monitoring	g or enforcemen	t 🖂		
	Other (please specify):						
2.2.2b	During the period covered in this repor budget for your:	t, was the	Increased	Stable	Decreased		
	Management Authority(ies)		\boxtimes				
	Scientific Authority(ies)	\boxtimes					
	Enforcement authorities		\boxtimes				
2.2.2c	Have you been able to use internation development funding assistance to inclevel of implementation of your	Yes	No	Not applicable			
	Management Authority(ies)?			\boxtimes			
	Scientific Authority(ies)?			\boxtimes			
	Enforcement authorities?				\boxtimes		
2.2.2d	What is the respective level of priority the national level through the following		ng the effectiv	eness of CITES	implementation at		
	Activity	High	Medium	Low	Not a Priority		
	Hiring of more staff	\boxtimes					
	Development of implementation tools	\boxtimes					
	Purchase of new technical equipment for implementation, monitoring or enforcement	\boxtimes					
	e-permitting	\boxtimes					
	Other (please specify):						

2.2.2e	Do you have a operational system (e.g. electronic database) for managing	Yes	Under development	No
	Species information	\boxtimes		
	Trade information	\boxtimes		
	Non-detriment findings			\boxtimes

Indicator 2.2.3: The number of Parties raising funds for CITES implementation through user fees or other mechanisms.

2.2.3a		all that are appli	
	Administrative procedures		\boxtimes
	 Issuance of CITES documents (e.g. for import, exports, re-export, or intro the sea) 	duction from	
	 Shipment clearance (e.g. for the import, export, re-export, or introduction of CITES-listed species) 	from the sea	
	Licensing or registration of operations that produce CITES species		\boxtimes
	Harvesting of CITES-listed species		
	Use of CITES-listed species		
	Assignment of quotas for CITES-listed species		
	Other (please specify):		
2.2.3b	Is a fee schedule publicly available?	Yes ⊠ N	0 🗌
	If 'Yes', please provide an internet link, or a copy of the schedule to the Secre	tariat:	
	The fees shown in each service		
	https://www.moccae.gov.ae/en/our-services.aspx		
2.2.3c	Have revenues from fees been used for the implementation of CITES or wildl		
		Entirely	\boxtimes
		Partly	
		Not at all	
		Not relevant	
2.2.3d		Yes	No
	Do you raise funds for CITES management through charging user fees?		\boxtimes
	Do your fees recover the full economic cost of issuing permits?	\boxtimes	
	Do you have case studies on charging or using fees?		\boxtimes
	If 'Yes' to any of the above, please provide brief details:		
	Do you use innovative financial mechanisms to raise funds for CITES implementation?	П	\boxtimes
	If 'Yes', please provide brief details:		

Indicator 2.2.4: The number of Parties using incentive measures as part of their implementation of the Convention.

2.2.4a	Do you use incentive measures¹ such as those described in CoP14 Doc 14.32 to implement the							
	Convention?	YesNo						
	Due diligence							
	Compensatory mechanisms							

Defined as 'Social and economic incentives that promote and regulate sustainable management of and responsible trade in, wild flora and flora and promote effective enforcement of the Convention'. The intent of such measures is not to promote wildlife trade as such, but rather to ensure that any wildlife trade undertaken is conducted in a sustainable manner.

	Certification
	Communal property rights
	Auctioning of quotas
	Cost recovery or environmental charges
	Enforcement incentives \square
	If 'Yes' to any of the above, or if you use other measures, please provide a summary or link to further information:
2.2.4b	Have incentives harmful to biodiversity been eliminated? Not at all
	Very little□
	Somewhat⊠
	Completely

Objective 2.3 Sufficient resources are secured at the national and international levels to implement capacity-building programmes.

Aichi Target 12, Target 19 and Target 20.

Indicator 2.3.1: The number of capacity building activities mandated by Resolutions and Decisions that are fully funded.

2.3.1a	, , , ,			Withou from th Secreta	е	stance Conducted or assisted by the Secretariat	
			(lone 1 2-5 6-10 1-20			
		ľ	More tha	an 20			
	Please list the Resolutions or Decisions	involve	d:				
2.3.1b	What sorts of capacity building activities Workshops	s have ta	aken pla	ice?			
2.3.1c	What capacity building needs do you ha	ave?					
	Please tick all boxes which apply to indicate which target group and which activity. Target group	Oral or written advice/guidance	Technical assistance	Financial assistance	Training	Other (specify)	Details
	Staff of Management Authority	\boxtimes	\boxtimes		\boxtimes		
	Staff of Scientific Authority	\boxtimes					
	Staff of enforcement authorities				\boxtimes		
	Traders / other user groups	\boxtimes					
	NGOs						
	Public						
	Other (please specify)						

An activity might be a single day training e.g. for a group of staff from the Management Authority, or a longer course / project undertaken by an individual.

GOAL 3CONTRIBUTE TO SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCING THE RATE OF BIODIVERSITY LOSS AND TO ACHIEVING RELEVANT GLOBALLY-AGREED GOALS AND TARGETS BY ENSURING THAT CITES AND OTHER MULTILATERAL INSTRUMENTS AND PROCESSES ARE COHERENT AND MUTUALLY SUPPORTIVE

Objective 3.1 Cooperation between CITES and international financial mechanisms and other related institutions is enhanced in order to support CITES-related conservation and sustainable development projects, without diminishing funding for currently prioritized activities.

Aichi Target 2 and Target 20.

Indicator 3.1.1: The number of Parties funded by international financial mechanisms and other related institutions to develop activities that include CITES-related conservation and sustainable development elements.

3.1.1a	Has funding from international financial mechanisms and other related institutions been used to develop activities that include CITES-related conservation and sustainable development elements?	Yes No Not applicable No information	
	If 'Yes', please provide brief details:		
3.1.1b	During the period covered in this report, has funding for your country from international funding mechanisms and other related institutions:	Increased Remained stable Decreased	

Indicator 3.1.2: The number of countries and institutions that have provided additional funding from CITES Authorities to another country or activity for conservation and sustainable development projects in order to further the objectives of the Convention.

3.1.2a	Have you provided technical or financial assistance to another country or countries in relation to CITES?						Yes \Boxed \Boxen \Boxed \Boxed \Boxed \Boxed \Boxed \Boxed \Boxed \Boxed \Boxe	
	If 'Yes', please tick boxes to indicate type of assistance provided Country(ies)	Species Management¹	Habitat Management²	Sustainable use	Law Enforcement	Livelihoods	Other (specify)	Details (provide more information in an Appendix if necessary)
	Oman				\boxtimes			
	Morocco	\boxtimes			\boxtimes			
	Kuwait		\boxtimes					

Use species conservation column for work directly related to species – e.g. population surveys, education programmes, conflict resolution, etc.

Use habitat conservation column for work that will indirectly support species conservation – e.g. habitat management, development of policy frameworks for how land is managed, etc.

Objective 3.2 Awareness of the role and purpose of CITES is increased globally. Aichi Target 1, Target 4, Target 12 and Target 18.

Indicator 3.2.1: The number of Parties that have been involved in CITES awareness raising activities to bring about better awareness by the wider public and relevant user groups of the Convention requirements.

3.2.1a	Have CITES authorities been involved in any of the following		Relevant
J.Z. 1d	Have CITES authorities been involved in any of the following activities to bring about better awareness of the Convention's		User
	requirements by the wider public and relevant user groups?	Wider public	Groups
	- Press conferences	\boxtimes	
	- Press releases	\boxtimes	
	Newspaper articles, brochures, leaflets	\boxtimes	
	Television appearances	\boxtimes	
	Radio appearances	\boxtimes	
	- Presentations	\boxtimes	
	Public consultations / meetings	\boxtimes	
	Market surveys	\boxtimes	
	- Displays	\boxtimes	
	Information at border crossing points	\boxtimes	
	Telephone hotline	\boxtimes	
	Website(s) – if so please provide link(s)	\boxtimes	
	www.moccae.gov.ae		
	www.ead.ae		
	Other (specify):		
	Please attach copies of any items or describe examples:		
	https://www.moccae.gov.ae/assets/download/abcaa9ea/الكاركان/pdf.aspx?view=true		
	https://www.ead.ae/Publications/UAE%20CITES%20Handbook%2		
	OCommon%20CITES%20%20Non%20CITES%20Species%20in		
	%20Trade/UAE-CITES-Handbook-Eng+Ar%20(1).pdf		
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bo_XcjsXPgc		
	https://www.instagram.com/moccaeuae/		
	https://twitter.com/MoCCaEUAE		

Indicator 3.2.2: The number of visits to the CITES website.

3.2.2a	How regularly do your Authorities consult the CITES website?					
	Please tick boxes to indicate the most frequent usage (decide on an average amongst staff if necessary). Target group	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Less frequently	Not known
	Staff of Management Authority	\boxtimes				
	Staff of Scientific Authority					
	Staff of enforcement authorities	\boxtimes				

3.2.2b	What has been your experience with using the CITES website?	Excellent			
		Good			
		Average			
		Poor			
		Very Poor			
		No information			
	Any further comments on the CITES Website? (e.g. useful aspects, a which authorities find which functions/tools most useful, what is missi	•	ered,		
	 The species database which was updated is now more difficult to us more user-friendly. 	e. The older version wa	as		
	 Must update some Notification such as the Creating a page for contain updated information about establishments and individuals to contact for advice and guidance for Rescue center according 				
	-Some National CITES Authorities did not have email address.				

Indicator 3.2.3: The number of Parties with web pages on CITES and its requirements.

A question relating to this indicator is within question 3.2.1a.

Objective 3.3 Cooperation with relevant international environmental, trade and development organizations is enhanced.

Indicator 3.3.1 The number of Parties which report that they have achieved synergies in their implementation of CITES, other biodiversity-related conventions and other relevant multilateral environmental, trade and development agreements.

3.3.1a	Have measures been taken to achieve coordination and reduce duplication of activities between the national CITES authorities and national focal points for other multilateral environmental agreements (e.g. the other biodiversity-related conventions: CBD, CMS, ITPGR, Ramsar, WHC) ¹ to which your country is party?	Yes No No information	
	If 'Yes', please give a brief description:		
	Working as a team between the national focal points for other multilater agreements as each one of them know the subject and the issues of other		

Indicator 3.3.2: The number of biodiversity conservation or sustainable use projects, trade and development goals, or scientific and technical programmes that integrate CITES requirements.

3.3.2a	How many international projects which integrate CITES issues has your country contributed towards?		
3.3.2b	In addition to 3.2.2a, how many national level projects has your country implemented which integrate CITES issues?		
3.3.2c	Have there been any efforts at a national scale for your CITES Management or Scientific Authorities to collaborate with:	Yes	No
	Agencies for development?	\boxtimes	
	Agencies for trade?	\boxtimes	
	Provincial, state or territorial authorities?	\boxtimes	
	Local authorities or communities?	\boxtimes	
	Indigenous or local peoples?	\boxtimes	
	Trade or other private sector associations?	\boxtimes	
	NGOs?	\boxtimes	
	Other (please specify)		
3.3.2d	Are CITES requirements integrated into?	Yes	No
	National and local development strategies?	\boxtimes	
	National and local poverty reduction strategies?	\boxtimes	
	Planning processes?	\boxtimes	
	National accounting?	\boxtimes	

CBD = Convention on Biological Diversity; CMS = Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals, ITPGR = International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture, Ramsar = The Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, WHC = World Heritage Convention.

Indicator 3.3.3: The number of Parties cooperating / collaborating with intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to participate in and/or fund CITES workshops and other training and capacity-building activities.

3.3.3a	Has funding been provided or received to facilitate CITES workshops, training or other capacity building activities to / from:	Tick if applicable	Which organizations?
	Inter-governmental organizations?		
	Non-governmental organizations?		

Objective 3.4 The contribution of CITES to the relevant Millennium Development Goals, the sustainable development goals set at WSSD, the *Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020* and the relevant *Aichi Biodiversity Targets*, and the relevant outcomes of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development is strengthened by ensuring that international trade in wild fauna and flora is conducted at sustainable levels.

This objective may also be assessed by a variety of means beyond the reporting format, including action taken to implement many of the CITES resolutions and decisions.

Aichi Target 1, Target 2, Target 3, Target 4, Target 5, Target 6, Target 7, Target 12, Target 14, Target 17, Target 18 and Target 19.

Indicator 3.4.1: The conservation status of species listed on the CITES Appendices has stabilized or improved.

3.4.1a	of naturally	e data which shows that the conservation status occurring species in your country listed on the endices has stabilized or improved?	Yes	No	Not Applicable	
		Appendix I	\boxtimes			
		Appendix II	\boxtimes			
		Appendix III	\boxtimes			
		such studies that you are willing to share, please noccae.gov.ae/arcgis/apps/PublicGallery/index.htm		9c96aa7	7094df1923bb8c	
	Species name (scientific)	Link to the data, or a brief summary				
	Marine Mammals	https://gis.moccae.gov.ae/arcgis/apps/MapJourn	nal/index.htm	ıl?appid=	=77c2539c3bb740	1f9893531d
Sea Snake https://gis.moccae.gov.ae/arcgis/apps/MapSeries/index.html?appid=3ad56ff0b4924					3ad56ff0b492426e	87dda00e4d
	Marine Turtles	https://gis.moccae.gov.ae/arcgis/apps/MapJourn	nal/index.htm	ıl?appid=	=0c39f8dabc1943€	e8b5ee6d713
	Marine and Terrestrial Herps	https://gis.moccae.gov.ae/arcgis/apps/MapSerie	es/index.html	?appid=9	947865f44ca4440l	baa3acc963a
	Marine and Terrestrials Mammals	https://gis.moccae.gov.ae/arcgis/apps/MapSerie	es/index.html	?appid=	14ded69fa70a467	5bb54581db
3.4.1b		e examples of specific examples of success merging problems with any CITES listed	Yes No No inforr	nation		
	If 'Yes', plea	se provide details:				
Arabian oryx formerly occurred in the deserts of the western UAE. The late Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan Al Nahyan, former President of the UAE,						

found a valuable breeding herd of oryx in Abu Dhabi that has furnished stock for reintroductions. Currently, two reintroductions of Arabian oryx in the UAE are well documented including the Arabian oryx release in the Dubai Desert Conservation Reserve and the Arabian oryx reintroduction in the Abu Dhabi Emirate. There are other oryx breeding herds in the UAE including Al Ain Zoo, Sharja's Breeding Centre for Endangered Arabian Wildlife, and several more private collections in Abu Dhabi and Dubai. Recent records showed that UAE hosts more than 7000 Arabian oryx. Over 40 years ago the founder of the UAE, the late Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan Al Nahyan, noted the decline of Houbara numbers in the wild. A committed environmentalist, Sheikh Zayed initiated Abu Dhabi's Houbara conservation programme in the 1970s based on a vision to sustain wildlife through the preservation of heritage and underpinned by principles that promote sustainability and maintain ecological balance. This was to be achieved by advancing knowledge and understanding of the species and applying the latest scientific capabilities and techniques to breed Houbara in captivity and release them into the wild to support and conserve wild populations of Houbara across its entire range. Recent recodes show that the number of birds produced in captivity has reached more than 590,000 houbara since 1996.

Indicator 3.4.2: The number of Parties incorporating CITES into their National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (NBSAP).

3.4.2a	Has CITES been incorporated into your country's National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (NBSAP)?	Yes No No information	
3.4.2b	Have you been able to obtain funds from the Global Environment Facility (GEF) or other sources to support CITES aspects of NBSAP implementation?	Yes No No information	

Objective 3.5	Parties and the Secretariat cooperate with other relevant international organizations and agreements dealing with natural resources, as appropriate, in order to achieve a coherent and collaborative approach to species which can be endangered by unsustainable trade, including
	those which are commercially exploited.
	Aichi Target 2, Target 4, Target 5, Target 6, Target 7, Target 10, Target 12, Target 14 and Target 19.

Indicator 3.5.1: The number of cooperative actions taken under established bilateral or multilateral agreements to prevent species from being unsustainably exploited through international trade.

3.5.1a	Has your country taken action under established bilateral or multilateral agreements other than CITES to prevent species from being unsustainably exploited through international trade? If 'Yes', please provide details: The bilateral agreements in houbara and falcon conservations	Yes No No information	
--------	---	-----------------------------	--

Indicator 3.5.2: The number of times other relevant international organizations and agreements dealing with natural resources are consulted on issues relevant to species subject to unsustainable trade.

3.5.2a	Average number of times per year that international organizations or agreements have been consulted by CITES Authorities	Once	2-5 times	6-20 times	More than 20 times	No consultation	Optional comment about which organizations and issues consulted on
	Management Authority(ies)		\boxtimes				
	Scientific Authority(ies)	\boxtimes					
	Enforcement Authority(ies)		\boxtimes				

General feedback

Please provide any additional comments you would like to make, including comments on this format.

ltem		
Copy of full text of CITES-relevant legislation if changed	Enclosed	
Web link(s)	Not available	
https://www.moccae.gov.ae/assets/download/5ac97a0/L11- 02%20Eng.pdf.aspx?view=true	Previously provided	\boxtimes
Please list any materials annexed to the report, e.g. fee schedules, awareness raising materials, etc:		
The location and materials armoxed to the report, e.g. 100 consequence, awareness raising materials, ste.		
https://www.moccae.gov.ae/assets/download/805017ca/CITES.pdf.aspx?view=true		
https://www.moccae.gov.ae/assets/download/6913eebf/الصقور -في-دولة-الإمارات-العربية-المتحدة.pdf.aspx?view=true		
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bo_XcjsXPgc		
https://www.instagram.com/moccaeuae/		
https://twitter.com/MoCCaEUAE		
https://www.moccae.gov.ae/assets/download/abcaa9ea/اتفاقية 20% السايتس 20% 1.pdf.aspx?view=true		
https://www.ead.ae/Publications/UAE%20CITES%20Handbook%20Common%20CITES%20Non%20CITES%20Species%20in%20Trade/UAE-CITES-Handbook-Eng+Ar%20(1).pdf		
The fees shown in each service		
https://www.moccae.gov.ae/en/our-services.aspx		
Have any constraints to implementation of the Convention arisen in your country requiring attention or assistance?	n Yes No	
	No Information	
If 'Yes', please describe the constraint and the type of attention or assistance that is required.		
Are there examples of good practice you would like to share with other Yes		
Parties?	No.	
	No Information	\Box
If 'Yes' please provide details / links:		_
https://www.moccae.gov.ae/assets/download/a39d4315/EN NPOA for SHARKS.pdf.aspx?view=true		
https://www.moccae.gov.ae/assets/download/d962a50/National%20Biodiversity%20Strategy%202014-		
2021.pdf.aspx?view=true		
The breeding of Houbara		
http://www.houbarafund.org/en/		
How could this report format be improved?		
The new format is long.		

Thank you for completing the report. Please remember to include relevant attachments referred to in the report when it is submitted to the Secretariat.