A. General information

Party	United Kingdom
Period covered in this report:	1 January 2007 to 31 December 2008
Details of agency preparing this report	UK Management Authority
Contributing agencies, organizations or individuals	Scientific Authorities- JNCC (Fauna), Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew (Flora), Enforcement Authorities (Defra, HM Revenue and Customs, UK Border Agency (UKBA) the Police Authorities)

B. Legislative and regulatory measures

1	Has information on CITES-i under the CITES National L			eady been provided	Yes (f Yes (p	•		
	If yes, ignore questions 2, 3	-			No	Jailiy)		
	in yes, ignore questions 2, e					formation	n/unknown	Щ
					NO III	iomanoi	I/UIIKIIOWII	
2	If your country has planned following details:	ed, drafted	or enacted	d any CITES-rele	vant legisla	ation, pl	ease provide th	ne
	Title and date: Statutory Statutory Instrument 200 Control of Trade in End (Enforcement) (Amendm 2007	07, No 295 dangered S	52 The Species	Status: Came into fo	rce 10 Nov	ember 20	007	
	Brief description of contents: These Regulations amend the Control of Trade in Endangered Species (Enforcement) Regulations 1997 by replacing the reference to Commission Regulation (EC) No. 939/97 with a reference to the current Commission Regulation (Commission Regulation (EC) No. 865/2006, OJ No. L166, 19.6.2006, p. 1) and making consequential changes to references to Article numbers of that Regulation. A copy of the regulation can be found at:							
	http://www.opsi.gov.uk/s							
3	Is enacted legislation availal	ole in one of	f the worki	ng languages of the				
	Convention?				No			
					No inf	formation	1	
4	If yes, please attach a copy of provisions that were gazette		gislative te	ext or key legislative	provid	tion attac ed previo ailable, w		
5	Which of the following issu- your country has adopted fo	r CITES-list	ted species		neasures th	at Ticl	k all applicable	e
	(in accordance with Article			*	T			
			The condit	ions for:	The co	omplete	prohibition of:	:
	Issue	Yes	No	No information	Yes	No	No informati	ion
	Trade	\boxtimes			\boxtimes			
	Taking	\boxtimes			\boxtimes			
	Possession	\boxtimes		¥	\square			
	Transport					\boxtimes		
	Other (specify)	\boxtimes			\boxtimes			

Additional comments

Some bird species listed on CITES must be registered with the department and the taking and sale of native birds and animal species needs a license under UK conservation legislation.

Other UK legislation such as the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (WCA) makes it illegal to trade in certain species including all cetaceans [S. 9(5)(a) WCA] and also the Habitats Regs make it an offence to, sell or exchange, or offer for sale or exchange any live or dead cetacean, or any part of or anything derived from one – R. 39(2).

More information is available at;

http://www.defra.gov.uk/wildlife-pets/wildlife/protect/bird-habitat/amend.htm and http://www.defra.gov.uk/wildlife-pets/wildlife/protect/documents/habitat-reg.pdf and a list of CITES species protected by the Habitats Regs is attached.

6	What were the results of any review or assessment of the effectiveness of CITES legislation, with regard to the following items?							
	Item Adequate Partially Inadequate No							
	Powers of CITES authorities							
	Clarity of legal obligations		\square					
	Control over CITES trade		\square					
	Consistency with existing policy on wildlife management and use							
	Coverage of law for all types of offences							
	Coverage of law for all types of penalties							
	Implementing regulations							
	Coherence within legislation							
	Other (please specify):							
	The study also incorporated a review of illegal specimens. A review of sanction place in 2011.							
7	If no review or assessment has taken pl	ace, is one planne	d for the next	Yes	\boxtimes			
	reporting period?			No				
					information			
	Please provide details if available: A re Regulations (COTES) which enforces (CITES in the UK	started in 2009.					
8	Has there been any review of legislatio relation to implementation of the Conve		-	Tick al	l applicable			
	Subject		Yes	No	No information			
	Access to or ownership of natural resou	irces						
	Harvesting							
	Transporting of live specimens							
	Handling and housing of live specimen	S						
	Please provide details if available:							
9	Please provide details of any additional	measures taken:						

C. Compliance and enforcement measures

		Yes	No	No information	on
1	Have any of the following compliance monitoring operations been und	dertaken?			
	Review of reports and other information provided by traders and producers:	\boxtimes			
	Inspections of traders, producers, markets	\boxtimes			
	Border controls	\boxtimes			
	Other (specify)				
2	Have any administrative measures (e.g., fines, bans, suspensions) been imposed for CITES-related violations?				
3	If Yes, please indicate how many and for what types of violations? If a Annex.	available,	please attach	details as	
4	Have any significant seizures, confiscations and forfeitures of CITES specimens been made?				
5	If information available:		Numb	er	
	⊠ Significant seizures/confiscations		\boxtimes		
	☐ Total seizures/confiscations		\boxtimes		
	If possible, please specify per group of species or attach details on		Total seizu	ires are	
	annex. Details attached		2007 =	360	
			2008 =	431	
6	Have there been any criminal prosecutions of significant CITES-related violations?				
7	If Yes, how many and for what types of violations? If available, please	e attach de	tails as Ann	ex.A	
8	Have there been any other court actions of CITES-related violations?				
9	If Yes, what were the violations involved and what were the results? Please	attach deta	ils as Annex.		
10	How were the confiscated specimens generally disposed of?		Т	ick if applica	able
	Return to country of export				
	Public zoos or botanical gardens				\boxtimes
	Designated rescue centres				\supseteq
	Approved, private facilities			[\boxtimes
	EuthanasiaOther (specify)				\exists
	Comments:			L	
11	Has your country provided to the Secretariat detailed informati	on on	Yes		\boxtimes
	significant cases of illegal trade (e.g. through an ECOMESSAGE	E or	No	[
	other means), or information on convicted illegal traders and persistent offenders?		Not appli	cable [
	persistent offenders.		No inforn	г	
	Comments: UKBA have used eco-messages.				
12	Has your country been involved in cooperative enforcement activities	with	Yes		\boxtimes
	other countries		No	[
	(e.g. exchange of intelligence, technical support, investigative assistant	ice,	No informa	ation [

	joint operation, etc.)?		
13	If Yes, please give a brief description:		
	Zambia: Enquiries into seizures of live tortoises made in UK.		
	Ghana: Enquiries into seizures of live tortoises made in UK.		
	Republic of Ireland: Identification of detained specimens.		
	Macedonia: Enquiries into seizures of seized tortoises made into UK. Details processideration.	bassed to M.A. for	
	New Zealand: Operations on Reptile smuggling.		
	U.S.A: Considerable dialogue concerning permit validity and legislation.		
	France: exchange of information concerning ivory seizure.		
	Netherlands: Joint operation on export of ivory.		
	EU. All interesting seizures disseminated via EU Twix alert system.		
	Germany: Joint operation regarding reptile smuggling.		
	Sweden: Joint operation regarding reptile smuggling.		
	Czech Republic: Intelligence exchange regarding seized reptiles		
	Switzerland: Intelligence exchange on traders.		
	South Korea: exchange of information concerning CITES permits.		
	Cayman Islands: Technical cooperation.		
	Brazil: Technical cooperation regarding disposal of seized specimens.		
	South Africa: Information exchange regarding seized specimens and CITES pe	rmit irregularities	
	The UK National Wildlife Crime Unit (NWCU) have used Interpol to circulate	e intelligence	
14	Has your country offered any incentives to local communities to assist in the	Yes	
	enforcement of CITES legislation, e.g. leading to the arrest and conviction of offenders?	No	\boxtimes
	offenders.	No information	
15	If Yes, please describe:		
16	Has there been any review or assessment of CITES-related enforcement?	Yes	\boxtimes
		No	
		Not applicable	
		No information	
	Comments: NWCU undertake an annual wildlife crime Strategic Assess and assesses the current threats posed by criminals involved in all types of wildlife crime priorities have been agreed, annual operation plans are drapriority. The illegal trade in CITES species was identified as a UK wildle 2008 (and continues to be so). NWCU sit on a multi – agency 'High Level Group' (HLG) which is mad agencies including police and customs. The HLG provides the enforcem crime in the UK	of wildlife crime. On wn up to tackle each ife priority in 2007 a e up of UK enforcer	nce n and ment
17	Please provide details of any additional measures taken: During 2007-08, and a assessment, the UK Border Agency targeted five CITES priority areas – tortois medicines, ramin and caviar. These priority areas were specifically identified in plan.	ses, ivory, traditional	

D. Administrative measures

D1 Management Authority (MA)

1	Have there been any changes in the designation of or contact information	Yes	Ш
	for the MA(s) in your country which are not yet reflected in the CITES	No	\boxtimes
	Directory?	No information	
2	If Yes, please use the opportunity to provide those changes here.		
3	If there is more than one MA in your country, has a lead MA been	Yes	\boxtimes
	designated?	No	
		No information	
4	If Yes, please name that MA and indicate whether it is identified as the lead Two Government bodies make up the UK CITES MA, the Department for Example 1. Affairs (Defra) that deals with CITES policy issues and Animal Health, Wild Service – who undertake licensing activities for the UK.	nvironment Food and R	ural
5	How many staff work in each MA? 7.5 in the CITES policy team and 33 in C	CITES licensing	
6	Can you estimate the percentage of time they spend on CITES related	Yes	\boxtimes
	matters?	No	
		No information	
	If yes, please give estimation 75%		
7	What are the skills/expertise of staff within the MA(s)?	Tick if ap	·
	– Administration		\boxtimes
	– Biology		
	Economics/trade		
	– Law/policy		\boxtimes
	- Other (specify)		
	 No information 		
8	Have the MA(s) undertaken or supported any research activities in relation to	Yes	
	CITES species or technical issues (e.g. labelling, tagging, species	No	
	identification) not covered in D2(8) and D2(9)?	No information	
9	If Yes, please give the species name and provide details of the kind of research	ch involved.	
	Forensic identification of CITES listed timber and wood products (see		
	http://randd.defra.gov.uk/Default.aspx?Menu=Menu&Module=More&Locat		
	FromSearch=Y&Publisher=1&SearchText=CITES&SortString=ProjectCode <u>Description</u> for more information on the project)	&SortOrder=Asc&Pag	<u>ing=10#</u>
	<u>Description</u> for more information on the project)		
10	Please provide details of any additional measures taken		
	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		

D2 Scientific Authority (SA)

1	Have there been any changes in the designation of or contact information for the SA(s) in your country which are not yet reflected in the CITES Directory?	Yes No No information	
2	If Yes, please use the opportunity to provide those changes here.	140 information	
3	Has your country designated a Scientific Authority independent from the Management Authority? The UK has 2 Scientific Authorities - Joint Nature Conservation Committee (JNCC) (fauna) and Royal Botanic Gardens Kew (flora)	Yes No No information	
4	What is the structure of the SA(s) in your country? - Government institution - JNCC - Academic or research institution - RBG Kew - Permanent committee - Pool of individuals with certain expertise	Tick if a	pplicable
5	 Other (specify) How many staff work in each SA on CITES issues? RBG Kew 3.6, JNCC 4.2 	(total 7.8)	Ш
6	Can you estimate the percentage of time they spend on CITES related matters? If yes, please give estimation; RBG Kew, 3 @ 100%, 1 @ 60% JNCC, 3 staff @ 100%, 1 staff@ 80%, 1 staff@ 40%	Yes No No information	
7	What are the skills/expertise of staff within the SA(s)?	Tick if a	pplicable
	 Botany - Kew Ecology-JNCC Fisheries-JNCC Forestry - Kew Welfare captive husbandry - JNCC Zoology-JNCC Other (specify)-JNCC sustainable use/production systems Kew - capacity building, artificial propagation, plant trade issues, sustainable use, taxonomy and nomenclature, horticulture, wood anatomy, DNA techniques - Kew) No information 		
8	Have any research activities been undertaken by the SA(s) in relation to CITES species?	Yes No No information	

9	If Yes, please g	give the species n	ame and provide d	letails of th	e kind of resear	rch involved.				
	Species name	Populations	Distribution	Off take	Legal trade	Illegal trade	Other (specify)			
	Aves, diurnal raptors	Guinea	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	checklist			
	Corals	Fiji, Tonga, Samoa, Vanuatu	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	checklist			
	Testuinid	No	No	No	No	No	Study into alternative forms of marking testuinids			
	etc.					No informati				
10	Have any project proposals for scientific research been submitted to the Secretariat under Resolution Conf. 12.2? No information No information No information									
11	Please provide research in Geo	•	ditional measures	taken: Tim	ber trade, wood	identification (ra	ımin), bulb			
D3	Enforcement Au	thorities								
1	To date, has your country advised the Secretariat of any enforcement authorities that have been designated for the receipt of confidential enforcement information related to CITES? No information									
2	If No, please de	esignate them her	e (with address, p	hone, fax a	nd email).					
3	related enforcer		pecialized unit rest the wildlife depart e)?			Yes No Under considera No information	tion			
4	If Yes, please s	tate which is the	lead agency for er	nforcement	<u> </u>	110 Information				
	enforcement at	the borders. UK	a) which includes to BA have a dedica S operational enfo	ted CITES	team based at I	Heathrow Airport				
5	Crime Unit. Mo partners in Ope	ost UK police for ration Charm wh	litional measures ces have police w ich is an initiative nforcement and pu	ildlife crim against the	e officers and to e illegal trade in	he Metropolitan I	Police are			
D4	Communication,	, information ma	nagement and ex	change						
1	To what extent	is CITES inform	ation in your coun	itry compu	terized?	Tie	ck if applicable			
	– Monitor	ring and reporting	g of data on legal t	rade			\boxtimes			
	ł		g of data on illegal	trade						
	– Permit i									
	- Not at a									
	– Other (s	pecity)								

2	Do the following authorities have access to the Internet?							Tick if appli	cable
	Authority	Yes, continuous and unrestricted access	Yes, but only through a dial-up connection	Yes, but only through a different office	Some offices only	Not at all		ide details wher propriate	e
	Management Authority								
	Scientific Authority	\boxtimes							
	Enforcement Authority								
3	Do you have an electron	onic info	ormation sys	stem provi	ding info	ormation	on CITES Yes	;	\boxtimes
	species?						No		
							No	information	Ш
4	If Yes, does it provid				1) 0			Tick if appli	
	- Legislation (na		•			.0			
-	Conservation sOther (please s		•						\boxtimes
5	Is it available through			to trauers a	iiiu taxo	пошу	Yes	,	
	Please provide URL: 1 crime/cites/about.htm http://www.defra.gov.	http://ww	vw.defra.go		ife-pets/	wildlife/t	No	applicable information	
6	Do the following auth	orities ha	ave access t	to the follo	wing pu	blication	s?	Tick if applica	able
	Pul	olication				gement nority	Scientific Authority	Enforceme Authority	
	2003 Checklist of CIT	ES Speci	ies (book)			\boxtimes		\boxtimes	
	2003 Checklist of CIT Appendices (CD-ROM		ies and Ann	otated		X			
	Identification Manual								
	CITES Handbook								
7	If not, what problems	have bee	en encounte	red to acce	ess to the	e mention	ed information?		
8	Have enforcement aut	horities 1	reported to	the Manag	ement A	uthority	on:	Tick if appli	icable
-	− Mortality in transport?								
	 Seizures and c 								
	Discrepancy in nur Comments:	mber of i	items in per	mit and nu	ımber of	items ac	tually traded?		
9	Comments: Is there a government	websito	with inform	nation on C	TTFC	nd its	Yes		\boxtimes
	requirements?	WOOSILC	with infolli	intion on C	ailay ai	10 10	No		
								formation	

I	If Ver places sine the LIDL.				
	If Yes, please give the URL:	.:4/:			
	http://www.defra.gov.uk/wildlife-pets/wildlife/trade-crime/c	cites/index.nt	ım		
	http://www.defra.gov.uk/animalhealth/CITES/.	. A 1 1/D			
	http://www.direct.gov.uk/en/TravelAndTransport/TravellinggoodsorcashintotheUK/DG 177075	gAbroad/Brii	nging		
	http://customs.hmrc.gov.uk/channelsPortalWebApp/channel	lsPortalWeb	App.p		
	ortal? nfpb=true& pageLabel=pageExcise ShowContent& 01568&propertyType=document				
10	Have CITES authorities been involved in any of the following	ng activities	to	Tick if app	licable
	bring about better accessibility to and understanding of the C requirements to the wider public?	Convention's			
	 Press releases/conferences 				\boxtimes
	Newspaper articles, radio/television appearances				\boxtimes
	 Brochures, leaflets 				\boxtimes
	- Presentations		7		
	– Displays				\boxtimes
	 Information at border crossing points 				\boxtimes
	– Telephone hotline – <i>Customs hotline</i>				
	- Other (specify) – attendance at public shows				\boxtimes
	Please attach copies of any items as Annex.				
11	Please provide details of any additional measures taken: A s Office of Information (COI) in March 2008 to assess public attached	•		•	ntral
D5	Permitting and registration procedures				
1	Have any changes in permit format or the designation and sig empowered to sign CITES permits/certificates been reported Secretariat?			Yes No Not applicable No information	
	If no, please provide details of any:			140 Information	Ш
	Changes in permit format:				
	Changes in designation or signatures of relevant officials staff employed by the CITES licensing team in Animal Healt		nember of	_	
2	To date, has your country developed written permit procedur following?	-	the	Tick if applicable	
		Yes	No	No informati	on
	Permit issuance/acceptance				
	Registration of traders Registration of producers				***************************************
	Registration of producers	I IXI	1 1 1	1 1	

3	Please indicate how many CITES documents were issued or denied in the two year period?						
	(Note that actual trade is normal documents).	lly reported in the	Annual Re	port by Part	ies. This qu	uestion refers to iss	ued
	Year 1	Import or introduction from the sea	Export	Re-export	Other	Comment	S
	How many documents were issued?	13528	2231	8263	29464	Other = EC Certi	ficates
	How many applications were denied because of severe ommissions or misinformation?	123	8	29	293		
	Year 2 How many documents were issued?	17537	1927	7663	24180		
	How many applications were denied because of severe ommissions or misinformation?	179	4	41	224		
4	Were any CITES documents the of severe ommissions or mis-in		cancelled	and replace	d because	Yes No No information	
5	If Yes, please give the reasons	for this.					
6	Please give the reasons for recountries.		documen	ts from oth	ier	Tick if applicable	e
	Re	ason		Yes	. No	No informat	ion
	Technical violations						
	Suspected fraud						
	Insufficient basis for finding of	non-detriment					
	Insufficient basis for finding of						
	Other (specify)	regar acquisition					
7	Are harvest and/or export quota	ıs as a managemeni	t tool in the	e procedure	for	Yes	
,	issuance of permits?	is us a management	t tool in the	procedure	101	No	
	•					No information	
	Comments Not applicable – no	UK quotas as vet				1,0 1111011111111011	
8	How many times has the Scient		requested	to provide o	oninions? 1	1128	
	Tion many times has the serent	ine riamonty econ	requested	to provide .	opinions. I	1120	
	Applications covering 39438 sp	ecimens					
9	Has the Management Authority related CITES activities?		ermit issua	ance, registra	ation or	Tick if ap	plicable
	 Issuance of CITES doc 	uments:					\boxtimes
	 Licensing or registration 	n of operations tha	t produce	CITES speci	ies:		
	 Harvesting of CITES-li 	sted species:					
	 Use of CITES-listed sp 	ecies: Commercial	use				\boxtimes
	 Assignment of quotas f 						
	 Importing of CITES-list 	ted species:					\boxtimes
	- Other (specify):						
10	If Yes, please provide the amou A full list of fees is attached to		, R				·
11	Have revenues from fees been to	•		of CITES on		Tick if ap	nlicable
11	wildlife conservation?	iscu for the impleff	iciitati011 0	a CIIES OF		тек п ар	piicable
	- Entirely:						П
	Partly:						\boxtimes
	Not at all:						

	– Not relevant:								
	Comments:								
12	Please provide details of any additional measurement	sures tak	en:						
D6	Capacity building								
1	Have any of the following activities been us CITES implementation at the national level		n to enha	ance effe	ectiven	ess of	f Tick if applicable		
	Increased budget for activities		Impro netwo	vement o	of natio	onal			
	Hiring of more staff			ase of tec oring/enf			pment for		
	Development of implementation tools	\boxtimes	Comp	uterisatio	on				
	- Other (specify)								
2	Have the CITES authorities in your country been the <i>recipient</i> of any of the following capacity building activities provided by external sources?								
	Please tick boxes to indicate which target group and which activity. Target group	Oral or written advice/guidance	Technical assistance	Financial assistance	Training	Other (specify)	What were the external sources?		
	Staff of Management Authority								
	Staff of Scientific Authority								
	Staff of enforcement authorities						Timber identification from German CITES MA (BfN)		
	Traders		\boxtimes				General caviar awareness from caviar traders		
							Coral, tropical fish awareness		
	NGOs								
	Public								
	Other (specify)		\boxtimes				Coral identification from zoological institutions		

3	Have the CITES authorities in your country activities?	been the	e provide	ers of an	y of th	e foll	owing capacity building
	Please tick boxes to indicate which target group and which activity. Target group	Oral or written advice/guidance	Technical assistance	Financial assistance	Training	Other (specify)	Details
	Staff of Management Authority	\boxtimes	\boxtimes				JNCC - Cayman Islands,
	Staff of Scientific Authority	\boxtimes	\boxtimes		П	П	MA and SA
	Staff of enforcement authorities						JNCC - Regular CITES training for Police and Customs authorities in Metropolitan UK and HM Wildlife Inspectorate
							UKBA enforcement training given to UKBA detection officers, police, MA's and SA's/
							Kew – training given to Wildlife Inspectorate staff on CITES plants issues and post CoP14 changes
	Traders			*** (*********************************			Kew - Fed into Sustainable User's network (SUN) meetings and
	NGOs						Link (UK NGO umbrella organisation) meetings
	Public						JNCC - CITES MSc course in Spain
	Other parties/International meetings		\boxtimes				JNCC - UK OTs and Crown Dependencies.
							Kew - visit by Indian forestry officials (March '08) & on UK delegation for CoP14 (June '07) & Trinidad & Tobago Herbarium (July '08)
	Other (specify)	\boxtimes	\boxtimes				EC Scientific Authorities
4	Please provide details of any additional mean A joint UKBA/Police CITES training cours			ar for up	to 20	deleg	gates per course.

D7 Collaboration/co-operative initiatives

1	Is there an inter-a Partnership for A enforcement gene	ction Aga	ainst Wildl	life Crime	(PAW) overs	sees wild	life law	Yes No	
	CITES Officers (SA's	Group (CO	OG) – CIT	ES MA, P	olice, Custor	ns and th	e UK	No information	
	A UK High Leve agencies, Police,				s the statutor	y enforce	ement		
	The CITES Joint and CITES MA	Liaison (Group (JLC	G) which is	s made up of	NGO's,	traders		
	The Inter-departr and Commonweat Development (Da	alth Office	e (FCO), E				Foreign		
2	If Yes, which age PAW steering grund JLG meetings are	oup meets	s three time	es a year a	s does the H	LG. COC	and		
3	If No, please indi among CITES au							to ensure co-ordi	nation
		Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Annually	None	No information	Other (speci	fy)
	Meetings								
	Consultations								
4	At the national le collaborate with:	evel have t	there been	any effort	s to	Tick i	f applicable	Details if ava	ilable
	Agencies for dev	elopment	and trade				\boxtimes	Kew – in conta FCO, DfI	
	Provincial, state	or territor	ial authori	ties			\boxtimes	Capacity buildi the Cayman Is	
	Local authorities	or comm	unities						
	Indigenous peopl	les							
								Corallium wor Eel trader	-
	Trade or other pr	ivate secto	or associat	tions				PAW member made up of 0 Dept/agencies, and Customs a over 100 N partners	Govt , Police .nd also GO
	NGOs							Joint NGO Li Group meeting times a ye Sustainable U Network (S pet/plant tra	s held 3 ear, Users SUN
								LINK – conset NGOs, TRA (wildlife tr monitoring) U WCMC	FFIC ade JNEP-
	Other (specify)								

5	To date, have any Memoranda of Understanding or other formal arrangements for institutional cooperation related to CITES been agreed between the MA and the following agencies?		Tick if app	plicable
	Service Level Agreement (SLA) between JNCC and Animal Health			
	SLA between RBG Kew and Defra			
	NWCU SLA with Animal Health			
	Enforcement MoU with Defra/Animal Health Agency/HM RC/NWCU			
	Customs			\boxtimes
	Police			\boxtimes
	Other border authorities (specify)	-		
	Other government agencies			
	Private sector bodies			\Box
	NGOs			
	Other (specify) MoU between JNCC and the Falkland Islands and JNCC and BIOT (in both cases for JNCC to act as scientific authority)			
6	Has your country participated in any regional activities related to CITES?		Tick if app	plicable
	Workshops JNCC: NDF workshop in Mexico, Corallium workshop-Hong Kong			
	Meetings – EU CITES meetings, CITES Man Com, Scientific Review Group, Enforcement Working Group, Standing Committee, European eel EC working group			
	Other (specify)			
7	Has your country encouraged any non-Party to	Yes		
	accede to the Convention?	No		\boxtimes
		No information		
8	If Yes, which one(s) and in what way?			
9	Has your country provided technical or financial	assistance to	Yes	\boxtimes
	another country in relation to CITES?		No	
			No information	
10	If Yes, which country(ies) and what kind of assistance was officials and Polish enforcement officers) CITES & plants i plants enquiries from EU member states. UKBA enforcem (including working with the UKSA on technical training on Slovakia x 2, Cayman Islands and China. As part of the UK/India Sustainable Development Dialogue development of a training plan for Indian wildlife law enfor CITES specimens. SDD funding was also made available to	ssues (Trinidad and tent have provided (timber issues) in Pot e (SDD) Defra has corcers including a mo	Tobago), general CI CITES enforcement troland x 2, Romania x contributed financially odule on illegal trade in	TES raining 2, v to the in
	the UK to exchange good practice and gain knowledge of C			
11	Has your country provided any data for inclusion in the CIT Manual?	TES Identification	Yes	
	manual.		No	
			No information	
12	If Yes, please give a brief description.			

13	Has your country taken measures to achieve co-ordination and reduce duplication of activities between the national authorities for CITES and other multilateral environmental agreements (e.g. the biodiversity-related Conventions)?	Yes No No information	
14	If Yes, please give a brief description. Kew training packages often include tead together. The UK MA policy team has expanded its remit to cover other MEA daughter agreements	0	
15	Please provide details of any additional measures taken:		

D8 Areas for future work

1	Are any of the following activities needed to enhance effectiveness of CITES implementation at the national level and what is the respective level of priority?							
	Activity	High	Medium	Low				
	Increased budget for activities							
	Hiring of more staff							
	Development of implementation tools							
	Improvement of national networks							
	Purchase of new technical equipment for monitoring and enforcement							
	Computerisation							
	Other (specify)							
2	Has your country encountered any difficulties in implementing specific	Yes		\boxtimes				
	Resolutions or Decisions adopted by the Conference of the Parties?	No						
		No info	rmation					
3	If Yes, which one(s) and what is the main difficulty? Implementation of the person which UKBA think that whilst the regulations are understood by those who deal which they are not by the vast majority of customs officers who have to enforce the	with CIT						
4	Have any constraints to implementation of the Convention arisen in your country	Yes		\boxtimes				
	requiring attention or assistance?	No						
	Kew – identification of certain species, in particular timber species listed under CITES	No inf	formation					
5	If Yes, please describe the constraint and the type of attention or assistance that is to identify individual species in trade. More research necessary to improve identify DNA tests							
6	Has your country identified any measures, procedures or mechanisms within the	Yes		\boxtimes				
	Convention that would benefit from review and/or simplification?	No						
				ш				
		No inf	ormation					
7	If Yes, please give a brief description.	No inf	Formation					
7	If Yes, please give a brief description. Personal effects derogation, needs refining and clear guidance as it is complicated understand.							
7	Personal effects derogation, needs refining and clear guidance as it is complicated	l and diff	icult to					
7	Personal effects derogation, needs refining and clear guidance as it is complicated understand.	l and diff	icult to	5				

E. General feedback

Please provide any additional comments you would like to make, including comments on this format.

Thank you for completing the form. Please remember to include relevant attachments, referred to in the report. For convenience these are listed again below:

Question	Item		
B4	Copy of full text of CITES-relevant legislation	Enclosed	\boxtimes
		Not available	
		Not relevant	
C3	Details of violations and administrative measures imposed	Enclosed	\boxtimes
		Not available	
		Not relevant	
C5	Details of specimens seized, confiscated or forfeited 2007 seizures	Enclosed	\boxtimes
		Not available	
	See attached	Not relevant	
C7	Details of violations and results of prosecutions	Enclosed	\boxtimes
		Not available	
	See attached	Not relevant	
C9	Details of violations and results of court actions	Enclosed	\boxtimes
		Not available	
		Not relevant	
D4 (10)	Details of nationally produced brochures or leaflets on CITES produced for	Enclosed	\boxtimes
	educational or public awareness purposes,	Not available	
		Not relevant	
	Comments Leaflet produced providing guidance on the commercial use of		
	caviar has been published, a copy can be found at http://www.defra.gov.uk/animalhealth/publications/CITES/Caviar.pdf		
	integration in the contract of		
	I		

ANNEX - PROPOSED BIENNIAL REPORT FORMAT

Part 2 - Supplementary Questions¹

Note: Questions in Part 2 are additional to those in Part 1, and relate to information on the provisions of the EC Regulations (Regulation (EC) No. 338/97 and Regulation (EC) No. 865/2006) that fall outside the scope of CITES.

Please be aware that questions in Part 2 have been updated since the last reporting period, and this new version should be used when submitting biennial reports.

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¹ Part 2 agreed at COM 45

PART 2 - SUPPLEMENTARY QUESTIONS

Note: Questions in Part 2 are additional to those in Part 1, and relate to information on the provisions of the EC Regulations (Regulation (EC) No. 338/97 and Regulation (EC) No. 865/2006) that fall outside the scope of CITES.

Please be aware that questions in Part 2 have been updated since the last reporting period, and this new version should be used when submitting biennial reports.

PART 2 SUPPLEMENTARY QUESTIONS

The numbering of this section reflects that in Annex 2, Part 1, with the addition of (b) to distinguish the two. New questions that do not correspond to questions in Annex 2, Part 1 are marked "new". Unless otherwise stated, the legislation referred to below is Council Regulation (EC) No. 338/97.

B. Legislative and regulatory measures

1b	If not already provided un has been updated in this r	nder question eporting peri	s B (2) and od atta	d B (4), please prov ach the full legislati	ide detai ve text.	ls of any natio	onal legislation that	
2b	If your country has planned, drafted or enacted any additional Regulation -relevant legislation, other than that reported under question B (2) or above, please provide the following details: The review of The Control of Trade in Endangered Species (Ports of Entry) 1985 regulation started in Spring 2007 with a public consultation which completed in October 2007, a final impact assessment is in progress with a view to the regulation being in place in 2010							
	Title and date:			Status: In progres	s		-	
	Brief description of conte CITES specimens can en				ne ports o	of entry and ex	xit through which	
5b	Has your country adopted specifically for non CITE Tick all applicable category	S-listed spec	eies ² ?		n those re	ported under	question B(5),	
		1	The condit		r	The complete	prohibition of:	
	Issue	Yes	No	No information	Ye	s No	No information	
	Trade							
	Taking							
	Possession							
	Transport							
	Other (specify)							
OL.	Additional comments	of native bilegislation. The Natura offence to sthe purpose. A review of sale of cert.	I Environmed and and and and and and and and and an	st be registered with imal species needs the nent and Rural Compare expose for sale, in the extrain live non-native species was constituted by the wind species was constituted by the spe	a license nmunities n a person ve species nd Count mpleted i	under UK co s Act 2006 (N ns' possession s which are ba ryside Act 19	ERC) made it an or transport for anned by Order	
8b	Has there been any review relation to implementation						X	
	Interesting of the D	1.4: 1: 1		- 41	Yes	No	No information	
	Introduction of live Regu Community that would the (in accordance with Artic	reaten the in	digenous f					
	Marking specimens to factorial with Article 19, paragraph		fication (in	accordance				
	Please provide details if a	vailable: a re	eview of in	vasive non native s	pecies sta	arted in 2007		

21

² In this questionnaire, "non CITES-listed species" refers to species that are listed in the Regulation Annexes, but not in the CITES Appendices. They include some species in Annexes A and B and all those in Annex D.

9b	Please provide the	following details	about Regulations	-related violations:

- i) Maximum penalties that may be imposed; Under the 'Control of Trade in Endangered Species Regulations 1997', amended in 2005 and 2008 up to 5 years imprisonment and/or an unlimited fine. The Customs and Excise Management Act 1979 provides for up to 7 years imprisonment for certain import/export offences and/or an unlimited fine.
- ii) Or any other additional measures taken in relation to implementation of the Regulation not reported on in question B (9).

C. Compliance and enforcement measures

2b	Have any actions, in addition to those reported in C (2-9) above, been taken	Yes					
	for Regulation-related violations?	No	\boxtimes				
		No information					
9b	Please provide the following details about Regulations-related violations:						
	i) Maximum sanctions which have been imposed over this reporting per	riod;					
	ii) The outcomes of any prosecutions; See annex						
16b	Has there been any review or assessment of Regulation-related enforcement, in addition to that reported under C (16) above?	Yes					
	emolechient, in addition to that reported under C (10) above?	No					
		No information					
	Comments:						
18	Have specimens been marked to establish whether they were born and bred	Yes	\boxtimes				
new	in captivity? (In accordance with <i>Commission Regulation (EC) No.</i> 865/2006, Article 66)	No					
	805/2000, Afficie 00)	No information					
	Comments: All keepers of live Annex A listed specimens must mark al specimens purposes.	mens kept for commerc	cial				
19	Have any monitoring activities been undertaken to ensure that the intended	Yes					
new	accommodation for a live specimen at the place of destination is adequately	No	\Box				
	equipped to conserve and care for it properly? (In accordance with Artic 4 paragraph 1 (c) of <i>Council Regulation (EC) No. 338/97</i>).	No information					
	Comments:						
20	Have national action plans for co-ordination of enforcement, with clearly	Yes	\boxtimes				
new	defined objectives and timeframes been adopted, and are they harmonized and reviewed on a regular basis? (In accordance with <i>Commission</i>	No					
	Recommendation C (2007) 2551, paragraph IIa.)	No information					
	Comments: UK action plan attached						
21	Do enforcement authorities have access to specialized equipment and	Yes	\boxtimes				
new	relevant expertise, and other financial and personnel resources? (In	No					
	accordance with <i>Commission Recommendation C (2007) 2551</i> , paragraph IIb.)	No information					
	If yes, please provide details.						
	Comments: A dedicated UKBA/CITES team are based at Heathrow, The Animal Reception Centre at Heathrow can provide accommodation for CITES specimens, Animal Health Agency Wildlife Inspectors ensure compliance with CITES licensing requirements, GenProbe (formally Wildlife DNA Services) provide assistance with DNA testing of CITES specimens for enforcement authorities.						
22	Do penalties take into account inter alia the market value of the specimens	Yes	\boxtimes				
new	and the conservation value of the species involved in the offence, and the	No					
	costs incurred? (In accordance with <i>Commission Recommendation C</i> (2007) 2551, paragraph IIc.)	No information					
	Comments:						

23	Are training and/or awareness raising activities being carried out for a)	Yes	\boxtimes
new	enforcement agencies, b) prosecution services, and c) the judiciary? (In accordance with <i>Commission Recommendation C</i> (2007) 2551, paragraph	No	
	IId.)	No information	
	Comments: UKBA train own detection staff and UK police forces wildlife of	ficers	
24	Are regular checks on traders and holders such as pet shops, breeders and	Yes	\boxtimes
new	nurseries being undertaken to ensure in-country enforcement? (In accordance with <i>Commission Recommendation C</i> (2007) 2551, paragraph	No	
	IIg.)	No information	
	Comments: Animal Health wildlife inspectors provide direct support to enforce compliance checks where needed, in addition a Police Wildlife Crime Officer of Chief Wildlife Inspector to take a more enforcement focused approach to Comments.	has been seconded to the	
	Kew requested inspections at seven UK horticultural shows in '07 and five in timber traders to ensure compliance	'08 and tracked over 10	
25	Are risk and intelligence assessment being used systematically in order to	Yes	\boxtimes
new	ensure thorough checks at border-crossing points as well as in-country? (In accordance with <i>Commission Recommendation C</i> (2007) 2551, paragraph	No	
	Ilh.)	No information	
	Comments: All UKBA customs examinations of CITES derivatives or live ani risk based system from low to high. In addition UKBA are able to set profiles clearance system in order to automatically select or identify shipments being it that are worthy of examination or require document validation i.e. CITES per	on their computorised emported from third cou	ntry
26	Are facilities available for the temporary care of seized or confiscated live	Yes	\boxtimes
new	specimens, and are mechanisms in place for their long-term re-homing, where necessary? (In accordance with <i>Commission Recommendation C</i>	No	
	(2007) 2551, paragraph Iii.)	No information	
	Comments: at Heathrow Airport and Kew – Quarantine House available for p	lant seizures	
27	Is cooperation taking place with relevant enforcement agencies in other	Yes	\boxtimes
new	Member States on investigations of offences under Regulation No. (EC) 338/97? (In accordance with <i>Commission Recommendation C</i> (2007) 2551,	No	
	paragraph IIIe.)	No information	
	Comments:		
28	Is assistance being provided to other Member States with the temporary	Yes	\boxtimes
new	care and long-term re-homing of seized or confiscated live specimens? (In accordance with <i>Commission Recommendation C (2007) 2551</i> , paragraph	No	
	IIIj.)	No information	
	Comments:		

29		g place with CITES				Yes		\leq
new		nd consumer cour			•	No		
	to help detect, dexchange of infe	etariat, ICPO, Intelleter and prevent if formation and intelleter (2007) 2551,	llegal trade in wild lligence? (In accor	dlife throu	gh the	No information	on [
	Comments:As p	part of the Sustaina enforcement and G up of the Indian V	able Development Sovernment officia	als have ta				ge
30	Is advice and su	pport being provi	ded to CITES MA	s and law	enforcement	Yes		\leq
new		rce, transit and cor				No	Γ	٦
	application of p	facilitate legal and rocedures? (In accom C (2007) 2551,	cordance with Con	_	orrect	No information	on [
	Visit by UK NV	t to the UK from t WCU staff to India t and enforcement	to exchange idea)
		D	. Administrat	ive meas	sures			
)1 Ma	nagement Auth	ority (MA)						
8b	Have the MA(s)	Yes		\leq				
		ed species or techr	nical issues (e.g. s	pecies ide	ntification) not	No		
	covered in D2 (8) and D2 (9)? Research undertaken into the impact of introducing full cost CITES fees to					No informa	ntion [
		taken into the imp h also considered						
11		ssion and the CIT				f Yes		\Box
new		any investigation				No		\Box
	Regulation (EC	ade? (In accordance) No. 338/97)?	ze with Afficie 14	paragrapi	1 2 01 Councii	No informa	ntion [\leq
02 Sci	entific Authority	(SA)						
8b		arch activities be		by the SA	(s) in	Yes]
	relation to nor	n CITES listed sp	ecies?			No	\boxtimes	3
						No information	n 🗌]
9b	If Yes, please g	ive the species nar	me and provide de	tails of th	e kind of researc	h involved.		
	Species name	Populations	Distribution	Off take	Legal trade	Illegal trade	Other (specify	
	1							
	2							
	3							
	etc.							
								_

11 new	How many Scientific Review Group (SRG) meetings have the SA attended? Kew 4 in 2007, JNCC have attended all of them	Number	
	Indicate any difficulties that rendered attendance to the SRG difficult:		
3 Enf	orcement Authorities		
6	Has a liaison officer/focal point for CITES been nominated within each relevant		
new	your country?	Yes No	
		Under consideration	
		No information	
4 Coi	mmunication, information management and exchange		
1b	Is Regulation-related information in your country computerized on?	Tick if appl	icable
	 Annex D listed species 		\boxtimes
	- Other matters not reported on in question D4 (1) (please specify)		
3b	Do you have an electronic information system providing information on	Yes	\boxtimes
	Regulation-listed species?	No	
		No information	
5 <i>Per</i> 9b	Has the Management Authority charged fees for any Regulation-related matter	rs Yes	
	not covered in question D5 (9)?	No	\boxtimes
	If yes, please provide details of these Regulation-related matters and the amou of any such fees.		Ш
13	Can you indicate the percentage of permits/certificates issued that are returned the MA after endorsement by customs?	C	
new	the MA after endorsement by customs:	No information	
14	Has a list of places of introduction and export in your country been compiled i	n Yes	
new	accordance with Article 12 of Council Regulation (EC) No. 338/97?	No	
	If yes, please attach.	No information	
15 new	Have persons and bodies been registered in accordance with Articles 18 and 1 of Commission Regulation (EC) No. 865/2006?		
IIC W	If yes, please provide details. The UK have 26 companies registered under the	No No information	
	provisions of Article 19 of EC Reg 865/2006. No companies were registered under Article 18.	No information	
16 new	Have Scientific institutions been registered in accordance with Article 60 c Commission Regulation (EC) No. 865/2006?	of Yes No	
	If yes, please provide details. During 2007/08 20 institutions were registered under the provisiond af Article 60 in 2007/08	No information	
	Plants – review of listed/potential institutes underway		_
17	Have breeders been approved in accordance with Article 63 of Commissio		
new	Regulation (EC) No. 865/2006? If yes, please provide details, 110 breeders	No information	
	If yes, please provide details. 110 breeders	No information	<u> </u>

18	Have caviar (re-)packaging plants been licensed in accordance with Article 66	Yes	\boxtimes
new	(7) of Commission Regulation (EC) No. 865/2006?	No	
	If yes, please provide details. There are 6 UK caviar re-packaging plants, details attached at Annex C	No information	
19	Are phytosanitary certificates used in accordance with Article 17 of	Yes	
new	Commission Regulation (EC) No. 865/2006?	No	\boxtimes
	If yes, please provide details.	No information	
20	Have cases occurred where export permits and re-export certificates were	Yes	\boxtimes
new	issued retrospectively in accordance with Article 15 of Commission	No	
	Regulation (EC) No. 865/2006?	No information	
	If yes, please provide details. 5 export and 7 re-export permits have been issued retrospectively		

D8 Areas for future work

2b	Has your country encountered any difficulties in implementing specific	Yes	
	suspensions or negative opinions adopted by the European Commission? (In	No	\boxtimes
	accordance with Article 4 (6)).	No information	
4b	Have any constraints to implementation of the Regulation, not reported under	Yes	
	question D8 (4), arisen in your country requiring attention or assistance?	No	\boxtimes
		No information	

CITES violations – sanctions

<u>Date</u>	Offence Summary	<u>Sentence</u>
08/06/07	Selling two Moluccan cockatoos	Conditional discharge six months, £120 costs, £400 compensation to buyer
10/07/07	Keeping fur coats for sale incl leopard, ocelot and tiger	£900 fine and £47 costs
08/10/07	Display of peregrine, eagle owl and barn owl	Conditional discharge
13/06/08	Selling elephant ivory, hippo ivory and sperm whale teeth	two year suspended sentence and £1480 costs

FEES FOR CITES APPLICATIONS

1 Import, export and re-export permit application fees

Plants and corals	Fee
Application for fewer than five genera where the import, export or re- export is for commercial purposes	£7 for each genus
Application for five or more genera where the import, export and re- export is for commercial purposes	£5 for each genus
Application for any number of genera where the import, export or re- export is not for commercial purposes	£5 for each genus
Mammals, birds, reptiles and others	
Application for fewer than five species where the import, export or re- export is for commercial purposes	£10 for each species
Application for five or more species where the import, export and re- export is for commercial purposes	£8 for each species
Application for any number of species where the import, export or re- export is not for commercial purposes	£5 for each species

REGISTERED UK CITES CAVIAR RE-PACKAGING PLANTS

Company Name	Company address	Registration number	
Kings Fine Foods	2 Mill Farm Business	GB-0001	
	Park, Millfield Road,		
	Hanworth, Middlesex		
	TWA 5PY		
Caviar House &	253 Ely Road	GB-0002	
Prunier	Heathrow Airport		
	Hounslow, Middlesex		
	TW6 2RF		
Princess	2-3 Bard Road	GB-0003	
d'Isenbourge et Cie	Holland Park		
	London W10 6PT		
W.G. White	17 Northfield Industrial	GB-0004	
	Estate		
	Beresford Avenue		
	Wembley		
	Middlesex HA0 1GJ		
Caspian Caviar Ltd	Grindstone Mill	GB-0005	
	Alderley		
	Wotton-under-Edge		
	Gloucestershire		
	GL12 7QT		
Imperial Caviar UK	4 Kingswood Close	GB-0008	
	Weybridge		
	Surrey KT13 0RE		

UK biennial Report 2007-08 – additional documents

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2007 No. 2952

WILDLIFE

The Control of Trade in Endangered Species (Enforcement) (Amendment)
Regulations 2007

Made

10th October 2007

Laid before Parliament

12th October 2007

Coming into force

10th November 2007

The Secretary of State, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 2(2) of the European Communities Act 1972(1), being the Minister designated(2) for the purposes of that subsection in relation to the regulation and control, in the interests of conservation, of the import, export, landing, keeping, transportation and commercial display of, and trade in and disposal of, fauna and flora (including their parts and derivatives) and in relation to anything supplemental or incidental to those matters, makes the following Regulations.

Title and commencement

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Control of Trade in Endangered Species (Enforcement) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 and come into force on 10th November 2007.

Amendment to the Control of Trade in Endangered Species (Enforcement) Regulations 1997

- **2.**—(1) The Control of Trade in Endangered Species (Enforcement) Regulations 1997(3) are amended in accordance with this regulation.
 - (2) In regulation 2(1) for the definition of "Subsidiary Regulation" substitute—
- ""Subsidiary Regulation" means Commission Regulation No. 865/2006 laying down detailed rules concerning the implementation of Council Regulation No. 338/97".
 - (3) In regulation 2(2)(d), for "Article 18" substitute "Article 17, 30 or 37".
 - (4) In regulation 2(2)(f) for "Article 43" substitute "Article 72".

Joan Ruddock

Parliamentary Under Secretary of State

Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

10th October 2007

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

These Regulations amend the Control of Trade in Endangered Species (Enforcement) Regulations 1997 by replacing the reference to Commission Regulation (EC) No. 939/97 with a reference to the current Commission Regulation (Commission Regulation (EC) No. 865/2006, OJ No. L166, 19.6.2006, p. 1) and making consequential changes to references to Article numbers of that Regulation.

A full impact assessment has not been produced for this instrument as no impact on the private or voluntary sectors is foreseen.

(1) 1972 c.68. Back [1]

(2)

S. I. 1985/956. Back [2]

(3)

S. I. 1997/1372 to which there is an amendment not relevant to these Regulations. Back [3]

Communication, information management and exchange -Kew's activities:

- Conferences (Kew) Defra Wildlife Inspector's conference (timber Jan '07); UK Police-Customs course (CITES & plants March '07, March '08 & Nov '08); CITES Master's Course, Baeza Spain (Significant Trade Review & work of the UK SA March '07 & June '08); Police Wildlife Crime Officers conference (timber Oct '07 & Oct '08); Herbarium Techniques course, Trinidad & Tobago (CITES & plants Nov '07); The Growth and Control of International Environmental Crime, Chatham House, London (Wildlife crime Dec '07); Polish enforcement officers (CITES & timber Feb '08); European Regional CITES meeting, Lampedusa, Italy (timber identification Oct '08); Non-detriment Finding Workshop, Cancun, Mexico (Nov. '08)
- Newspaper articles, radio/television appearances Articles on internet covering the follow-up to Dr Lim orchid smuggling case under criminal assets forfeiture.
- Brochures, leaflets (Kew) handouts and leaflets presented at Defra Wildlife Inspector's conference (timber Jan '07); UK Police-Customs course (CITES & plants March '07, March '08 & Nov '08); CITES Master's Course, Baeza Spain (Significant Trade Review March '07); Police Wildlife Crime Officers conference (timber Oct '07 & Oct '08); Herbarium Techniques course, Trinidad & Tobago (CITES & plants Nov '07)
- Presentations (Kew) presentations given at Defra Wildlife Inspector's conference (timber – Jan '07); UK Police-Customs course (CITES & plants – March '07, March '08 & Nov '08); CITES Master's Course, Baeza Spain (Significant Trade Review & work of the UK SA – March '07); Police Wildlife Crime Officers conference (timber – Oct '07 & Oct '08); Herbarium Techniques course, Trinidad & Tobago (CITES & plants – Nov '07); Higher education courses in '07 & '08 (Tropical plant identification, Exeter MSc Biodiveristy & Conservation, South Bank Forensics Course, MSc Conservation Science (Imperial), Plant Conservation Strategies Course, Birmingham MSc, Undergratuate Training Day - Complementry Therapies, Kent Ethnobotany – Jan '07 – Dec '07);); National Botanic Garden and Smithsonian institute, Washington, USA (CITES and UK SA - Jan '08); Polish enforcement officers (CITES & timber – Feb '08); National Council for the Conservation of Plants and Gardens (NCCPG – CITES and plants – Oct '08); European Regional CITES meeting, Lampedusa, Italy (timber identification - Oct '08); CITES training for Northern Ireland enforcement officers (CITES & plants – Oct '08)
- Displays (Kew) Defra Wildlife Inspector's conference (timber Jan '07);
 UK Police-Customs course (CITES & plants March '07, March '08 & Nov '08);
 Police Wildlife Crime Officers conference (timber Oct '07 & Oct '08)

UK border Agency – training activities

February 2007 a Customs CITES team officer gave a presentation on HMRC's work in CITES enforcement to approximately fifty students at Hadlow College.

In March 2007 HMRC CITES Team officers at Heathrow managed and presented five - day UK CITES Enforcement Course at Royal Botanic Gardens Kew. Sixteen Police and Customs officers attended the event including two Customs Officers from the Peoples Republic of Viet Nam.

In April 2007 CITES team officer attended a Police and Customs CITES coordinators training workshop in Goniadz, Poland organised by WWF Poland. Gave presentations on four CITES enforcement related subjects including working with experts and rehoming of CITES species (an escalating problem it would seem) and the development of the NWCU. This was a follow up to two previous training events given by HMRC in Poland; it was further evidence of the positive work undertaken by both the Police and Customs services in Poland.

In May 2007 a CITES team officer attended a CITES Enforcement training event in Cluj-Napoca, Romania organised by WWF Hungary. As the joint trainer on the event he presented all the enforcement related sessions and exercises.

In May 2007 Customs CITES Team hosted a day visit to Heathrow Animal Reception Centre from Devon & Cornwall Police Wildlife Officers. CITES awareness training event also provided.

In June 2007 two CITES Team officers attended and provided a presentation at the Defra Wildlife Inspectors conference in Tulliallan.

In July 2007 Heathrow CITES Team officers provided CITES Upskilling/awareness event for fifteen red-point staff at Heathrow.

In September 2007 HMRC CITES team officers provided CITES awareness training to UK Police officers during the Police Wildlife Crime Officers course at Wethersfield

In October 2007 HMRC CITES team officer based at Heathrow Airport was a member of the EU Commission (Taiex) sponsored training delivery team. Working with a colleague from the CITES Management Authority of Germany a two day CITES enforcement seminar was provided for frontline Slovakian Customs officers and Customs Investigation officers who have a responsibility for enforcing the EU Wildlife Trade Regulations at the European Union external borders.

In February 2008 HMRC CITES team officer based at Heathrow Airport working in partnership with the UK Scientific Authority for flora (Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew) designed and delivered the first structured CITES timber enforcement course to

approximately 30 Polish frontline Customs and Police officers and staff from the Polish Customs laboratory. The two day timber course formed part of the Traffic Poland sponsored Polish Enforcement officers training week.

In March 2008 Officers from HMRC CITES team based at Heathrow in conjunction with the Warwickshire Police Wildlife Officer managed and delivered a five day CITES enforcement course hosted by the UK Scientific Authority for Flora at Kew Gardens. The event included modules covering legislation, enforcement techniques, Document fraud, Health and Safety, Wildlife forensics and identification. The course was attended by both Police and Customs staff responsible for enforcing both the EU and domestic wildlife legislation.

In April 2008 HMRC CITES team officer based at Heathrow Airport was a member of the EU Commission (Taiex) sponsored training delivery team. Working with a colleague from the CITES Management Authority of Germany a two day CITES enforcement seminar was provided for Slovakian National Police officers who have a responsibility for enforcing the EU Wildlife Trade Regulations.

In May 2008 HMRC CITES team officer based at Heathrow Airport was a member of the EU Commission (Taiex) sponsored training delivery team. Working with a colleague from the CITES Management Authority of Germany a two day CITES enforcement seminar was provided for officers from the Romanian Customs Service National Police officers who have a responsibility for enforcing the EU Wildlife Trade Regulations EU Wildlife Trade Regulations at the European Union external borders.

In May 2008 HMRC CITES Team Senior Officer based at Heathrow Airport was a member of the UK Foreign & Commonwealth Office sponsored training team to the Cayman Islands.

In September 2008 HMRC CITES team officers provided CITES awareness training to UK Police officers during the Police Wildlife Crime Officers course at Wethersfield

In November 2008 Officers from HMRC CITES team based at Heathrow in conjunction with the Warwickshire Police Wildlife Officer managed and delivered a five day CITES enforcement course hosted by the UK Scientific Authority for Flora at Kew Gardens. The event included modules covering legislation, enforcement techniques, Document fraud, Health and Safety, Wildlife forensics and identification. The course was attended by UK Customs staff responsible for enforcing both the EU and domestic wildlife legislation and enforcement officers from Poland.

In November 2008 CITES Team provided CITES an Upskilling event for 20 UK Border Agency red-point/Green channel officers at Heathrow.

In November 2008 eight UKBA/HMRC staff covering Operational, Investigative and policy disciplines attended the National PAW wildlife enforcement conference in Tulliallan Scotland. Two presentations were delivered and the UKBA CITES team co-delivered two workshops on CITES listed timber enforcement.

In December 2008 a member of the UKBA CITES Team at Heathrow represented the World Customs Organisation at a CITES training event for Customs officers hosted by the Chinese Customs authorities. CITES presentations covering a wide range of CITES enforcement topics were covered.

In December 2008 structured CITES awareness courses were delivered by the UKBA CITES team to UKBA anti- smuggling officers at Heathrow, informing the operational staff of current CITES trends, changes to legislation, methods of concealment and processing of CITES documentation.

In February 2009 an officer from the UKBA CITES team delivered a CITES lecture on "Joined up" UK CITES enforcement, CITES smuggling trends and the UK CITES Action plan at the University of Kent to approximately 50 degree level students and their lecturers.

In February 2009 The Detection Manager of the UKBA CITES Team attended the E-Commerce workshop in Canada as part of the UK delegation.

In March 2009 Officers from UKBA CITES team officers based at Heathrow managed and delivered a five day CITES enforcement course hosted by the UK CITES Scientific Authority for Flora at Kew Gardens. The event included modules covering legislation, enforcement techniques, Document fraud, Health and Safety, Wildlife forensics and identification. The course was attended by UK Border Agency staff and Police officers from across the United Kingdom responsible for enforcing the EU Wildlife Trade legislation. In addition the course was attended by three Police officers from Poland.

In March 2009 two UKBA CITES Team officers provided CITES enforcement awareness training and basic specimen identification to approximately 20 North Yorkshire Police wildlife officers during their annual course.

UK Ports of Entry Notification.

Notification to the Parties

No. 1000 Geneva, 19 December 1997

CONCERNING:

UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND Designation of Ports of Entry

- 1. The Management Authority of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland has communicated to the Secretariat the current List of Designated Ports and Airports through which live specimens must pass to enter the United Kingdom. A copy of this List, valid from 1 January 1997, is attached hereto.
- 2. This Notification replaces Notification to the Parties No. 359 of 19 September 1985.

<u>UK Border Inspection Posts for Live Animals</u> as at 1 January 1997

Border Inspec	tion	Live Animals			Remarks	
Post						
Name	Туре	Ungulates (1)	Registered Equidae (2)	Other Animals		
Gatwick	Airport	_	_	_	-	
Glasgow	Airport	_	_	_		
Heathrow	Airport	_	_	_		
Immingham	Port	_	_	_	(3)	
Luton	Airport	_	_	_	(3)	
Manchester	Airport	-	-	_	Cats, dogs, lagomorphs, live fish, reptiles and birds other than ratites	
East Midlands	Airport	-	-		Tropical fish only	
Royal Portbury Dock, Avonmouth	Port	_	-	-	(3)	
Tilbury	Port	_	_		(3) Other animals - zoo animals only	
Belfast	Airport	-	-	_		

International					
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- (1) Ungulates: cattle, pigs, sheep, goats, wild and domestic solipeds, etc.
- (2) As defined in Directive 90/426/EEC on health conditions governing the movement of equidae and their import from third countries (OJ No. L224, 18.8 p.42).
- (3) Not a border inspection post for any species of animals specified in the Rabies (Importation of Dogs, Cats and Other Mammals) Order 1974, as amended by the Rabies (Importation of Dogs, Cats and Other Mammals) (Amendment) Order 1994.

Commission Recommendations on wildlife crime enforcement (2007/425/EC) – UK Progress Report (2007/08)

II. Increase Enforcement Capacity	Responsibility	Desired outcome	Progress in 2007/08
a) Adopting national action plans for co-ordination of enforcement with clearly defined objectives and timeframes and should be harmonised and regularly reviewed.	Defra (in liaison with all)	An agreed UK enforcement action plan	Defra is currently preparing a draft UK enforcement action plan by assessing UK performance against Commission Recommendation 2007/425/EC and identifying where improvements could be made. Following a strategic assessment of wildlife crime in the UK, the UK National Wildlife Crime Unit, (NWCU), has identified 5 national wildlife crime conservation priorities. One of those is the illegal trade in CITES species. Working groups have been set up for each priority area and plans are being drawn up to tackle the key issues. The priorities will be reviewed annually.
b) Ensure that all relevant enforcement agencies have adequate	Defra, HMRC,	Adequately financed	A consistent problem within
financial and personnel resources for the enforcement of	Home Office.	and resourced	enforcement authorities is maintaining
Regulation (EC) No 338/97 and that they have access to	Police Service.	enforcement	a high enough profile of wildlife
specialized equipment and relevant expertise		authorities.	crime when compared with drugs,
			terrorism etc and therefore attracting
			sufficient staffing and funding

c) Ensure that penalties for infringements of Regulation (EC)	Defra, Animal	Strong domestic	Service was a significant step and the Home Office and Defra have now each committed to contributing £150K to the NWCU, in the next three years. The Scottish Executive, Department of Environment (NI) and the Association of Chief Police Officers (ACPO) have also contributed funding. A move towards more use of Police Officers in regulatory bodies like Natural England and Defra's Animal Health Agency will strengthen enforcement effort. A CITES training course runs twice a year for Police and Customs officers. Ongoing training is provided, the CITES Team at Heathrow Airport and the Heathrow team has added an additional specialist post to develop computer risk profiles for high risk CITES items.
No 338/97 act as a deterrent against wildlife trade crime, in	Health, HMRC,	legislation which	Species (Enforcement) Regulations

accordance with settled case law of the Court of Justice, are consistent as to their application and, in particular, that they take into account <i>inter alia</i> the market value of the specimens, the conservation value of the species involved in the offence and the costs incurred	Home Office. Police Service, Ministry of Justice.	provides a deterrent against wildlife crime.	1985 (COTES) are currently under review by Defra. The Customs and Excise Management Act 1976 (CEMA) contains strong penalties (up to 7 years imprisonment and/or unlimited fine) with marketing/conservation value taken into consideration when sentencing. The Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (POCA) is used as a matter of course
d) Carry out training or awareness raising activities for enforcement agencies, prosecution services and the judiciary	Defra, Animal Health, HMRC, NWCU, KEW, JNCC. PAW	Regular training provided for enforcement agencies, prosecution services and the judiciary.	in investigations. Joint Police and Customs CITES courses run regularly across UK for enforcers – normally two per year, the next one is planned November 2008. A week long foundation course for Police Wildlife Crime Officers runs two/three times each year. Awareness raising among prosecutors and judiciary is ongoing and a presentation was given at the Magistrates seminar. Other training and awareness raising events taking place in 2007/8 are the annual Open PAW Seminar for PAW partners, the Wildlife Enforcement

e) Ensure that all relevant enforcement agencies have access to adequate training on Regulation (EC) No 338/97 and on identification of species	HMRC and the Police in liaison with Defra Animal Health, Kew (flora) and JNCC (fauna	Regular training courses available on identification of species.	Conference and a Wildlife Inspectors training seminar run by Animal Health. The UK scientific authorities (KEW, JNCC) regularly contribute towards these by giving presentations and running workshops. The England and Wales wildlife crime resource CD Rom which covers all types of wildlife crime was revised and distributed to wildlife law enforcers in July 2007 UKMA together with Customs and scientific advisers have participated in a number of training programmes to assist enforcement and inspection staff in CITES awareness and understanding. UKMA together with Customs and TRAFFIC International are collaborating on production of an updated TAM identification guide. JNCC are working on various Identification guides including: coral and testudinids.
f) Ensure the provision of adequate information to the public,	Defra and Animal	An agreed, co-	UK has attended various trade shows
stakeholders and at a political level with a view, in particular, to	Health in liaison	ordinated and	(antiques, falconers, auctioneers,
raising awareness about the negative impacts of illegal wildlife	with PAW, HMRC,	suitably funded	reptile, tropical aquaria) and has
trade	Police Service.	Communications	placed articles in trade press to

	KEW, JNCC	strategy on wildlife crime.	improve the general CITES awareness amongst significant trade groups. Good interaction via regular meetings with traders – e.g. Sustainable User Network. HMRC regularly attends roadshows with CITES items being big crowd pullers. The PAW publicity working group continues to work towards raising awareness of wildlife crime generally and has recently updated a set of wildlife crime leaflets aimed at the general public. The working group oversees the PAW Roadshow trailer which visits a number of country shows each year. The trailer contains a number of CITES items and information.
g) In addition to the checks at border-crossing points required under Regulation (EC) No 338/97, ensuring in-country enforcement, in particular through regular checks on traders and holders such as pet shops, breeders and nurseries	Police Service, Wildlife Inspectorate, HMRC/AH	Targeted, risk-based system of checks on key traders in place (internally).	UKMA has team of some 80 part time inspectors to carry out compliance checking. In addition work is currently under way to make better use of veterinary and other border inspection staff to carry out CITES checks. Police assist with Inspectorate and Borders Agency work.

			Local compliance staff are aware of CITES regime and will consult the CITES Heathrow Team if any potential irregularities are identified during inland controls of importers and exporters.
h) Use risk and intelligence assessments systematically in order to ensure thorough checks at border-crossing points as well as in-country	HMRC/NWCU	Targeted, risk-based system of checks on key traders in place (at UK borders).	UKMA is participant to a UK government scheme to improve targeting and intelligence led inspection on regulatory programmes. All Enforcement Agencies use a risk based intelligence led approach – the National Intelligence Model (NIM) which applies across all areas of criminality that pose a threat to the UK. NWCU has continued to expand it's wildlife intelligence database and HMRC is continually developing computerised risk profiles to identify suspect transactions. Following the Strategic Assessment of wildlife crime carried out by NWCU, the illegal trade in CITES species was identified as an enforcement priority in 2007/08 and will continue to be a priority in 2008/09.
i) Ensure that facilities are available for the temporary care of	HMRC, Police	Adequate system in	HMRC have access to temporary care,
seized or confiscated live specimens and mechanisms are in	Service, Wildlife	place to ensure	the Animal Reception Centre at

place for their long-term re-homing, where necessary.	±	temporary care of seized specimens.	Heathrow. CITES Team has a network of contacts for re-homing and looking after seized animals. KEW provide support in the re-housing of seized flora
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III. Increase co-operation and information exchange:	Responsibility	Desired outcome	Progress in 2007/08
a) Establish procedures for co-ordinating enforcement among all their relevant national authorities through, <i>inter alia</i> , the establishment of inter-agency committees as well as memoranda of understanding and other inter-institutional cooperation agreements	Defra, Animal Health, PAW, HMRC, Police Service. NWCU	Regular meetings between key enforcement stakeholders to coordinate action.	The PAW Steering Group meets three times a year where a number of working groups set up to consider specific issues report to the group. The PAW steering Group takes a strategic overview of wildlife law enforcement in the UK and consists of Police, Customs and other Government departments and agencies who have an interest in wildlife law enforcement.
			The UK has a High Level Group comprising enforcement and Government officials who are responsible for ensuring that progress is made in tackling the UK wildlife crime priorities. The group meets three times a year.
b) Facilitate access for relevant enforcement officers to existing resources, tools and channels of communication for the exchange of information relating to the enforcement of Regulation (EC) No 338/97 and CITES, so that all relevant information is made available to enforcement officers at all levels, including front line staff	Defra, Animal Health, HMRC, Police Service, NWCU, Interpol.	List of tools available (ie, EU TWIX) and regular awareness raising exercises.	The NWCU provide a conduit for intelligence reports/packages to be funnelled to the most appropriate enforcement agency. October 2008 – NWCU are currently

			creating a website with a functionality for a best practice web page which will have secure access for practitioners. This should be functioning by Spring 2009.
c) Identify and appoint national focal points for the exchange of wildlife trade information and intelligence	Defra (in liaison with all)	List of UK focal points in the various enforcement authorities	NWCU collate intelligence across UK from all sources including governmental, non-governmental and public sources on behalf of all law enforcement agencies.
d) Share relevant information about significant trends, seizures and court cases at the regular meetings of the Enforcement Group as well as inter-sessionally	Defra (in liaison with all)	System in place for gathering UK data prior to EWG meetings in Brussels.	This is done through the CITES enforcement delivery group working group which operates at the tactical level in support of the strategic priorities identified by NWCU Use of EU Twix to share information on significant seizures/cases. HMRC provide a UK overview at the EG High Level Group and other relevant partner agencies informed of analysis carried out by NWCU October 2008 – a monthly Newsletter

			is sent from NWCU to WCO's highlighting good work and points of interest including CITES issues
e) Co-operate with relevant enforcement agencies in other Member States on investigations of offences under Regulation (EC) No 338/97	HMRC, Police Service, Interpol	Regular sharing of information on investigations between enforcement agencies in other MS.	A meeting was held with the Netherlands where data sharing was discussed. Information is regularly provided through EU Twix; more detailed information requested when needed. When other EU countries are involved, enquires with other MS undertaken and information shared. NWCU in regular contact with EU enforcement agencies. Disseminations via SOCA and Interpol NWCU have attended the Interpol Wildlife Working Group meetings in previous years.
f) Use the means of communication, coordination and know- how of the European Anti-fraud Office in coordinating investigations at Community level	HMRC, Police Service	List of EAO contacts/information made available to UK enforcement agencies	Where identified, NWCU records international wildlife frauds
g) Exchange information on penalties for wildlife trade offences to ensure consistency in application; EN L 159/46 Official Journal of the European Union 20.6.2007	Defra through the Commission	UK process put in place to collate details of penalties applied for wildlife trade offences	The COTES Enforcement Review is underway any will consider penalties. NWCU could be tasked to collate information on penalties and produce regular reports – they effectively do this anyway.

h) Assist in capacity building for application of the Regulation (EC) No 338/97 in other Member States including through training programmes and by sharing training manuals and materials;	Defra, HMRC, Police Service, NWCU.	Generic enforcement training programmes, manuals available for use in other MS	October 2008 – NWCU have started to collect information relating to outcomes, Defra and the Home Office to provide statistics. Defra has funded the production of a generic training programme for enforcement officers under our Sustainable Development Dialogue with India. This could be adapted for use in the UK/EU. UKMA staff have assisted in TAIEX programme for accession states. CITES Team provide training to a
i) Make available to other Member States, existing awareness-raising tools and materials aimed at the public and stakeholders;	Defra, Animal Health, Police, HMRC, NWCU, PAW, KEW, JNCC	Regular exchange of information on publicity materials (leaflets, posters, videos, websites)	number of EU member states. Some of this has been carried out under the TAIEX programme (see above)
j) Assist other Member States with the temporary care and long-term re-homing of seized or confiscated live specimens;	Defra, Animal Health, HMRC, Police, Local Authorities?	Central EU list/database of expertise in temporary care/re- homing	CITES Team have used other MS to re-home live animals and in turn others have used the CITES Team. (This could be a risk in the context of conservation status of species involve, issues re animal/plant disease needs to be considered).
k) Liaise closely with CITES Management Authorities and law	Defra, HMRC,	A system in place for	The UK continues with international

enforcement agencies in source, transit and consumer countries outside of the Community as well as the CITES Secretariat, ICPO Interpol and the World Customs Organization to help detect, deter and prevent illegal trade in wildlife through the exchange of information and intelligence	Police Service, Interpol, WCO	regular international exchange of information on illegal trade	co-operation with INTERPOL, CITES International Secretariat and other forces over illegal caviar trading. Close collaboration continues with other countries when illegal CITES goods are found in transit and use controlled deliveries when possible. NWCU are in regular contact with other agencies throughout world. Intelligence is disseminated via SOCA
			and Interpol
l) Provide advice and support to CITES Management	HMRC, Police	Availability of UK	UK have organised training events
Authorities and law enforcement agencies in source, transit and consumer countries outside of the Community to facilitate legal and sustainable trade through correct application of procedures	Service, Kew, JNCC	resources to provide capacity building in other CITES MAs.	overseas and provided trainers to many more without charge.
			Provide prompt and reliable advice to UK Overseas Territories and Crown Dependencies on a regular basis, providing training as required. In 2007/8 we participated in two CITES workshops in the Cayman Islands and assisted Montserrat with preparations for a CITES Training workshop this financial year.
			Completed raptor project in Guinea, which included an element of capacity building in species identification and

m) Support capacity-building programmes in third countries in order to improve implementation and enforcement of CITES, <i>inter alia</i> , through Development Co-operation funds and in the framework of a future 'Aid for Trade Strategy' (1)	Defra and OGDs	Funding provided for capacity building initiatives.	survey techniques for local CITES Authorities. Work with UK Overseas Territories e.g. Cayman Islands
n) Foster inter-regional collaboration to combat illegal wildlife trade <i>inter alia</i> by building links with other regional and subregional initiatives.	Defra (through the Coalition Against Wildlife Trafficking (CAWT) and the Enforcement Working Group (EWG)	Regular interaction with other MS and other CITES Parties.	The UK is a regular attendee at CAWT meetings including side events set up at major international meetings of CITES parties. The UK also attend the EU Enforcement Working Group meetings

IV. Information concerning the measures taken on the basis of	Defra	Inclusion of progress	October 2008 - NWCU to be asked to
this Recommendation should be transmitted to the Commission		report included in UK	assist with biennial report on state of
through the Bi-ennial Report process		Biennial Report	CITES crime across UK and a
		_	timetable for action needs to be agreed
			with Defra