Original language: English SC62 Doc. 46.5.1

## CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN ENDANGERED SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA



Sixty-second meeting of the Standing Committee Geneva (Switzerland), 23-27 July 2012

Interpretation and implementation of the Convention

Species trade and conservation

**Elephants** 

Review of Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP15)

REPORT OF THE WORKING GROUP

- 1. This document has been submitted by the Chair of the Working Group to revise parts of Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP15).
- 2. The working group constituted in the Standing Committee 61 comprising of the following members: China, The Democratic Republic of the Congo, Germany, India, Japan, Kenya, South Africa, Thailand, the United Kingdom, the United States, Zimbawe, IUCN, Humane Society International, IFAW, International Elephant Foundation, IWMC World Conservation Trust, LAGA, SSN, TRAFFIC and WWF and chaired by India has had online discussion on the document. The first draft prepared by one working group member was circulated and comments have been received from six members, viz., Japan, South Africa, SADC, SSN, US, and AfESG. It may be noted that SADC is not a member of the working group but range states (South Africa, Zimbawe) are members of SADC. The second draft is in its final form and being circulated to the working group later this week. The diversity of the comments received do not allow for a consensus document to be presented at this stage to the Secretariat. India shall work towards having a document ready by SC 62 which members of the working group agree to be presented to it. India, being the chair, may be allowed to present this at SC 62 on behalf of the working group."

<sup>\*</sup> The geographical designations employed in this document do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the CITES Secretariat or the United Nations Environment Programme concerning the legal status of any country, territory, or area, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. The responsibility for the contents of the document rests exclusively with its author.